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# Letters to the RAINBOW

#### **Terminal Entries Response**

Editor:

Although Jim Issel's "Terminal Entries" article was fairly thorough, I feel he neglected a few things. The most serious was his omission of Ultimaterm's 45-number dialing directory, something I find indespensible in my telecommunications. All the parameters for each individual system can be set in the directory. It also has a redial feature that keeps calling a busy system until it gets through. The other thing I take issue with is that there are macros in V-Term as well as a 15-number dialing directory. In fact, I use these macros to access Delphi (username, password, etc.) when I'm using V-Term. You can also configure V-Term as a 128K or 512K terminal. In the 128K mode, you have full use of firmware RAM disks, such as those you would find on a 512K machine using Extended ADOS3. Finally, I think AutoTerm should have been included in the overview, since it is quite popular as well.

> D. Steven Ricketts Boring, Oregon

#### The Temperate Zone

Editor:

I looked in one of your issues and found a fan by REM Industries, Inc. I would like to know if the company is still in business. My dad asked me if there is a program to monitor the inside and the outside temperature. Would it be possible to send some information on this type of program and what hardware would be involved, besides my 64K CoCo 2 and disk drive?

Anthony Kiper Route 1, Box 657 Grayson, KY 41143

See "Barden's Buffer" in the February 1990 issue, Page 42. Also, Tony Distefano started a project on temperature sensing in the January 1991 issue.

#### The Frustrating EOF

Editor:

I am becoming completely frustrated with the following program. I have only a beginner's knowledge of BASIC, acquired in 1984 when I bought my CoCo 1. Since then I have been on my own learning from THE RAINBOW. I started with a cassette system and have added a disk, which I am still learning to use. My system also includes a DMP-130. I bought a CoCo 3 re-

cently, but I do not have the RGB monitor yet.

Going through back issues of THE RAIN-BOW to locate programs to (hopefully) run on my CoCo 3, I saw this little hint called Data Finder.

No matter where I put the EOF line (Line 60), the computer gives me an IE Error in Line 40. Please help me!

I had the same problem with XMASLIST (RAINBOW, December 1987, Page 66) when I changed it for disk operation as directed.

20 CLS: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF

THE DATA FILE"; DF\$

30 OPEN"I".#1.DF\$

40 INPUT#1.D\$

50 PRINT#-2.D\$

60 IF D\$="EOF"OR D\$=""THEN 80

70 GOTO 40

80 CLOSE#1

90 'PRINTS A DATA FILE WITHOUT THE PROGRAM IT BELONGED TO

100 'RBOW MAY 84 PG 81 HINT

110 'FIXED FOR PRINTER

Betty McCormick P.O. Box 71243 Las Vegas, NV 89170

Not all data files meet the requirement of having an end-of-file string or a blank line. We suggest you replace Line 60 with

60 IF EOF(1) THEN 80

Also change INPUT in Line 40 to LINE INPUT to allow Data Finder to read lines exactly as they are written.

#### Getting to the Flip Side

Editor:

I have just purchased OS-9 Level II and would like to configure my system to use my double-sided disk drive. I used config and was successful in making a new system disk and formatting some disks. But how do I backup or copy this system disk to one of these newly formatted double-sided disks? According to my manual, the only command to do this is dsave. Is this correct? My problem is that I have only one disk drive. According to my manual, there is no parameter for single drive as there is with copy and backup. Can you help me?

I read the letters first when I get my new copy of THE RAINBOW and find them very informative. I could not find any letters that referred to my specific problem. I also reread several back issues about OS-9, but

Just think of any word processing feature, chances are Word Power has it...packs a lot of features...excellent word processor..." Word Proc. Comparison-April 1989 Rainbow; Pg 26.

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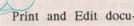
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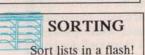
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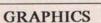
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Editor

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WHAT YOU SEE IS WHAT YOU GET feature allows you to preview the text on the screen as it will appear on the printer. You can view margins, page breaks,

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again couldn't find an answer. I do hope that, when Radio Shack discontinues the CoCo, you continue to publish THE RAINBOW. We CoCo users would be lost without it.

Mahalo and Aloha from Hawaii.

Martha A. Wryk 1650 Kanunu Street, #1311 Honolulu, HI 96814

We know of no easy way to copy a large number of files from disk to disk on a singledrive system. Perhaps one of our other readers can help.

#### Control at What Price?

Editor:

Please give me suggestions on how to proceed with the following project. I want to take a CoCo 3 and use it as a controller. My preference is to use BASIC and have the program reside in EPROM (and non-volatile RAM would be all right, too). My main goal is minimum hardware cost. (No disks, tape, etc.)

Also, is there a Forth-language kernel for the CoCo 3?

Gus Calabrese 4555 E. 16th Avenue Denver, CO 80220

D.P. Johnson, who may or may not still be in business, marketed a Forth language for use under OS-9. Check back issues of THE RAINBOW for their ad.

#### In Excess

Editor:

A branch of our parochial school system recently received a grant of 12 IBM computers to be used by 5- and 6-year-olds to learn to read. Tandy sells IBM-compatibles, so why should they continue with the CoCo when these kids are going to demand more-profitable MS-DOS systems?

I love my CoCo. I know it can do whatever I tell it to. These children will never know!

There is a need for IBMs in hospitals, hitech businesses, and manufacturing, but I feel sorry for financially unable parents who must spend beyond their means to satisfy their children's superficial desires because the rich want to get richer.

My children are all married, but I would not like it for my grandchildren to look at my CoCo as something unworthy. (Better to hide it before they arrive!)

I like to compare computers with nuclear energy. Both can be used for good, if used only in necessary amounts. Autos are built to exceed 100 mph, but only the race-track allows speeds in excess of 60 mph. So, the excess is potent, but not neccessary, making its cost excessive.

It's true, the best costs less, as long as it

is best for your needs. Any excess increases the cost, making it not the best for you! Unnecessary benefits are a luxury that keeps many people fooled.

Vic Kells Appleton, Wisconsin

#### ML09?

Editor:

I'm trying to gain some proficiency with OS-9/BASIC09 and in perusing back issues of this magazine I often see machine-language routines outlined. I wish THE RAINBOW would get someone competent to write some articles dealing with how to generate and get machine language into OS-9/BASIC09. I'd also like to see you cover how to use the *Development System*, whose manual totally ignores the question of how to use it, with representative examples.

Hope to get a positive response to this request!

F. Bruhns 2224 Canyon View Fallbrook, CA 92028

#### Speaking of Hardware

Editor:

I didn't find in the November 1990 issue of THE RAINBOW the manual, of sorts, that explains how to use the Tony DiStefano's EPROM programmer and software (October 1990, Page 64).

In the same issue Marty Goodman is correct in suggesting the use of amber monochrome monitors. I prefer monochrome when using 80-column text. The use of the following CoCo 3 pokes are necessary to get a good monochrome picture on all screens:

POKE &HE033,16

POKE &HEO3C.19

POKE &HE045,19

POKE &HEO7A.144

POKE &HE071,144

Hang in there with hardware projects as well as the rest.

R. R. Simpson Manhattan Beach, California

The "manual" appears in the December installment of "Turn of the Screw."

#### Breaking up Multi-Vue

Editor:

The Multi-Vue manual describes a procedure to bring up the control program as a stand-alone routine in a 16-color window, allowing users to set up the additional palettes unavailable under the regular four-color gshell window. It may be of interest to your readers to know this procedure can also be used to run the Calendar program in

a similar way. The advantage to this is the data file created when the program is run can then be double-clicked to bring up the user's personal dates to remember.

To accomplish this, an icon for the Calendar program must be created (use IconEdit or Maxic to create this) and stored in the ICONS subdirectory. Next, an AIF file must be created and stored in the AIF (or root) directory. This file must have the same three letter extension as the data file(s) to be created. (I use AIF. rem as a reminder.) The following is my AIF. rem file:

Calendar (name of program)

{blank} (no parameters)

ICONS/icon.Calendar {path to icon}

0 (use default memory)

6 {select 320x192 4-color graphics window}

40 (screen width)

24 (screen length)

0 {background palette register}

1 [foreground palette register]

Do not type the comments in the brackets. These are for information only.

You are now ready to call up the Calendar program in the normal way, via the Tandy menu, and enter your personal data. When you are finished, save the file as Personal.rem, for example. When you return to the gshell window and update your current data directory, you will find the file Personal under your Calendar icon. Double-clicking on this file will run Calendar with Personal as a parameter and there you are! Note that any files bearing a .rem extension will be displayed with your Calendar icon, so you can have any number of data files.

Gerry Gerhart Huntsville, Ontario Canada

THE RAINBOW welcomes letters to the editor. Mail should be addressed to: Letters to Rainbow, The Falsoft Building, P.O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059. Letters should include the writer's full name and address. Letters may be edited for purposes of clarity or space.

Letters to the editor may also be sent to us through our Delphi CoCo SIG. From the CoCo SIG. prompt, type RAI to take you into the Rainbow Magazine Services area of the SIG. At the RAINBOW, prompt, type LET to reach the LETTERS, prompt and then select Letters for Publication. Be sure to include your complete name and address.

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# **Documented Evidence**

he most alarming trend I detect in the whole computing area seems to me to be that which involves documentation. Documentation, of course, is the instructions needed

to actually use a program.

Much like anything else, even in our world of the CoCo there are distinct stages in how documentation has developed. First of all, most of it was written by the programmers themselves. This has generally been horrid documentation since anyone who writes a program knows how it works, but usually has very little idea of how to explain it to anyone else. In addition, often such documentation is filled with technical details that make great sense to the programmer, but precious little to "normal" people.

Throughout the Color Computer's history, I believe quite a number of good programs have been ruined simply by their documentation. This really is a shame, but despite suggestions from customers to negative reviews on these pages, for some

it remains the way things are.

The second stage of documentation development seems to have come about when program authors did indeed decide they were not conveying the message properly and hired professionals to write the instructions for them. While this made things a bit easier in the CoCo world, in other computer platforms I think most of these writers were paid by the word; this was (and is) some of the most comprehensive documentation ever seen — pages and pages and pages of it.

I once had friends who went into business as "professional documentation authors." Although they never got any *major* orders, they did get enough work and ended up writing a fairly simple word processor to help with their work. Unfortunately, they tried to market the word processor and used *its* documentation as an example of how they could thoroughly explain someone else's program.

It was thoroughly explained in three or four different ways. Fortunately, the program had only about a dozen functions and the documentation was "limited" to about

250 pages. You get the idea.

I am sure people like myself, who complain about massive amounts of data to digest, have prompted the third stage in documentation. I call this stage the 1-2-3 approach, with no intentional reference to the spreadsheet programs produced by Lotus. This stage simply tells you to perform Step 1, Step 2 and then Step 3 — no details; no information about why or what you can do to deviate from this approach. And worst of all, no way to correct anything that goes wrong (if, say, you hit the wrong key) without starting over again at Step 1. Interestingly, CoCo documentation generally has not followed this path, I hope it will not.

Microsoft seems to be the world's leader in 1-2-3 documentation. For example, they have even hard-bound their documentation for *Word for Windows*, but it is still pretty much all 1-2-3. This is fine if everything goes right while you are doing whatever it is you want to do, but more explanation really is necessary.

Through talking with a number of people in the business, I find the 1-2-3 approach produces the most user-friendly documentation. We're likely to see more of it in the future. I hope not — or at least I hope not until it is augumented by real explanations of how the particular program works. I say this from personal preference, but also because I think that no matter how basic the

level of computer skill the user posesses, it helps the user understand what he is doing regardless.

I once hired a secretary primarily because her resume showed she had experience using the same word processor I used. I thought life would be easier if we did not have to convert formats back and forth. About two days after she came to work, she asked me how to do a search and replace. I told her something like "press the Search key, then type in the word you are looking for..."

She interrupted me and asked which keys I was talking about. I repeated, "the Search key."

"But what key is that?" she asked.

"Oh, OK," she said.

We then went through the keystroke sequences and she wrote it all down. A week or two later, she returned with the same question. I told her I thought she knew how to use this particular word processor. She replied that she *did*.

"Well, then, why don't you know that F2 is the Search key?" I asked.

She replied, "Oh, I don't know what the keys are for. I just press them."

I pointed out to her, and I'll point out to you and to all the members of the 1-2-3 school of documentation, she didn't know a thing about the *program*. She would spend countless hours looking up the right keys rather than just learning what they do.

If the documentation that comes with a program frustrates you, let the software publisher know about it. I think it will make for better documentation in the future.

- Lonnie Falk

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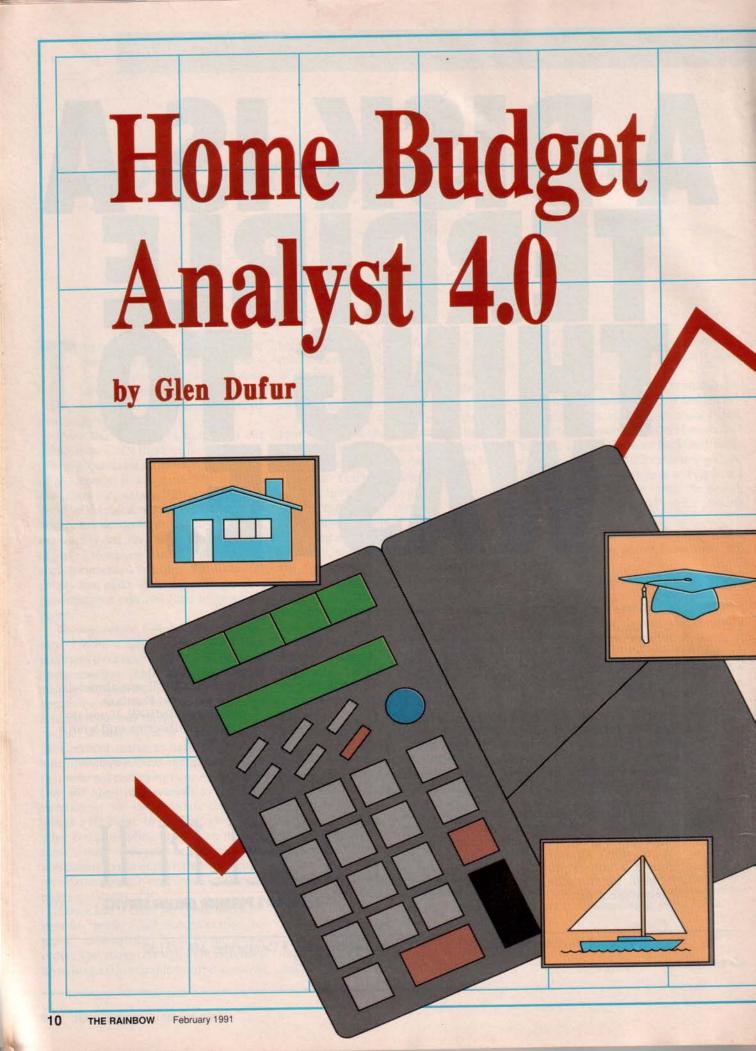
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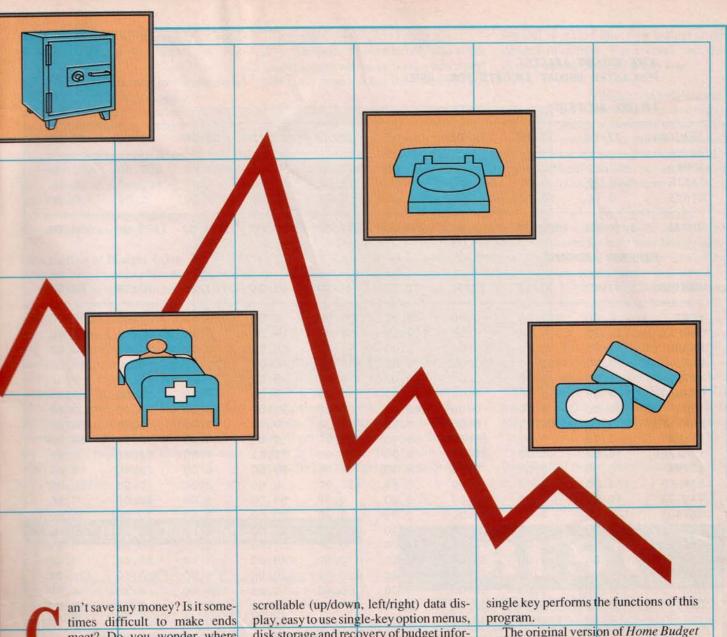
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meet? Do you wonder where your money goes? Do you forget about upcoming bills? Perhaps you need a bookkeeper to help balance your budget. Meet Home Budget Analyst.

Home Budget Analyst is a program to record and maintain your personal budget, estimate income and expenses for future budgeting periods, view future account balances, provide a record of income and payments and forecast financial necessities and opportunities.

Features of this program include a

Glen Dufur works for Airborne Express as a development manager for data processing systems. He can be contacted at 13499 156th Avenue S.E., Renton, WA 98059. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

disk storage and recovery of budget information as well as various printed views of budget information.

Home Budget Analyst calculates and forecasts your next nine budgeting periods (or paydays) to allow scheduling and balancing of payments over future periods. Home Budget Analyst retains and maintains period income and expenses, forecasted balances and year-to-date totals for each item entered. You can make the forecasted balance either increasing or decreasing to see remaining amounts on loans and credit card balances as well as increasing amounts in savings or other accounts. Three printed reports provide a record of income and expense history.

Home Budget Analyst is easy to use. A menu of options is displayed on each screen to assist your movement through the budgeting functions. In most cases, a

Analyst was published in THE RAINBOW in March 1986. Since then I have made many improvements in its operation, function and appearance. It has become an extremely useful tool for maintaining a personal budget.

#### Starting Your Personal Budget

To start the program enter RUN "BUDGET". Enter your password (any string up to five characters, use your name or the budget year) to identify your budget file. Begin your budget entry by selecting C to create a new budget file. If your file already exists, select L to load.

When opening a new budget file enter the dates of nine future "periods," or paydays, from which to establish your payment dates. Start the first period with your next payday. You are prompted for

TWO	OME		CO'S FY B	TTC
	ONE	AB	1 3 1 1 1	1

PERIOD>	11/03	11/17	12/01	12/15	12/29	01/12	01/26	02/09	02/23
OHN	853.21	850.00	850.00	850.00	850.00	850.00	850.00	850.00	850.00
JANIS		0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	600.00	0.00
OTHER	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	1456.91	850.00	1450.00	850.00	850.00	1450.00	850.00	1450.00	850.00
EXI	PENSE ANOU	UNTS							
PERIOD>	11/03	11/17	12/01	12/15	12/29	01/12	01/26	02/09	02/23
RENT	0.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	500.00
CARPAY	119.25	0.00	0.00	119.25	0.00	119.25	0.00	119.25	0.00
PHONE	47.35	0.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	50.00	0.00
ELEC	0.00	120.00	0.00	120.00	0.00	0.00	120.00	0.00	120.00
WATER	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.00	0.00	0.00
GARBAGE	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
VISA	50.00	0.00	0.00	140.00	0.00	120.00	0.00	80.00	0.00
PENNEYS	0.00	60.00	0.00	0.00	30.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	50.00
EXXON	0.00	0.00	80.00	0.00	80.00				80.00
TVCABLE	34.81	0.00	34.81	0.00	0.00	34.81	0.00	34.81	0.00
AETNA	78.90	0.00	0.00	78.90	0.00	78.90	0.00	78.90	0.00
SAFECO	130.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	130.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	130.00
VACATN	40.00	0.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	40.00	0.00
SAVNGS	100.00	0.00	120.00	0.00	0.00	60.00	0.00		0.00
XMAS	40.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	40.00	0.00		0.00
EMRGNY	40.00	0.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	80.00	0.00	25.00	0.00
BOAT	30.00	0.00	30.00	0.00	0.00	30.00	0.00	30.00	0.00
HSEHLD	320.00	320.00	320.00	320.00	320.00	320.00	320.00	320.00	
DDS	60.00	0.00	60.00	0.00	50.00		58.00		10.00
DR	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	50.00		50.00	0.00	50.00
IRA	0.00	152.00	0.00	152.00	0.00	152.00	0.00	152.00	0.00
TOTAL	1140.31	1152.00	984.81	955.15	1210.00	1084.96	1213.00	1039.96	1260.0
BUI	DGET PERI	OD BALANC	E						
PERIOD>	11/03	11/17	12/01	12/15	12/29	01/12	01/26	02/09	02/2
BALANCE	316.60	-302.00	465.19	-105.15	-360.00	365.04	-363.00	410.04	-410.0
			F71	1: Sample	Palla of Am				

the month and day of the period in each new file. You can now enter your budget items.

#### **Income and Expense Displays**

Income and Expense displays are identical in operation. They provide a view of the file with a scrollable up-down motion for a list of items in the file, or a left-right motion to span over budget periods. Up to 45 expense items and 15 income sources are available, each with nine budgeting periods. An "available" balance of committed funds is calculated for each budget period

to allow for proper adjustments during times of cash shortage.

Functions from the Income and Expense display are:

Arrow Keys — move up or down the list of items and left or right through the budgeting periods. Hold the SHIFT key with the arrow to bring the list to the top or bottom, or the budgeting period to the extreme left or right.

A-I — select the item to view or maintain by pressing the corresponding letter.

N - add a new item to the budget list.

P — use budget-printing functions.

O — open a new budgeting period; the current period (1) will be rolled off.

X — exit to opposite display (expense to income or vice versa)

S — save the budget information on disk.
 M — see menu of the budgeting options.

#### Income and Expense Item Display

This display contains unique information for each item, such as description, amount for all periods, average and frequency of occurrence, and balances. Functions of the Item displays are:

C — change information for the displayed

item. When in the Change mode, an additional menu for selection of information to change appears.

D — delete the item being viewed.

R - return to income or expense display.

1-9 — add or change amounts for periods 1 through 9.

#### Description of Budget Information

The following information is stored in your budget file. Much of it can be changed by selecting Option C from the Item display to enter the change mode.

#### Name and Information

N — Enter up to seven characters to identify the income or expense item. Also provided are up to 19 characters of space for a brief memo, explanation or reminder for each item.

#### Average Amount and Frequency

A — Amount to automatically add at the specified interval for the item when a new period is opened. After the amount is en-

amount is placed into your budget at the desired frequency. The amount and frequency can be changed at any time.

#### **Budget Period Amount**

1-9 — Amount to receive or pay during a particular period. This amount is originally defaulted by the average amount for the item and can be added to or changed at any time.

#### Forecast Balance

B — This balance is displayed over the next nine budget periods for a cumulative view of the account's future.

I—increasing forecast balance.

D — decreasing balance.

#### YTD Total

Y — Year-to-date total is always ascending. The total is maintained and increased each time a new period is opened. To

maintain proper yearly amounts, the YTD total should be zero at the end of the year.

#### **Budget Period Date**

Nine budget period dates are entered dur-

#### Debit/Credit Item Name DR\$(x)/CR\$(x)Debit/Credit Item Average Amt DA(x)/CA(x)Debit/Credit Item Ave Amt Frequency DF(x)/CF(x)Debit/Credit Item YTD Balance DY(x)/CY(x)Debit/Credit Totals DT(x)/CT(x)DB\$(x) / CB\$(x)Debit/Credit Item Balance Type DB(x,y) / CB(x,y)Debit/Credit Item Balance Amount Debit/Credit Item Period Amount DR(x,y)/CR(x,y)Debit/Credit Last Item Number DL/CL Period Date PD\$(x) **Budget Balance** BL(x)x = item, y = periodFigure 2: Major Program Variables

tered, a second prompt requests the frequency. The frequency indicates the number of periods skipped before the amount again becomes due. If the item does not currently carry budget period amounts, this

#### Hyper-Tech Software

#### MVCanvas 2.0

Finally a professional full screen editor for OS-9 Level II and Multi-Vue. MVCanvas is the only CoCo graphics editor to support multiple resolutions with up to 16 colors of 64 displayed in 320 x 200 mode with palette animation and full functional clipboard.

MVCanvas also supports multiple fonts with inverse, bold underline, and proportional options. Printer support includes: Epson, Sar, C.Itoh, DMP (Tandy), with color printer supported for Star NX-1000 R, Citizen GSX-140, Tandy DMP-240 and CGP-200, Epson LQ-2550 and compatables.

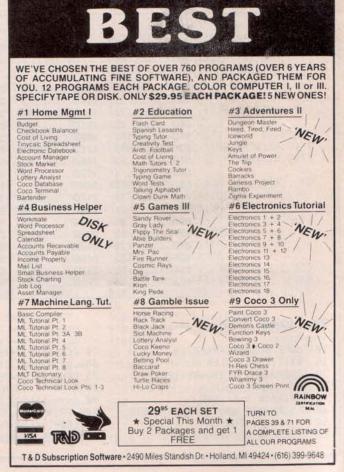
#### ShellMate 2.2

ShellMate is the epitome of what a point and click file management system was meant to be. With ShellMate, you have access to commands such as copy, move, delete, rename, makdir and free at the touch of a button. It also gives you point and click access to Public Domain picture display utilities VEFShow and GIFOS9, as well as the archive utility Ar.

The biggest benefit of ShellMate is that it allows you to manipulate large batches of files with one mouse click when either moving, deleting or arcing. You can also easily move through either double clicking on a subdirectory name, or clicking on the Command.

System Requirements (both programs) CoCo3, OS-9 LVL II, Multi-Vue, Disk Drive and 512k MVCanvas ..... ShellMate \$24.95 ShellMate \$3.00 S/H \$2.50 C.O.D. (U.S. only) Nev. res. add 6% sales tax

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ing the creation of a new file. Also, each time a new period is opened (Option O from any display), an additional period date is entered. The period date is stored in mm/dd format.

Schedule your personal budget dates by paydays. Schedule all your bills to specific paydays. If you have a two-income household with different pay dates, an alternative is to hold one of the income sources so it coincides with each budget period.

#### Available Balance

Amount of funds uncommitted, or overcommitted if account is negative, during a particular budget period. The calculated balance is a sum of all income less expenses for each period. The available balance appears on income and expense displays for each of the nine budget periods.

#### Opening a New Budget Period

After bills for the current period have been paid, open a new future period. Select Option O to open a new period, and enter the new ninth period date. The function drops the first period, moves the Period 2 amount to Period 1, and so on until the ninth period is empty. Ninth-period amounts are defaulted based on the average amount and frequency. That is, the entries in all previous records are averaged in both value and frequency. These values are then entered o the ninth period for you. For example,

if you entered a car payment of \$250 in periods 2, 4, 6 and 8, this is entered in Period 9 after the program moves periods 2, 4, 6 and 8 to periods 1, 3, 5 and 7. All balances are automatically updated. Remember to make any necessary adjustments to this value.

#### **Printed Reports**

Several printed reports are available to view your budget information. Option P offers the following reports.

#### **Current Payments**

P — This report prints a summary of items in the first period of your budget. Only those items with amounts during the period are printed. The report can be used as a guide for paying bills. It is also an excellent record of payments and income.

#### Table of Amounts

A — This report gives you a hard-copy representation of your entire budget. Each income and expense item is listed with the amount allocated for the nine budget periods as shown in Figure 1.

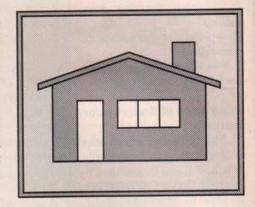
#### Table of Balances

B — This report lists forecasted balances for all items for each period.

#### Saving Budget Information

It is important to save your budget file

after each session of updating. This saves the changes and makes them available for your next session. The program does not automatically save your budget file. Your budget file is saved with the name BXXXXX. BUD where XXXXX is your five-character password.



#### **Technical Information**

Figure 2 shows the major program variables used by Home Budget Analyst.

The program is written to support a DMP-130 printer. Adjustments can be made to support other printers. Please refer to the following information for printer baud and codes.

#### Printer Baud Rate

Change POKE 150,18 in Line 2770 for a different baud rate:

POKE 150, XX (XX = your baud selection)

Baud	Value
600	87
1200	40
2400	18
4800	7
9600	1

#### **Printer Control Codes**

The values for Q0\$ through Q4\$ in Line 2770 represent the following printer control codes. Change the values to the codes needed for your printer.

String	Control
Variable	Code
Q0\$	Compressed (12 cpi)
Q1\$	Italic start
02\$	Italic end
03\$	Bold start
Q4\$	Bold end
STATE	

Speed-Up Poke

To disable the operation of this feature, change lines 120 and 130 to RETURN. If using this poke, the program automatically puts things back to normal for all I/O routines.

32K Disk		
1/100	. 181 133Ø233	269Ø 57
200		277Ø 79
260		282Ø 73
34Ø		286Ø 237
410		291Ø 159
500		296Ø 24Ø
57Ø		3Ø3Ø 232
64Ø		3Ø9Ø 195
69Ø		3140 74
74Ø		3210 12
78Ø		327Ø Ø
85Ø		335Ø 93
900		3440 55
97Ø		353Ø 43
1Ø6Ø		359Ø 233
1140		END 129
122Ø		

#### The Listing: BUDGET

10 'HOME	BUDGET	ANALYSIS
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<sup>15 &#</sup>x27;WRITTEN BY GLEN DUFUR

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<sup>25 &#</sup>x27;BY FALSOFT, INC.

<sup>30 &#</sup>x27;RAINBOW MAGAZINE

<sup>40</sup> CLS:PRINT" WAIT ... ": GOT03690

<sup>&#</sup>x27;--- SURE CURSOR

<sup>60</sup> GOSUB160:PRINT@466,"y/n":

RETURN 110 '--- SPEED POKES 120 GOSUB150: POKE65495, 0: GOSUB15 Ø:RETURN 13Ø GOSUB15Ø: POKE65494, Ø: GOSUB15 Ø:RETURN 140 '--- SOUNDS 150 FORSS-1T02:SOUND220.1:NEXTSS : RETURN 160 FORSS=1T09:SOUND220.1:NEXTSS : RETURN 170 '--- BLANKING 180 PRINT@448.STRING\$(63." ")::R ETURN 190 '--- CALCULATE 200 IFH\$<>"Y" THENRETURN ELSEH\$-"":GOSUB150:GOSUB180:PRINT@459." calculating"; 210 LB=0:FORX=1TO NE:DT(X)=0:CT( X)-Ø 220 FORY-ITO DL:DT(X)-DT(X)+DR(Y .X):NEXTY:FORY=1TO CL:CT(X)=CT(X )+CR(Y,X):NEXTY:BL(X)=CT(X)-DT(X ):LB-LB+BL(X):NEXTX:RETURN 230 '--- LIST TOTALS 240 PP=384:FORX=I(0)TO I(0)+2:PP =PP+8:PRINT@PP,USING N8\$;BL(X);: NEXTX: RETURN 250 '--- LIST DATES 260 P1=I(0)+48:P2=I(0)+1+48:P3=I (Ø)+2+48:POKE(1Ø24+13),P1:POKE(1 024+21), P2: POKE(1024+29), P3: PRIN T@41.USINGA5\$; PD\$(I(0));: PRINT@4 9.USINGA5\$; PD\$(I(0)+1);: PRINT@57 USINGA5\$; PD\$(I(Ø)+2); : RETURN 270 '--- GET ITEM DATA 280 GOSUB150:GOSUB180:PRINT@449. NAME DAL INCREASE/ DECLINE CHANGE aVG-AMT yTD-TOT rETURN" ::GOSUB100 290 IFK\$="I" THENGOSUB570:GOTO28 300 IFK\$-"D" THENGOSUB570:GOTO28 310 IFK\$="N" THENGOSUB370:GOTO28 320 IFK\$="A" THENGOSUB410:GOTO28 330 IFK\$="B" THENGOSUB490:GOTO28 340 IFK\$="Y" THENGOSUB460:GOTO28 350 IFK>0 AND K<NE+1 THENRETURN 360 IFK\$="R" THENRETURN ELSE280 370 GOSUB180: PRINT@449, "DESC: " :GOSUB150:LINEINPUT"":XD\$:GOSUB1 88: PRINT@449, "INFO: ":: GOSUB150: LINEINPUT"":XI\$:IFXD\$="" THENIFI Es="e" THENXD\$=DR\$(I) ELSEXD\$=CR \$(I) 380 XD\$-XD\$+S5\$+S5\$:XX\$-"":XX\$-L EFT\$(XD\$,7)+" "+LEFT\$(XI\$,19):XD 5-XX5:PRINT@02,STRING\$(28," "); 398 IFIE\$="e" THENDR\$(I)=XD\$:GOS UB688: ELSECR\$(I)=XD\$:GOSUB640 488 RETURN 418 GOSUB180: PRINT@449, "AVG AMOU \*\*\*::GOSUB150:INPUTXA:IFXA=0 THE WXF=1:G0T0430 428 GOSUB180: PRINT@449, "FREQ(1-9 =::GOSUB150:INPUTXF 438 IFXF>9 THEN420 ELSEIFXF<1 TH FNYF-1 448 IFIE\$="e" THENDA(I)=XA:DF(I) -IF:GOSUB530: ELSECA(I)=XA:CF(I) -XF:GOSUB550 458 RETURN

460 GOSUB180: PRINT@449. "YTD BAL" ::GOSUB150:INPUTXY 470 IFIE\$="e" THENDY(I)=XY ELSEC Y(I)=XY48Ø PRINT@65.USINGN9\$;XY::RETURN 490 GOSUB180: PRINT@449." BEGIN B AL"::GOSUB150:INPUTXB IFIE\$="e" THEN520DB(I,0)=XB: XT-0:GOSUB600 ELSECB(I,0)=XB:XT= Ø:GOSUB640 510 RETURN 520 DB(I,0)=XB:XT=0:GOSUB600:RET URN 530 XX=0:FORX=1TO NE:XX=XX+DR(I. X):NEXTX:IFXX>Ø THENGOSUB6ØØ:RET URN 540 FORX=1TO NE STEPDF(I):DR(I,X )-DA(I):NEXTX:H\$-"Y":GOSUB600:RE TURN 550 XX-0: FORX-1TO NE: XX-XX+CR(I, X):NEXTX:IFXX>Ø THENGOSUB640:RET URN 560 FORX=1TO NE STEPCF(I):CR(I,X )-CA(I):NEXTX:H\$-"Y":GOSUB640:RE THEN 570 GOSUB150: IFIE\$="e" THENDB\$(I )=K\$:GOSUB89Ø:GOSUB6ØØ: ELSECB\$( I)=K\$:GOSUB890:GOSUB640 580 RETURN '--- LIST DR AMT/BAL 590 600 PRINT@02, DR\$(I)::PRINT@65,US INGN9\$:DY(I);:PRINT@75,USINGN7\$; DA(I)::POKE1024+51.(DF(I)+48):PR INT@85.USINGN9\$;DB(I,0); 610 PP=128:FORX=1TO NE:IFDB\$(I)= THENDB(I,X)=DB(I,X-1)+DR(I,XELSEDB(I,X)=DB(I,X-1)-DR(I,X)620 PRINT@PP+1.USINGN1\$:X::PRINT @PP+2,">"::PRINT@PP+4,USINGA5\$;P D\$(X)::PRINT@PP+11.USINGN8\$;DR(I ,X)::PRINT@PP+21,USINGN9\$:DB(I,X );:PP=PP+32:NEXTX:RETURN 630 '--- LIST CR AMT/BAL 640 PRINT@02,CR\$(I)::PRINT@65,US INGN9\$;CY(I);:PRINT@75,USINGN7\$; CA(I);:POKE1024+51,(CF(I)+48):PR INT@85.USINGN9\$:CB(I.0); 650 PP=128:FORX=1TO NE:IFCB\$(I)= THENCB(I, X)=CB(I, X-1)+CR(I, X)ELSE CB(I,X)=CB(I,X-1)-CR(I,X)660 PRINT@PP+1, USINGN1\$; X; : PRINT @PP+2,">"::PRINT@PP+4,USINGA5\$;P D\$(X);:PRINT@PP+11,USINGN8\$;CR(I ,X)::PRINT@PP+21,USINGN9\$;CB(I,X )::PP=PP+32:NEXTX:RETURN 670 '--- DELETE DR ITEM 68Ø GOSUB18Ø: PRINT@46Ø, "SURE?";: GOSUB60: IFK\$<>"Y" THENK\$="":GOTO 1450 690 GOSUB180: PRINT@457, "deletein g item";:DR\$(I)-"":DB\$(I)-"":DB( I,0)-0:DA(I)-0:DY(I)-0:DF(I)-0:D L-DL-1 700 FORZ-1TO NE:DR(I,Z)-0:NEXTZ: FORX-I TO DL: IFDR\$(X+1)-"" THEN7 20 710 DR\$(X)=DR\$(X+1):DR\$(X+1)="":  $DA(X)=DA(X+1):DA(X+1)=\emptyset:DY(X)=DY$  $(X+1):DY(X+1)=\emptyset:DF(X)=DF(X+1):DF$  $(X+1)=\emptyset:DB$(X)=DB$(X+1):DB$(X+1)$ -":DB(X,0)=DB(X+1,0):DB(X+1,0)= Ø:FORZ=1TO NE:DR(X,Z)=DR(X+1,Z): DR(X+1.Z)=0:NEXTZ 720 NEXTX: H\$="Y": GOSUB200: GOTO10 50 730 '--- DELETE CR ITEM 740 GOSUB180: PRINT@460. "SURE?"::

GOSUB60: IFK\$<>"Y" THENK\$="":GOTO 2080 750 GOSUB180: PRINT@457, "deletein g item";:CR\$(I)="":CB\$(I)="":CB( I,0)-0:CA(I)-0:CY(I)-0:CF(I)-0:C L=CL-1 760 FORZ-1TO NE:CR(I,Z)-0:NEXTZ: FORX-I TO CL: IFCR\$(X+1)="" THEN7 770 CR\$(X)=CR\$(X+1):CR\$(X+1)="":  $CA(X)=CA(X+1):CA(X+1)=\emptyset:CY(X)=CA$  $(X+1):CA(X+1)=\emptyset:CF(X)=CF(X+1):CF$  $(X+1)=\emptyset:CB$(X)=CB$(X+1):CB$(X+1)$ =": CB(X,0)=CB(X+1,0): CB(X+1,0)= Ø:FORZ=1TO NE:CR(X,Z)=CR(X+1,Z): CR(X+1,Z)=Ø:NEXTZ 780 NEXTX: H\$="Y": GOSUB200: GOTO16 790 '--- GET ITEM AMOUNT 800 GOSUB180: PRINT@449, "PERIOD"K "AMOUNT"::GOSUB150:INPUTXX:IFIE\$ -"e" THENDR(I,K)-XX ELSECR(I,K)-XX 810 H\$-"Y": RETURN 820 '--- INIT DISPLAY SCREEN 830 CLS:IFIE\$="e" THENX1\$=CHR\$(2 52):X2\$=CHR\$(243):XX\$="expense" ELSEX1\$-CHR\$(204):X2\$-CHR\$(195): XX\$="income"+BB\$ 840 PRINT@0, STRING\$(32, BB\$); :PRI NT@352.STRING\$(32,X1\$)::PRINT@41 6,STRING\$(32,X2\$); 850 PRINT@0, XX\$;:PRINT@7," ";:PR INT@15." "::PRINT@23," "::PRINT@31," "::PRINT@9."per"::PRINT@17, "per"::PRINT@25."per";
860 PRINT@40,CHR\$(133)::PRINT@46 .CHR\$(138);:PRINT@48,CHR\$(133);: PRINT@54, CHR\$(138):: PRINT@56, CHR \$(133)::PRINT@62.CHR\$(138); 870 PRINT@32, "display";:PRINT@38 4,BB\$;"avlb1";BB\$;:PRINT@449." arrws a-i nEW sAVE oPN x mE SCRLL SEL ITM DRNT PER "::P OKE(1024+462),45:RETURN 880 '--- INIT ITEM SCREEN 890 CLS:XX\$=STRING\$(8,BB\$):PRINT @1.CHR\$(141)::PRINT@30,CHR\$(142) ::PRINT@33.XX\$::PRINT@41.CHR\$(13 1)::PRINT@34,"ytd"::PRINT@38,"to 900 PRINT@52, CHR\$(130); : PRINT@53 STRING\$(10.BB\$);:PRINT@116,CHR\$ (138)::PRINT@117,STRING\$(10,BB\$) 910 PRINT@42.STRING\$(10,BB\$);:PR INT@106.STRING\$(10.BB\$)::PRINT@9 7.STRING\$(8,BB\$); 920 PRINT@98, "period"::PRINT@108, "amount"::PRINT@118, "balance"::PRINT@42, "avg"::PRINT@46, "evry"; :IFIE\$="e" THEN940 930 IFCB\$(I)="I" THEN950 ELSE960 940 IFDB\$(I)="I" THEN950 ELSE960 950 PRINT@53, "increasing":: GOT09 70 960 PRINT@53, "declining": 970 PRINT@416,STRING\$(32,X2\$);:P RINT@448." CHANGE n EW ITEM PER dELETE r ETURN": 980 POKE(1024+459), 45: POKE(1024+ 458),49:POKE(1024+460),57:RETURN '--- FILE FULL 1000 GOSUB180: PRINT@458, "file fu 11"::SOUND1.7:RETURN 1010 '--- SCROLL DR MONEY

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1020 FORY=I(0) TO (I(0)+2):IFDR(
X.Y)<>Ø THENPRINT@PX.USING N8\$;D
R(X,Y):
1030 PX=PX+8:NEXTY:RETURN
1040 ' DEBIT DISPLAY
1050 IE\$="e":GOSUB830:GOSUB260:G
OSUB240
1060 IFDL-0 THENPRINT@163."enter
"BB\$; "expense"BB\$"items"; :PRINT@
229. "hit"BB\$"n"BB\$"to"BB\$"begin"
::G0T01110
1070 PP=64:PX=PP:IX=1:FORX=I(1)
TO I(1)+(SE-1):PRINT@PP+Ø.STRING
\$(32.CHR\$(143)):
1080 IFX<(EN+1) THEN1090 ELSE110
0
1090 PX-PP:PRINT@PP+0.IX\$(IX)::P
X=PX+1:PRINT@PX.USINGA6\$:DR\$(X):
:PX=PX+7:GOSUB1020
1100 I(IX)=X:IX=IX+1:PP=PP+32:NE
XTX:SOUND200.1
1110 I-0:GOSUB100
1120 IFK\$=CHR\$(09) THENIFI(0)=NE
-2 THEN1430 ELSE1380
1130 IFK\$=CHR\$(08) THENIFI(0)=1
THEN1430 ELSE1390
1140 IFK\$-CHR\$(21) THENIFI(0)-1
THEN1430 ELSEI(0)=1:GOT01400
1150 IFK\$=CHR\$(93) THENIFI(0)=NE
-2 THEN143Ø ELSEI(Ø)=NE-2:GOT014
00
1160 IFK\$-CHR\$(95) THENIFI(1)=1
THEN1430 ELSEI(1)=1:GOTO1070
1170 IFK\$-CHR\$(91) THENIFI(1)+(S
E-1)=DL THEN1430 ELSEIFDL<=(SE-1
e ev en manager and and the manager

) THEN1430 ELSEI(1)=DL:GOT01330	)
1180 IFK\$-CHR\$(10) THENIFI(1)+(	S
E-1)=DL THEN1430 ELSEIFDL<=SE 1	
EN1430 ELSE1320	
1190 IFK\$=CHR\$(94) THENIFI(1)=1	T
HEN1430 ELSE1350	
1200 IFK\$-"M" THEN3290	
1210 IFK\$="N" THEN1590	
1220 IFK\$="X" THENI(1)=1:GOTO16	6
0	
1230 IFDL=0 THEN1300	
1240 IFK\$="S" THENIO-2:GOSUB248	30
:GOSUB200:GOT01050	
1250 IFK\$="0" THENGOSUB2260:I(1	)
=1:G0T01050	
1260 IFK\$="P" THENGOSUB2710:I(1	()
=1:G0T01050	
1270 FORX=1TO SE: IFK\$=I\$(X) THE	N
I=I(X)	
1280 NEXTX: IFI=0 THEN1300 ELSE	F
I>EN THEN1300 1290 IFDR\$(I)<>"" THEN1450	
1290 IFDR\$(I)<>"" THEN1450	
1300 SOUND1,1:GOTO1110	
1310 ' SCROLL DR UP&DOWN	
1320 I(1)=I(1)+(SE-1)	CAC.
1330 IF(I(1)+(SE-1))>DL THENI(1	.)
-DL-(SE-1):IFI(1)<1 THENI(1)=1	
1340 GOTO1070	+
1350 I(1)=I(1)-(SE-1):IFI(1)<1	1
HENI(1)=1	
1360 GOTO1070	
1370 ' SCROLL DR SIDEWAYS 1380 I(0)=I(0)+1:GOTO1400	
1390 $I(\emptyset) = I(\emptyset) + 1 : GUIU1400$ 1390 $I(\emptyset) = I(\emptyset) - 1 : IFI(\emptyset) < 1$ THEN:	
0)=1 (0)=1(0)-1:1F1(0)<1 (HEN)	-1
D)-1	

1400 GOSUB260:GOSUB240:PP=72:FO	
X=I(1)TO (I(1)+(SE-1)):PRINT@PP	
STRING\$(23,CHR\$(143));	
1410 IFX<(EN+1) THENPX=PP:GOSUB	1
020	
142Ø PP=PP+32:NEXTX	
1430 SOUND200,1:GOTO1110	
1440 ' DR ITEM UPDATE	
1450 SOUND200,1:GOSUB890:GOSUB6	Ø
Ø	
1460 GOSUB100	37
1470 IF K>0 AND K <ne+1 td="" thengosu<=""><td>В</td></ne+1>	В
800:GOTO1450	12
1480 IFK\$="M" THENGOSUB200:GOTO	3
290	120
1490 IFK\$="R" THENGOSUB200:GOTO	1
050	
1500 IFK\$="D" THEN680	
1510 IFK\$="C" THENGOSUB280:IFK>	
AND K <ne+1 elseifk\$="X" td="" then1470="" then1490="" then155<=""><td>Ø</td></ne+1>	Ø
ELSE1450	
1520 IFK\$="N" THEN1590	
1530 IFK\$-"P" THENGOSUB200:GOSU	B
2710:GOT01050	0
1540 IFK\$="S" THENIO=2:GOSUB248	N
:GOSUB200:GOTO1050	0
1550 IFK\$="X" THENI(1)=1:GOSUB2	Ю
Ø:IFIE\$="e" THEN1660 ELSE1050	0
1560 IFK\$="0" THENGOSUB2260:GOT	U
1050	
1570 SOUND1,1:GOTO1460	
1580 ' NEW DR	0
1590 DL=DL+1:IFDL>EN THENDL=EN:	Q
OSUB1000:GOSUB200:GOTO1050	

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20th consecutive show, this
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Come and walk the aisles — set your own pace between visiting the exhibits and attending the many invaluable, free seminars. Take part in the seminars offered, ranging in topics from BASIC to the sophisticated OS-9 operating system.

Stop by the RAINBOW booth and meet the faces behind THE RAINBOW. As well, those who are written about throughout its pages will be there to meet you and answer your questions. While you're at the RAINBOW booth, you can also take advantage of the reduced prices on the entire RAINBOW bookshelf. In addition, prices on all back issues will be reduced, giving you a chance to fill those holes in your library. You'll also meet many other people who share your interest in the Color Computer. RAINBOWfest is a person-toperson event, not to mention a tremendous learning experience in a fun and relaxed atmosphere.

While you're walking through the exhibit hall, keep your eyes open for CoCo Cat. Children and adults alike always enjoy the furry feline. And our mascot is no

dummy — always looking for great deals, perhaps CoCo Cat has a hot tip for you.

RAINBOWfest is the place where commercial programmers show their newest programs and hardware for the first time. Plus, they will be listening to your comments and offering "special show prices." RAINBOWfest Chicago, is the

#### Show Information

RAINBOWfest - Chicago

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place to get information on the capabilities of the CoCo, and find a terrific selection of the latest CoCo products. In exhibit after exhibit, there will be demonstrations, opportunities to try software and hardware, and special RAINBOWfest prices.

If you missed the fun at our last RAIN-BOWfest, why don't you make plans to join us in Chicago? For those members of the family who don't share your affinity toward the CoCo (for reasons we will never understand), there are many other attractions in the Chicago area.

Once again we are pleased to be holding RAINBOWfest at The Hyatt Regency-Woodfield, Schaumburg, Illinois. The show opens Friday evening with a session from 7:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. It's a daytime show Saturday - The CoCo Community Breakfast (separate ticket required) is at 8:00 a.m. sharp, and the exhibit hall opens promptly at 10:00 a.m. and runs through 5:00 p.m. On Sunday, the exhibit hall opens at 11:00 a.m., and the show closes at 3:00 p.m.

Tickets for RAINBOWfest may be obtained directly from THE RAINBOW. We'll also send you a reservation form so you can get a reduced room rate at the Hyatt Regency.

The POSH way to go. You can have your travel arrangements and hotel reservations handled through RAINBOW-affiliated Posh Travel Assistance, Inc., of Louisville. For the POSH treatment many of our exhibitors enjoy, call POSH at (502) 893-3311. All POSH services are available at no charge to RAINBOWfest attendees.

If your ticket order is one of the first five orders received from your state, you will receive a Free RAINBOWfest T-Shirt! 1600 I=DL:I(1)=I-(SE-1):IFI(1)<1 THENI(1)=1 1610 DR\$(I)="\*\*\* NEW \*\*\*":DA(I)= 0:DB(I,0)-0:DY(I)-0:DF(I)-1:DB\$( 1)="I":GOSUB890:GOSUB600:K\$="C": GOTO1510 1620 '--- SCROLL CR MONEY 1630 FORY=I(0)TO I(0)+2:IFCR(X,Y )<>Ø THENPRINT@PX,USINGN8\$;CR(X. 1640 PX-PX+8: NEXTY: RETURN 1650 '--- CR DISPLAY 1660 IE\$="i":GOSUB830:GOSUB260:G OSUB240 1670 IFCL-0 THENPRINT@163."enter "BB\$; "income "BB\$"items"; : PRINT@2 29, "hit"BB\$"n"BB\$"to"BB\$"begin"; :GOT01730 1680 PP=64:PX=PP:IX=1 1690 FORX=I(1) TO (I(1)+(SE-1)): PRINT@PP+Ø,STRING\$(32,CHR\$(143)) 1700 IFX<(IN+1) THEN1710 ELSE172 0 1710 PX=PP:PRINT@PP+0,IX\$(IX);:P X=PX+1:PRINT@PX.USINGA6\$;CR\$(X); :PX=PX+7:GOSUB1630 1720 I(IX)=X:IX=IX+1:PP=PP+32:NE XTX:SOUND200.1 1730 I-0:GOSUB100 1740 IFK\$-CHR\$(09) THENIFI(0)=NE 2 THEN2060 ELSE2010 1750 IFK\$=CHR\$(08) THENIFI(0)=1 THEN2060 ELSE2020 1760 IFK\$=CHR\$(10) THENIFI(1)+(S E-1)=CL THEN2060 ELSEIFCL<=SE TH EN2060 ELSE1950 1770 IFK\$=CHR\$(21) THENIFI(0)=1 THEN2060 ELSEI(0)=1:GOTO2030 1780 IFK\$=CHR\$(93) THENIFI(0)=NE -2 THEN2060 ELSEI(0)=NE-2:GOTO20 30 1790 IFK\$=CHR\$(95) THENIFI(1)=1 THEN2060 ELSEI(1)=1:GOT01680 1800 IFK\$=CHR\$(91) THENIFI(1)+(S E-1)=CL THEN2060 ELSEIFCL <= (SE-1 THEN2060 ELSEI(1)=CL:GOT01960 1810 IFK\$=CHR\$(94) THENIFI(1)=1 THEN2060 ELSE1980 1820 IFK\$="N" THEN2220 1830 IFK\$="X" THENI(1)=1:GOTO105 1840 IFK\$="M" THEN3290 1850 IFCL-0 THEN1930 1860 IFK\$="S" THENIO-2:GOSUB2480 :GOSUB200:GOT01660 1870 IFK\$="O" THENGOSUB2260:GOTO 1660 1880 IFK\$-"P" THENGOSUB2710:I(1) -1:GOT01660 1890 IFK\$-"M" THEN3290 1900 FORX-1TO SE: IFK\$-I\$(X) THEN I-I(X)1910 NEXTX: IFI=0 THEN1930 ELSEIF I>CL THEN1930 1920 IFCR\$(I)<>"" THEN2080 1930 SOUND1,1:GOT01730 1940 '--- SCROLL CR UP/DOWN 1950 I(1)=I(1)+(SE-1) 1960 IFI(1)+(SE-1)>CL THENI(1)-C L-(SE-1):IFI(1)<1 THENI(1)=1 1970 GOTO1680 1980 I(1)=I(1)-(SE-1):IF I(1)<1 THENI (1)-1 1990 GOTO1680 2000 '--- SCROLL CR SIDEWAYS 2810 I(0)=I(0)+1:GOTO2030

2020 I(0)=I(0)-1:IFI(0)<1 THENI( 0)-1 2030 GOSUB260:GOSUB240:PP=72:FOR X=I(1) TO (I(1)+(SE-1))2040 PRINT@PP.STRING\$(23,CHR\$(14 3));:IFX<(IN+1) THENPX=PP:GOSUB1 630 2050 PP=PP+32:NEXTX 2060 SOUND200,1:GOT01730 2070 '--- CR ITEM UPDATE 2080 SOUND200.1:GOSUB890:GOSUB64 2090 GOSUB100 2100 IFK>0 ANDK<NE+1 THENGOSUB79 Ø:GOT02080 2110 IFK\$="M" THENGOSUB200:GOTO3 290 2120 IFK\$="R" THENGOSUB200:GOTO1 660 213Ø IFK\$="D" THEN74Ø 2140 IFK\$="C" THENGOSUB280:IFK>0 AND K<NE+1 THEN2100 ELSEIFK\$="R " THEN2120 ELSEIFK\$="X" THEN2180 ELSE2Ø8Ø 2150 IFK\$="N" THEN2220 2160 IFK\$="S" THENIO-2:GOSUB2480 :GOSUB200:GOTO1660 2170 IFK\$-"P" THENGOSUB200:GOSUB 2710:GOT01660 218Ø IFK\$="X" THENI(1)=1:GOSUB2Ø 0:IFIE\$="e" THEN1660 ELSE1050 2190 IFK\$="0" THENGOSUB2260:GOTO 1660 2200 SOUND1,1:GOTO2090 2210 '--- NEW CR 2220 CL=CL+1:IFCL>IN THENCL=IN:G OSUB1000:GOSUB200:GOTO1660 2230 I=CL:I(1)=CL-(SE-1):IFI(1)< THENI(1)=12240 CR\$(I)="\*\*\* NEW \*\*\*":CA(I)= 0:CB\$(I)="I":CB(I,0)=0:CF(I)=1:C Y(I)=0:GOSUB890:GOSUB640:K\$="C": GOT02140 2250 '--- OPEN NEW PERIOD 2260 CLS:SOUND200,1:PRINT@33,STR ING\$(30,CHR\$(140)):I(0)=1:PRINTTAB(3)"SHIFT AND OPEN NEW PERIOD" :PRINT TAB(1)STRING\$(30,CHR\$(131 )):GOSUB243Ø 227Ø PP=196:Y=0:FORX=1T03:PRINT@ PP.USINGA5\$; PD\$(X+Y):: PRINT@PP+9 .USINGA5\$:PD\$(X+1+Y)::PRINT@PP+1 8.USINGA5\$;PD\$(X+2+Y);:PP=PP+64: Y=Y+2:NEXTX 228Ø IFCL-Ø OR DL-Ø THENPRINT@42 1, "MUST ENTER AT LEAST 1 INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEM"::K\$-I NKEY\$:IFK\$-"" THEN2280 ELSERETUR 2290 PRINT@460, "SURE?":: GOSUB60: IFK\$<>"Y" THENGOSUB200: RETURN 2300 GOSUB2390: PRINT@384." EN PERIOD FOR: ":XX\$::GOSUB120:G OSUB180: PRINT@448." ing periods"; 2310 FORX=1TO DL:DY(X)=DY(X)+DR( X,1):IFDB\$(X)="I" THENDB(X,0)=DB  $(X,\emptyset)+DR(X,1)$  ELSEDB $(X,\emptyset)=DB(X,\emptyset)$ )-DR(X,1)2320 FORY=1TO NE-1:DR(X,Y)=DR(X,  $Y+1):NEXTY:DR(X,NE)=\emptyset:IFDF(X)=1$ THENDR(X, NE)=DA(X):NEXTX:GOTO234 Ø ELSE2330 2330 Z1=0:FORZ=NE-(DF(X)-1) TO N E-1:Z1=Z1+DR(X,Z):NEXTZ:IFZ1>Ø T HENNEXTX ELSEDR(X, NE) = DA(X): NEXT

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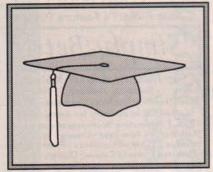
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Add \$2.50 S & H Ont. Add 8% tax Visa, Mastercard X.1):IFCB\$(X)="I" THENCB(X,Ø)=CB  $(X.\emptyset)+CR(X.1)$  ELSECB(X. $\emptyset$ )=CB(X, $\emptyset$ )-CR(X.1) 2350 FORY=1TO NE-1:CR(X,Y)=CR(X, Y+1):NEXTY:CR(X,NE)=0:IFCF(X)=1

2340 FORX=1TO CL:CY(X)=CY(X)+CR(

THENCR(X, NE)=CA(X):NEXTX:GOTO237



2360 Z1=0:FORZ=(NE-(CF(X)-1)) TO NE-1:Z1=Z1+CR(X,Z):NEXTZ:IFZ1>Ø THENNEXTX ELSECR(X, NE)-CA(X):NE XTX 237Ø FORY-1TO NE-1:PD\$(Y)-PD\$(Y+

1):NEXTY

2380 PD\$(NE)=XX\$:H\$="Y":GOSUB200 : RETURN

2390 '---GET DATE

2400 GOSUB180:GOSUB150:PRINT@448 .::LINEINPUT" PERIOD MONTH (MM) ":XX\$:IFXX\$="" THEN2400 ELSEXM \$-LEFT\$(XX\$,2)

241Ø GOSUB18Ø:GOSUB15Ø:PRINT@448 ,::LINEINPUT" PERIOD DAY (DD) ":XX\$:IFXX\$="" THEN2410 ELSEXD \$-LEFT\$(XX\$,2):XX\$=XM\$+"/"+XD\$:R ETURN

2420 '--- INIT DATES DISPLAY 2430 X\$-STRING\$(7,BB\$):PP=163:Y= Ø:FORX=1T03:PRINT@PP.X\$::PRINT@P P+1, "per";: PRINT@PP+09.X\$;: PRINT @PP+10."per"::PRINT@PP+18,X\$::PR

INT@PP+19."per" 2440 POKE(1024+PP+5),(I(0)+X+Y+4 7):POKE(1024+PP+14),(I(0)+X+Y+1+ 47):POKE(1024+PP+23),(I(0)+X+Y+2

+47)

245Ø PRINT@PP+32, CHR\$(133); : PRIN T@PP+32+6,CHR\$(138);:PRINT@PP+32 +09, CHR\$(133);:PRINT@PP+32+15, CH R\$(138)::PRINT@PP+32+18,CHR\$(133 )::PRINT@PP+32+24.CHR\$(138)::PP=

PP+64:Y=Y+2:NEXTX

2460 X\$-STRING\$(7,CHR\$(131)):PRI NT@PP.X\$::PRINT@PP+09,X\$::PRINT@

PP+18,X\$::RETURN 2470 '--- I/O ROUTINES

248Ø GOSUB13Ø:SOUND2ØØ,1:IFIO-1 THENIO\$="load" ELSEIO\$="save' 2490 GOSUB180: PRINT@454, IO\$+" fi

";PW\$;:IFI0=2 THEN2590 1e -2500 '--- LOAD FILE

2510 SOUND220,1:FL\$="B"+PW\$+".BU D": OPEN" I", #1, FL\$: SOUND220, 1: INP

UT#1.DL,CL

2520 FORX=1TO DL:INPUT#1,DR\$(X),  $DA(X),DB$(X),DB(X,\emptyset),DY(X),DF(X)$ 2530 FORY=1TO NE: INPUT#1, DR(X,Y) · NFXTY . X

2540 FORX=1TO CL:INPUT#1,CR\$(X)  $CA(X), CB$(X), CB(X,\emptyset), CY(X), CF(X)$  2550 FORY=1TO NE:INPUT#1,CR(X,Y) : NEXTY . X 2560 FORX=1TO NE: INPUT#1, PD\$(X): NEXTX 2570 CLOSE#1:H\$="Y":GOSUB120:GOS UB200: RETURN 2580 '---SAVE FILE 2590 SOUND220.1: OPEN "O",#1,FL\$: SOUND220,1:WRITE#1,DL,CL 2600 FORX-1TO DL:WRITE#1,DR\$(X)  $DA(X),DB$(X),DB(X,\emptyset),DY(X),DF(X)$ 2610 FORY=1TO NE:WRITE#1, DR(X,Y) : NEXTY, X 2620 FORX=1TO CL:WRITE#1,CR\$(X).  $CA(X).CB$(X).CB(X.\emptyset).CY(X).CF(X)$ 2630 FORY=1TO NE:WRITE#1.CR(X,Y) : NEXTY.X 264Ø FORX=1TO NE:WRITE#1.PD\$(X):

NEXTX 2650 CLOSE#1:GOSUB120:RETURN

2660 '--- CREATE NEW FILE 2670 CLS:SOUND200,1:FL\$="B"+PW\$+ ".BUD":

2680 PRINT@33.::PRINTTAB(1)STRIN G\$(30,CHR\$(156));:PRINT" TER PERIOD DATES": PRINTTAB(1)STR ING\$(30,CHR\$(147));:GOSUB2430 2690 PP=196:FORX=1TO NE:PRINT@41

8. "ENTER DATE FOR PERIOD": X:: GOS UB24ØØ:PD\$(X)=XX\$:PRINT@PP,PD\$(X )::PP=PP+9:IFX=3 ORX=6 THENPP=PP +37:NEXTX: ELSENEXTX 2695 GOSUB160:GOTO1660

2700 '--- PRINT ROUTINE 2710 GOSUB180: PRINT@449. PRINT TBLS:aMT pYMTS/DUE

rETURN"::GOSUB100 DAL 2720 IFK\$="A" THENGOSUB2760:GOTO 2790

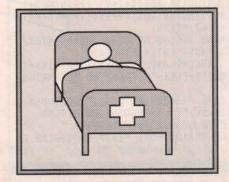
2730 IFK\$="P" THENGOSUB2760:GOTO

3100 2740 IFK\$="B" THENGOSUB2760:GOTO 289Ø ELSERETURN

2750 '--- SETUP PRINTER CODES 2760 GOSUB130:GOSUB180:PRINT@459

"printing":

277Ø POKE15Ø.18:00\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR \$(23):Q1\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(66)+CHR\$ (1):Q2\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(66)+CHR\$(Ø ):03\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(31):Q4\$=CHR\$ (27)+CHR\$(32):PRINT#-2.QØ\$::RETU



RN 2780 '--- PRINT TABLE 2790 GOSUB3030: PRINT#-2,Q1\$;Q3\$; SØ\$:"FORCASTED BUDGET AMOUNTS FO R: ":PW\$:LC=LC+1 2800 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,S0\$;"INCO ME AMOUNTS": LC-LC+2: GOSUB3010 2810 FORX-1TO CL:PRINT#-2,S2\$;S2 \$::PRINT#-2,USINGA8\$;CR\$(X);:PRI NT#-2." ":: FORY=1TO NE: PRINT#-2. USINGN7\$; CR(X,Y); : PRINT#-2,S2\$;: NEXTY: PRINT#-2: LC-LC+1: GOSUB2990 : NEXTX

282Ø PRINT#-2,Q1\$;Q3\$;:GOSUB3Ø8Ø :PRINT#-2.52\$:S2\$:"TOTAL ORX=1TO NE:PRINT#-2.USINGN7\$:CT( X);:PRINT#-2,S2\$;:NEXTX:PRINT#-2 .Q2\$:Q4\$:LC=LC+1:GOSUB2990

2830 PRINT#-2: PRINT#-2, Q1\$: Q3\$: S Ø\$; "EXPENSE AMOUNTS": LC=LC+2: GOS UB3Ø1Ø

284Ø FORX=1TO DL:PRINT#-2.S2\$;S2 \$::PRINT#-2,USINGA8\$;DR\$(X);:PRI NT#-2." "::FORY=1TO NE:PRINT#-2. USINGN7\$;DR(X,Y);:PRINT#-2,S2\$;: NEXTY:PRINT#-2:LC-LC+1:GOSUB2990 :NEXTX

285Ø PRINT#-2,Q1\$;Q3\$;:GOSUB3080 :PRINT#-2, S2\$; S2\$; "TOTAL ORX=1TO NE:PRINT#-2,USINGN7\$;DT( X);:PRINT#-2,S2\$;:NEXTX:PRINT#-2 Q2\$;Q4\$:LC-LC+1:GOSUB2990

2860 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,Q1\$;Q3\$;S Ø\$: "BUDGET PERIOD BALANCE": LC-LC +2:GOSUB3010

2870 PRINT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$:S2\$:S2\$:"B ALANCE ":: FORX-1TO NE: PRINT#-2. USINGN7\$:BL(X)::PRINT#-2,S2\$::NE XTX:PRINT#-2,Q1\$;Q3\$:LC=LC+1:GOS

UB2970:GOSUB120:RETURN 2880 '---- PRINT BALANCES 2890 GOSUB3030: PRINT#-2.Q1\$;Q3\$;

SØ\$;"FORCASTED BUDGET BALANCES F OR: ":PW\$:LC=LC+1

2900 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,SØ\$;"INCO ME BALANCES": LC=LC+2:GOSUB3010 2910 FORX=1TO CL:PRINT#-2.S2\$;S2 \$::PRINT#-2,USINGA8\$;CR\$(X);:PRI NT#-2,""::FORY=1TO NE:IFCB\$(X)=" I" THENCB(X,Y)=CB(X,Y-1)+CR(X,Y)

ELSECB(X,Y)=CB(X,Y-1)-CR(X,Y)2920 PRINT#-2, USINGN9\$; CB(X,Y);: PRINT#-2,"";:NEXTY:PRINT#-2:LC=L C+1:GOSUB2990:NEXTX

2930 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$:S Ø\$; "EXPENSE BALANCES"; Q2\$; Q4\$: LC -LC+2:GOSUB3010

294Ø FORX=1TO DL:PRINT#-2,S2\$;S2 \$::PRINT#-2,USINGA8\$:DR\$(X);:PRI NT#-2.""::FOR Y=1TO NE:IFDB\$(X)= "I" THENDB(X,Y)=DB(X,Y-1)+DR(X,Y) ELSEDB(X,Y)=DB(X,Y-1)-DR(X,Y) 2950 PRINT#-2,USINGN9\$;DB(X,Y);: PRINT#-2,"";:NEXTY:PRINT#-2:LC-L C+1:GOSUB2990:NEXTX:GOSUB2970:GO

SUB120: RETURN 2960 '--- END OF PAGE LINES 2970 FORW-LC TO 65: PRINT#-2: NEXT W:LC-0:RETURN

298Ø '--- PAGE

2990 IFLC<60 THENRETURN ELSEGOSU B2970: FORW=1TO 5: PRINT#-2: NEXTW: LC-5:GOSUB3010:RETURN

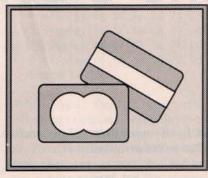
3000 '--- PRINT DATE LINE 3010 PRINT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$::GOSUB3080 :PRINT#-2.S2\$;S2\$;"PERIOD> :FORW=1TO NE:PRINT#-2,PD\$(W);S2\$ :S2\$::NEXTW:PRINT#-2:GOSUB3080:P RINT#-2.Q2\$;Q4\$;:LC=LC+1:RETURN 3020 '--- PRINT HEADING

3030 FORX=1T05:PRINT#-2:NEXTX:PR INT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$:SØ\$:"HOME BUDGET ANALYST"::PRINT#-2,Q2\$;Q4\$:LC=6: RETURN

3040 '--- PRINT TITLE LINE 3050 PRINT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$::GOSUB3080

:PRINT#-2.SØ\$;S5\$;" CURR YTD CURRENT REMAIN ENT ING" 3060 PRINT#-2,S5\$;S0\$;"DESC BALANCE BALANCE AMOUNT ALANCE":GOSUB3Ø8Ø:PRINT#-2,Q2\$;Q 45::LC-LC+2:RETURN 3070 '--- PRINT DASH LINE 3080 PRINT#-2, S2\$; S2\$; STRING\$(8, "-")::FORW=1TO NE:PRINT#-2.STRIN G\$(9."-")::NEXTW:PRINT#-2:LC=LC+ 1:RETURN 3090 '--- PRINT SINGLE PERIOD RO UTINE 3100 GOSUB3030: PRINT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$: SØ\$:"PAYMENTS FOR: ":PW\$:S2\$:S5\$
:" BUDGET PERIOD: ":PD\$(1):LC=LC 3110 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2.SØ\$:"INCO ME ITEMS": LC-LC+2: GOSUB3050: FORX -1TO CL: IFCR(X.1)-0 THEN3170 3120 PRINT#-2, S5\$; SØ\$; : PRINT#-2, USINGA8\$; CR\$(X); : PRINT#-2," "; : P RINT#-2, USINGN7\$; CR(X,1); : PRINT# -2.S2\$: 3130 CY=CY(X)+CR(X,1):PRINT#-2,USINGN9\$:CY::PRINT#-2.S2\$::IFCB\$( X)-"I" THEN3150 3140 CB(X,1)=CB(X,0)-CR(X,1):PRI NT#-2.S5\$:SØ\$::PRINT#-2.USINGN9\$ :CB(X,1)::GOTO3160 3150 CB(X,1)=CB(X,0)+CR(X,1):PRINT#-2, USINGN9\$; CB(X,1); 3160 PRINT#-2, S5\$: SØ\$;: PRINT#-2: LC=LC+1:GOSUB2990 3170 NEXTX 3180 PRINT#-2.Q1\$:Q3\$::GOSUB3080 :PRINT#-2, S5\$; SØ\$; "TOTAL RINT#-2, USINGN7\$; CT(1);:PRINT#-2 .S2\$::PRINT#-2,Q2\$:Q4\$:LC-LC+1:G OSUB2990 3190 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,Q1\$:Q3\$;S Ø\$:"EXPENSE ITEMS": LC=LC+2:GOSUB 3050 3200 FORX=1TO DL: IFDR(X,1)=0 THE N3260 3210 PRINT#-2, S5\$; SØ\$; : PRINT#-2 USINGA8\$;DR\$(X);:PRINT#-2," ";:P RINT#-2.USINGN7\$;DR(X,1);:PRINT# -2.S2\$; 3220 DY=DY(X)+DR(X,1):PRINT#-2.U SINGN9\$;DY::PRINT#-2.S2\$::IFDB\$( \*)="I" THEN3240 3230 DB(X,1)=DB(X,0)-DR(X,1):PRI NT#-2.SØ\$;:PRINT#-2.USINGN9\$;DB( X.1);:GOTO3250

3240 DB(X,1)=DB(X,0)+DR(X,1):PRI NT#-2.USINGN9\$;DB(X,1);3250 PRINT#-2, S5\$; SØ\$; : PRINT#-2: LC-LC+1:GOSUB2990 326Ø NEXTX 3270 PRINT#-2,Q1\$;Q3\$;:GOSUB3080 :PRINT#-2,S5\$;SØ\$;"TOTAL ";:PRINT#-2.USINGN7\$;DT(1);:PRINT#-2."
BUDGET BALANCE "::PRINT#-2 .USINGN7\$:BL(1)::PRINT#-2.S2\$::L



C=LC+1:GOSUB2990:GOSUB2970:GOSUB 120: RETURN 3280 '--- MENU 3290 CLS:SOUND200,1:PRINT@64,""; :GOSUB3560 3300 PRINT@256," SAVE FILE OPEN NEW PER DRINT INCOME DSPLY rEAD NEW FILE **EXPENSE DSPLY** qUIT": 3310 PRINT@419."CURRENT FILE -: PW\$: 332Ø GOSUB365Ø:IFK\$="" THEN332Ø 3330 IFK\$="S" THENIO=2:GOSUB2480 :GOSUB200:GOT03290 3340 IFK\$="P" THENGOSUB2710:I(1) -1:GOT03290 3350 IFK\$="0" THENGOSUB2260:GOTO 3290 3360 IFK\$="R" THENRUN 3370 IFK\$="I" THENI(1)=1:GOTO166 338Ø IFK\$="E" THENI(1)=1:GOTO105 3390 IFK\$="X" THENGOSUB130:SAVE" BUD.BAS":GOSUB120:GOTO3320 3400 IFK\$="Q" THENGOSUB130:CLS:P RINT"BUDGET PROGRAM TERMINATED": END 3410 GOTO3320

3430 CLEAR1100:GOSUB120:EN=45:IN =15:NE=9:SE=9 3440 DIMDR\$(EN), DA(EN), DB\$(EN), D Y(EN), DF(EN) 3450 DIMCR\$(IN), CA(IN), CB\$(IN), C Y(IN), CF(IN)3460 DIMDR(EN, NE), DB(EN, NE): DIMC R(IN.NE).CB(IN.NE) 3470 DIMPD\$(NE).BL(NE).DT(NE).CT (NE) 3480 DIMI\$(SE), I(SE), IX\$(SE) 3490 I(0)-1:DL-0:CL-0 3500 FORX=1TO SE: READIX\$(X), I\$(X ).I(X):NEXTX 3510 DATA a.A.1,b.B.2,c.C.3.d.D. 4,e,E,5,f,F,6,g,G,7,h,H,8,i,I,9 3520 N1\$="#":N7\$="####.##":N8\$=" ####.##-":N9\$="#####.##." 353Ø A5\$="% %": A6\$="% 8\$="% 0/ ++ 3540 BB\$=CHR\$(128):S2\$=" ":S5\$= ":GOSUB35 ":SØ\$=" 60:GOT03590 3550 '--- TITLE SCREEN 3560 SOUND200.1:CLS:PRINT@100."h ome"; BB\$; "budget"; BB\$; "analyst"; BB\$;BB\$:POKE(1024+121),52:POKE(1 024+122).46:POKE(1024+123).48:PR INT 3570 PRINT" BY: GLEN DUFUR":P RINT" COPYRIGHT (C) 1989": RET URN 3580 '--- PASSWORD 3590 PRINT: PRINTTAB(4): LINEINPUT "PASSWORD: ":PW\$:PW\$-LEFT\$(PW\$,5 3600 PRINT@324."10AD EXISTING BU DGET": PRINT@388. "CREATE NEW BUDG ET":PRINT@456."SELECT OPTION"
3610 GOSUB3650:IFK\$="" THEN3610 362Ø IFK\$="C" THEN267Ø 363Ø IFK\$="L" THENIO=1:GOSUB248Ø :GOT01660 364Ø SOUND1.5:GOTO361Ø 365Ø IFXX\$=CHR\$(145) THENXX\$=CHR \$(146):XY\$=CHR\$(148):XZ\$=CHR\$(15 Ø): ELSEXX\$=CHR\$(145):XY\$=CHR\$(1 52):XZ\$=CHR\$(153) 366Ø PRINT@66, CHR\$(138)::PRINTST RING\$(26,XX\$);CHR\$(133);:PRINT@1 30, CHR\$(138); STRING\$(26, XY\$); CHR \$(133); 3670 K\$=INKEY\$:PRINT@99.BB\$;:PRI NT@124,BB\$::RETURN
3680 '---PCLEAR ROUTINE 3690 PCLEAR1:GOT03430

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# 'tis Still the C Zen

by Greg Law Technical Editor

revious installments in this series have shown how to open existing files, create new files and check for the existence of files. The actual task of reading and writing using the low-level functions is accomplished with read(), readln(), write() and writeln(). For assembly language buffs, these are direct equivalents of the I\$Read, I\$ReadLn, I\$Write and I\$WritLn system calls. That is, the read() function passes its parameters directly to the I\$Read system call. The primary purpose of read() and write() is to read and write a stream of binary data, although both functions work with streams of ASCII data just as well. On the other hand, readln() and writeln() are primarily intended to read and write ASCII data, as well as use the line-editing capabilities built into the sequential character file (SCF) manager.

Let's carry this definition a bit further. Assume you have a program that reads 12 characters from the keyboard, and you type the following as input:

Now\bt not\bw\n

\b is the backspace character and \n is the carriage return character. If you use the read() function, the actual data stored in the buffer is

Now\bt not\bw\n

As you can see, the backspace characters are stored in the buffer exactly as you typed

In addition to being OS-9 Online SIGOP, Greg Law enjoys programming on all types of computers and has worked on systems ranging from the CoCo to the Burroughs B6700 super mainframe. He lives in Louisville, Kentucky.

them. But if you use the readin() function, the data stored in the buffer is

Not now\n

In this case, the line-editing capabilities built into SCF take over and interpret the backspace characters. Another difference between these two functions is that read() reads the specified number of characters from the input device. In other words, if you tell read() to read 12 characters, it reads exactly 12 characters unless it encounters an end-of-line character, which is usually a carriage return or the ENTER key. Also, readln() reads the specified number of characters and stops reading when it encounters an end-of-line character. The difference is that the last character typed for readln() must be an end-of-line character. For example, if you tell readln() to read 12 characters, it accepts the first 11 characters typed from the keyboard. If you press any key other than ENTER for the 12th character, the speaker beeps and the character is discarded (or thrown into the bit bucket).



Experiment with the sample program in Listing 1 to get used to the differences between read() and readln(). First, a character array is declared that can hold up to 25 characters. A loop is used to initialize the contents of the array to spaces. This is done so as to know exactly what is stored in the array to check the results. Otherwise, the character array would contain miscellaneous garbage and the results of the test would be meaningless. In the next step, read() is called to read 12 characters from the keyboard into the array. The number of characters actually read is assigned to the

variable count. This is where the fun be gins. The printf() function is used to tel the number of characters read from the keyboard. The hexadecimal values for the characters in the array are then printed on the screen. This process is repeated for the readln() function so you can compare the results. Run the program and type Now\b-not\bw twice. The following is printed on the screen:

Read 12 characters 4E 6F 77 08 74 20 6E 6F 74 08 77 0D 20..

Read 8 characters 4E 6F 74 20 6E 6F 77 0D 20...

Remember I am using \b to represent th backspace character, which is the left ar row on the keyboard. As you can see, th read() function reads the input typed o the keyboard exactly as you typed it and th last character read is the carriage return. O the other hand, the readln() function erase the previous character typed each tim backspace was pressed. There is another subtle difference you should have notice on the screen. During the read() call eac time backspace was pressed the curso moved to the left one position, but th character at that position remained on th screen. During the readin() call, each tim backspace was pressed the cursor moved t the left one position and the character a that position was erased.

Run the program once more, but the time type Not now without the backspace and press ENTER. This time both read(and readln() act exactly the same. For the final comparison run the program and typ Now is the time once to test the read(function. For best results wait a second of two before pressing each key and stotyping when printf() prints the results of the screen. read() stopped reading the input and the results were printed immediated

after the t in time was pressed. Type Now is the time again to test the readin() function. Did you hear the speaker beep when you pressed t in time? If you complete the sentence by pressing i, m and e, the speaker beeps each time you press a key. Complete the input by pressing ENTER. As mentioned above, the last character typed in response to readin() must be a carriage return, any other characters typed beyond this point are ignored.



So far we have examined the effects of read() and readin() only on sequential character devices, such as the keyboard and the monitor. The end result is that SCF has given us the ability to use its line editing functions to interpret backspaces and such. But what are the effects of using read() and readln() from a disk file?

Type the following to build a test file:

build make\_test ? display 4e 6f 77 08 74 20 ? display 6e 6f 74 08 77 0d ? display 4e 6f 77 08 74 20 ? display 6e 6f 74 08 77 0d ? press ENTER

When you finish, type make\_test >test.dat to create a data file we can use. This creates the same data (Nowbt not\bw\n) we used in our first test. Finally, type read\_test <test.dat and examine the results printed on the screen. Both read() and readin() read the data exactly as it was stored in the file and the backspaces were not interpreted. For another test, type the following:

build test2.dat ? Now is the time ? Now is the time ? press ENTER

Type read\_test <test2.dat and press EN-TER. This time read() reads exactly 12 characters from the file and readin() reads the remainder of the sentence up to the carriage return. If you haven't already guessed, the second sentence hasn't been read yet.

The write() and writeln() functions work in the same manner as the read() and readIn() functions. That is, the data given to write() is written on the device with no conversions whatsoever. On the other hand, the data given to writeln() is passed through the SCF editing functions. Also be aware that writeln() writes the data in the buffer up to the specified number of bytes, but writeln() stops short if a carriage return is encountered.

As an exercise, create a couple of short programs and experiment with these four functions. What other information can you discover about the effects of these functions on SCF and RBF devices?

1

**OS-9** 



```
The Listing: read_test.c
main()
     char array[25]:
     int count;
int i;
     for(i = 0; i < 25; i++)
          array[i] = 32;
     count - read(0, array, 12);
     printf("\nRead %d characters\n", count);
     for(i = 0; i < 25; i++)
          printf("%02X ", (int) array[i]):
     printf("\n");
     for(i = 0; i < 25; i++)
          array[i] - 32;
     count = readln(0, array, 12);
     printf("Read %d characters\n", count);
     for(i = 0; i < 25; i++)
          printf("%02X ", (int) array[i]):
     printf("\n");
```

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#### **Novices Niche**

#### Neat Labels by Keiran Kenny

As a tape user, I do not like database programs that require me to load a working program and then load a file that has been saved separately (and probably on another tape). I developed a program to retain a limited list of addresses in data lines as in the examples in lines 1000 to 1040 and print any or all of them on 4½-by-1½ fanfold labels. It can also be used to type one-time addresses that do not need to be retained and print them on labels.

To use the program, type a few data lines as in the examples. You can have any number from one to seven lines in each address. The length of a line should not exceed 31 characters. Line 1020 contains only one line. Each data line must end with XX and the last data line must read DATA ZZ as in Line 2000.

To begin the program, select Option I on the menu screen. This brings the first address to the screen and a prompt to press the space bar to print. Each address is held on the screen for a count of 1200 by the loop in Line 230. If you don't press the space bar within this time, the next address is displayed. The value of DL is established in Line 10 and can be changed to vary the duration of the display.

To print an address, have the top of your first label flush with the top of the ribbon, the left edge of the label at Position 0, and press the space bar. The label is printed with the text centered. The

printer then advances to the top of the next label.

Line 290 establishes how many blank lines (TM) are to be printed at the top of the label. The loop in lines 300 to 330 sets the length of the longest line in your address. This line is centered under TAB(20), TB, as in Line 20. The loop in Line 380 prints the number of blank lines needed at the bottom of the label to bring up the next label.

Once the addresses in the data lines have been printed, you are returned to the menu. Press 2 to type and print a one-time address. The entry POKE282,0 in Line 110 puts the CoCo in upper/lowercase mode and POKE282,255 in lines 100 and 120 puts it in an all capitals mode. You can type up to seven lines, but if you have less than seven, type the last line and press SHIFT-up arrow. A little left-arrow appears on the screen and the address is printed as before.

The program is not fast, but I have found it simple and effective enough for a limited purpose. If you do not have Extended Color BASIC use INPUT instead of LINEINPUT in Line 260, but avoid using the comma and the colon when typing one-time addresses. They can be used in a data line if the text is in quotes.

Line 30 sets the transmission rate at 2400 baud. This can be changed for compatibility with your printer. The controls for NLQ bold in Line 150 are for a DMP-130A printer. This line can be omitted or changed as needed for your printer.

#### The Listing: LABELS

0 'NEAT LABELS
1 'WRITTEN BY KEIRAN KENNY
2 'COPYRIGHT (C) JANUARY 1991
3 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
10 CLS:DL=1200
20 TB=20 'TAB(20)
30 POKE150.18 '2400 baud.
40 PRINT@64,"DO YOU WANT TO:":PR
INT
50 PRINTTAB(2)"1. PRINT ADDRESSE
S IN DATA?":PRINT
60 PRINTTAB(2)"2. TYPE AND PRINT
ONE-OFF".TAB(5)"ADDRESSES?":PRI

70 PRINTTAB(2)"3. END PROGRAM?": PRINT 80 PRINTTAB(8)"PRESS 1, 2 OR 3." 90 K\$-INKEY\$: IFK\$-""THEN90 100 IFK\$="1"THENPOKE282,255:GOTO 110 IFK\$="2"THENPOKE282.0:GOT014 120 IFK\$="3"THENPOKE282,255:CLS: END 13Ø GOT09Ø 140 PRINT: PRINT" PRINTER READY? -PRESS ANY KEY.": EXEC44539 150 PRINT#-2.CHR\$(27); CHR\$(18); C HR\$(27); CHR\$(31); 'NLQ Bold 160 IFK\$="2"THENCLS:PRINT@32,"TY PE ADDRESS: ": PRINT@64: GOT0250 170 N=N+1:READN\$(N):IFN\$(N)="ZZ" THENCLS: RESTORE: N=0: PRINT"DATA E ND.":GOTO4ØELSEIFN\$(N)="XX"THENN -N-1:CLS:GOTO18ØELSE17Ø 180 PRINT@128 190 FORT-1TON 200 PRINTN\$(T) 210 NEXT 220 PRINT: PRINTTAB(3) "PRESS SPAC EBAR TO PRINT." 23Ø FORD-1TODL: NEXT: IFINKEY\$-CHR \$(32)THEN29ØELSEN-Ø:CLS:GOTO17Ø 240 PRINT: PRINTTAB(3) "PRINT? Y/N 25Ø FORN=1T07 260 PRINT"LINE"N: CHR\$(8)":";:LIN EINPUTN\$(N) 270 IFN=7THEN290ELSEIFN\$(N)=CHR\$ (95)THENN-N-1:GOT0290 28Ø NEXT 290 TM=INT((9-N)/2) 300 FORT-ITON 310 IFLEN(N\$(T))>Z THEN320ELSE33 320 Z-LEN(N\$(T)) 33Ø NEXT 340 FORD-ITOTM: PRINT#-2: NEXT 35Ø FORT-ITON 360 PRINT#-2.TAB(TB-(Z/2))N\$(T) 370 NEXT 380 FORD=1T09-N-TM:PRINT#-2:NEXT 390 Z=0:N=0:IFK\$="1"THEN170ELSE4 1000 DATA The Tandy Corporation, 300 One Tandy Center. Fort Worth TX.U.S.A. 76102.XX 1010 DATA The Submissions Editor ,RAINBOW, P.O. Box 385, Prospect K

Y.U.S.A. 40059.XX

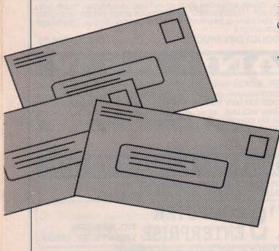
2090,XX

2000 DATA ZZ

1020 DATA MR. William P. Nutt.XX 1030 DATA Keiran Kenny,2/45 Crem

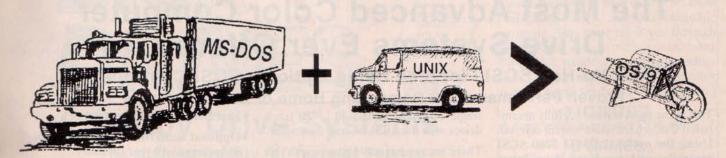
orne Road, Cremorne NSW, Australia

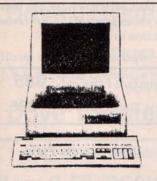
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# Jumpman

by Phil Strofffolino omputer animation can be frustrating and time-consuming for novices as well as for the most experienced programmers. Especially frustrating are the so-called experts who constantly criticize Extended BASIC as being inadequate for video games and other applications involving speed or graphics.

it is possible to push BASIC to its limits and accomplish the same tasks. *Jumpman* is a program written entirely in BASIC for use with a CoCo 1, 2 or 3 with at least 32K of memory. *Jumpman* uses intricate techniques to

Machine language is fast, but in many cases

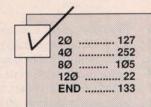
Jumpman uses intricate techniques to move objects, scroll the screen and manipulate the playing character. Use the left and right arrow keys to move the character, and the space bar to cause him to jump over obstacles that appear on the screen.

Most of the program's work is performed using GET and PUT. The flowers and "arrows" used as obstacles are drawn in Line 10 and stored in variables E and F. The three positions used by Jumpman are drawn in lines 20 and 30. They are stored in variables M1, M2 and M3. The "dead" Jumpman is drawn in Line 40 and stored in M4. Finally the title screen is drawn in Line 50, and the game starts at Line 60.

I hope you'll find *Jumpman* enjoyable, as well as a helpful source when writing your own animation routines.

Phil Stroffolino is a self-taught programmer specializing in video games. He is currently performing contract work for local businesses. He can be contacted at 5858 Southminster, Houston, TX 77035. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.





#### The Listing: JUMPMAN

Ø 'JUMPMAP

WRITTEN BY PHIL STROFFOLINO 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 4 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 10 CLSØ:CLEAR500:PCLEAR8:PMODE1, 1:PCLS3:DIMM1(12),M2(12),M3(12) M4(12), F(8), E(8): DRAW"S8BM128, 4C 2NE2F2BR3H2E2BR2BDGFBM128,96C4DR 2DER2DERUBL3C2LBD2C1D2L2HBR7GL2N U2DL":GET(128,0)-(142,8),F:GET(1 28,96)-(142,138),E 20 DRAW"BM10,0C4R5FL8GNR11GDER2D 2EUR3C2R2DL4GR9FL4FR3GL2C4DLU2HD 2HUC2L6U2LD2HD2R7FNL7FL4C1L3GR11 DL11DR11GL9BE9LUR":GET(Ø,Ø)-(3Ø,

30).M1:PUT(32.0)-(62.30).M1:DRAW

"BM2,20C4R4FL5FR5C2R3UNL3BR4UBG4

C4L5DR6BM32.18EFLGR3DNL2RC2R2UL2 BR1ØRD2C4HLFL3GR4GL2 3Ø DRAW"BL8EL4DR2DLBM72, ØR5FL8GN

R11GDER2D2EUR3C2R2DL4GR9FL4FR3GL 2C4DLU2HD2HUC2L6U2LD2HD2R7FNL7FL 4C1L3FR6GL5GR8DL8FR8C4R2EL3UR3UL 3ER2BDBL13C2DLULUR3C4NR2DNR2BD3G U2LD2BLBUBE1ØC1RUL":GET(Ø,Ø)-(3Ø 3Ø), M1:GET(32,Ø)-(62,3Ø), M2:GET (64,0)-(94,30),M3

40 DRAW"BM98.0C4D4EUFNU3ED3ENU4R U2FNU3RURNU2R2NU2R2NU2GC1D2LU2LD 2HC2UGLDNL2R2BR4U2F2LFL14UR2ULBD 3NR8LFR7FNL4FL3FR4BU2REL2HR3BL4C 4FL2FRBD4R2FL3BL3L3DNR4BH6NRD2C2 D2FNR2U2NR3U2R2HC1R3GR3FNL6DNR4L 3DNR6DLUL2":GET(96,0)-(126,30).M

50 CLS6:SCREENØ.Ø:PMODE3,1:PCLS3 :DRAW"BM40.38C4D12NL12BR4NU12R12 NU12BR4U12F6E6D12BR4U12R12D6NL12 BD6BR4U12F6E6D12BR4U12R12D6NL12D 6BR4U12F12U12":SCREEN1, Ø:B=1:FOR I=2T014STEP2:COLORB:B=3-B:LINE(I .I)-(254-I,96-I),PSET,B:NEXT 60 J(7)=-24:J(6)=-16:J(5)=-8:J(4 )-Ø:J(3)-8:J(2)-16:J(1)-24:PMODE 3.5:PCLS3:FORI-ØTO3:PMODE1,I+4:C OLOR4:LINE(0.178)-(255,190).PSET .BF:DRAW"C2BMØ.176R127BMØ.191R12 7":B=I:X=Ø

70 B=B+1+4\*(B=3): IFB=0THENDRAW"B M-X:.176DNL4NR4DNLNRD3NLNRDNL4R4 80 X-X+16:IFX<256THEN7ØELSENEXT 90 PMODE3.1:PCLS3:L-0:C--8:A-0:B -5:W-1:X-32:K-0:Y-78:J-0:M-0:S-0 :PMODE1.3:SCREEN1.0:POKE65478.0 100 W-1: PMODE1, W: PCOPYB TOW: Q-X: IFK THEN160ELSEIFJ THEN170ELSEIF M THENPUT(X,Y)-(X+30,Y-30),M2 EL SEPUT(X,Y)-(X+30,Y-30),M1 110 I\$-INKEY\$:H-(PEEK(343)-247)-(PEEK(344)=247):J=-7\*(I\$=" "):IF H>ØTHENX=X+S:S=S-8\*(S<16):M=M=ØE LSEIFS THENM-0: X-X+S: S-S-8ELSEIF H<ØTHENX=X+8\*(X>Ø):M=M=ØELSEM=Ø 120 A-A-16:IFA<0THENA-256:R-64-8 \*RND(2)ELSEPUT(A,R)-(A+14,R+8),F : IFY<R+60RA>Q+240RA<Q-8THENELSEK 130 IFC<-16THENC=240ELSEIFC>=0TH

ENPUT(C,68)-(C+14,78), E: IFY<780R C>Q+240RC<Q-8THENELSEK=1 140 IFX>112THENB=B+1+4\*(B=8):X=X -16:A=A-16:C=C-16 150 PCOPY1T03:GOT0100

160 L=L+1:PUT(Q,Y)-(Q+30,Y-30),M 4:PLAY"01T24L24CGE-":IFL<8THEN12 ØELSEPLAY"01T6L4V>CV<DV>E-V<L2AP 1":GOT050

170 Y=Y+J(J):J=J-1:PUT(X,Y)-(X+3 Ø, Y-3Ø), M3: X=X+S: GOTO12Ø



Financial Utility

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## **Novices Niche**

#### Loans by Steve Knapik

This program can be used to quickly and accurately find monthly payments and interest on loans or mortgages. It is very helpful when considering your loan

Upon running Loans you are asked to enter the loan amount. Enter a figure in whole dollars, rounding to the closest dollar value. Next you are asked for the

#### The Listing: LOANS

10 'LOANS 'WRITTEN BY STEVE KNAPIX 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 20 REM 0.793 K 100 WIDTH32 : CLS 110 CLS:PRINT" ----> LOAN CALCUL ATIONS" 120 PRINT: PRINT" WHAT IS THE AMOU NT OF THE LOAN"

interest rate. The program takes care of conversions so you should enter this as a whole number with a decimal portion, if necessary. For example, enter 11.5, not .115, for an interest rate of 111/2 percent. Finally, enter the number of years over which you will carry the loan. The results are printed onscreen. CoCo 1 and 2 should remove WIDTH32 from Line 100.

130 INPUT"IN WHOLE DOLLARS": A 140 IF A=Ø THEN 11Ø 150 A=ABS(A) : A=INT(A) IF A>250000 THEN 410 170 PRINT: INPUT"RATE OF INTEREST ":R 180 PRINT: INPUT"NUMBER OF YEARS 190 N-Y\*12 : R-ABS(R) : M-R/1200 200 GOSUB 360 : W-1 210 FOR J = 1 TO N : W-W\*(1+M) : NEXT J 220 P=(A\*M\*W)/(W-1)

230 P-INT(P\*100+.99)/100 240 K=N\*P : L=K-A 250 K=INT(K) : L=INT(L) 260 SOUND 200,01 : CLS : PRINT 270 PRINT"AMT. OF LOAN : \$"A 280 PRINT 290 PRINT"RATE OF INTEREST :"R"% 300 PRINT PRINT"NUMBER OF YEARS 310 320 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT 330 PRINT"MONTHLY PAYMENTS: \$"P \$"L 340 PRINT"INTEREST PAID 350 PRINT"DEFERRED PRICE : \$"K 355 END 360 CLS : PRINT A; "FOR": N; 370 PRINT" MO. AT"; R; "%" 380 PRINT:PRINT">> STAND BY - NO W COMPUTING" 39Ø SOUND 165,1Ø 400 RETURN 410 SOUND 100.5 : PRINT:PRINT" NOTE: TOO LARGE!" 420 END

29

# The Assembly Line Part VII: Julia's Child

by William P. Nee

art I of "The Assembly Line" (RAINBOW, May 1990) discussed computing and plotting numbers within the Mandelbrot set. The computations involved the repeated squaring of a complex number z and adding another complex number c (new z=z\*z+c). In the Mandelbrot set the complex number always varied (it was the current x and v coordinates). In the Julia set, named for French mathematician Gaston Julia, c is defined at the beginning and remains constant all the way through the computation. This may seem like a small change in procedure, but it causes major differences. All the Julia coordinates can be thought of as pages in a book. The Mandelbrot set is the sum of these infinite pages and is a volume by itself.

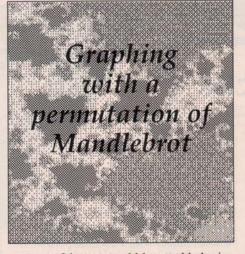
Take a look at Listing 1. In Line 90 the real part of the complex number (JA) is added and in Line 100 the imaginary part (JB) is added. If this was a Mandelbrot

program, Line 90 would have added x instead of JA and Line 100 would have added y instead of JB. Julia sets are usually plotted somewhere between -1.5 and +1.5 on both the real x axis and imaginary v axis. If JA and JB are coordinates within the Mandelbrot set, the resulting Julia set will be connected. But if they are outside the set, there will be isolated sets. You can zoom in on any portion of a Julia set by changing the x and y locations. The Julia coordinates (JA and JB) remain unchanged.

The machine language program (Listing 3) and it's BASIC driver (Listing 2) will compute either a Mandelbrot or Julia set, save it with all necessary information to disk, zoom in on part of the picture and even recolor any part of it. The first part of Listing 3 assigns space for all the variables, clears the iteration counter array (256 bytes) and the array where the iteration count for each point will be stored (\$8000 to \$E000).

The coordinates for each point are computed in lines 470-540 and lines 550-640. The imaginary part of the number (2\*A\*B) is computed in lines 730-780 and the real part (A\*A-B\*B) is computed in lines 800-950. If it's a Mandelbrot program (JULIA=0) the x and y locations are added and if it's a Julia program (JULIA=1) then the JA and JB coordinates are added. The real and imaginary parts are squared and added together in lines 1120-1150. If the value is greater than four, the point must be outside the desired set and is colored based on it's iteration count. If the value is less than four and the maximum iteration count hasn't been reached, the whole process is repeated. When the count has been reached, the point is plotted as a Mandelbrot or Julia set point. Every point within the area you've picked is checked and plotted in the same manner.

The next part of the program originates at \$7500 and is a cursor routine. Graphics for the cursor are stored in CURSOR. The ROM routine in Location \$A00A reads the joystick, stores the horizontal distance in \$015A and the vertical distance in \$015B. Since these readings are only from zero to 63 and the cursor is one byte wide, I had to scale each before saving them. Also, since the cursor is eight bytes high, the top can't go below 184. The byte where the cursor will



Bill Nee bucked the snowbird trend by retiring to Wisconsin from a banking career in Florida. The success of his 13-part series, "Machine Language Made BASIC" (July 1988 to July 1989), prompted him to continue writing articles on Color Computer machine-language programming. You may contact Bill at Route 2, Box 216C, Mason, WI 54856-9302.

be located is determined (lines 1900-1960), and the eight graphics bytes under it are removed and replaced with the cursor (lines 1990-2080). After a short delay the graphics are replaced (lines 2140-2210). This continues until you press the fire button indicating that this location is the upper-left corner of the zoom box.

As long as you hold down the fire button, the program keeps drawing a box. The horizontal and vertical distance between the old and current location is computed in lines 2300-2370. When this distance is at least three, graphics along the top border are removed and replaced with a red line (lines 2520-2590). The right side is drawn next (lines 2610-2700), the bottom line is drawn (lines 2720-2810) and finally the left side (lines 2830-2920). After a short delay all graphics bytes are replaced in the same order.

This activity repeats until the fire button is released indicating the location of the lower-right corner of the zoom box. The BASIC program then uses this information to compute new coordinates, rescale them

and then start drawing. There is a pause before drawing to let you write down the new coordinates and distances. Remember, the zoom box must start at the upperleft corner and go to the lower-right corner. I did not include any error trapping to see if the user tries any other direction.

The final routine (starting at \$7A00) recolors the display according to what new color value you assign to a specific iteration count. The program starts in high RAM, searching the stored count array for the one you have chosen (lines 3450-3540). When it finds a match, the coordinates for that point are computed and the point is PSET with the new color you picked (lines 3560-3760). The program keeps searching for other occurrences of the iteration count, setting those coordinates whenever one is found, then returns to BASIC. Each routine is a standalone program and could be added to other programs. For example, I use the cursor and recolor routines in several different drawing programs. When you've finished typing the program and correcting errors, save the source code as W MANDEL. SRC and assemble it with A MANDEL.BIN /NS/WE.

Now to review the BASIC program in Listing 2. Since there are many different strings in use, I had to clear a lot of space for them in Line 10. And because each disk file is so large, the FILES command clears space for 310 bytes. Lines 20-30 dimension all of the variables up front, which ensures that the VARPTR command will always produce the correct result. Array CL is a clear block that quickly erases. Array GE will get graphics and array NU gets the current recolor numbers.

The subroutine in Line 1700 originally creates an MJDATA file of 307 bytes, which will contain all the necessary picture information. Once this file exists, the routine prints the names of the pictures. The subroutine at Line 1500 pokes a 252-byte color scheme into the color array at \$72C9. You can use any other method of coloring, as long as it ends with POKE C0+251, 255.

If you enter your own coordinates, XLO-CATION and YLOCATION are the beginning of the area you want to display. XDISTANCE is how far to the right to go and YDISTANCE is

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how far up (both of these must be positive). For Julia sets, also include the Julia point you're looking at (\$703A is JULIA in the machine language program). If the coordinates entered are correct, the drawing routine of the machine language program is executed.

The routine at Line 300 gives you menu options. Recoloring should be done before saving the picture and information to disk. Line 400 terminates the entire program. Line 500 copies the current picture to page five and saves the current information, while Line 1100 is the reverse transferring the picture and information back to page one.

Line 600 finishes the cursor routine by computing new x and y locations. The subroutine at Line 1200 computes the new x scale and y scale and then pokes all this new information into the machine-language program.

The routine at Line 700 loads the picture you select, opens the corresponding file to get all the necessary information and pokes the color scheme into the color array. Line 900 is the reverse, saving the picture and information to disk. NM\$ is the name you want to give the picture, up to 12 letters. I start all names with an M or J to indicate which set they belong to. The program automatically creates a disk title MANDEL 1.PIX, etc. Line 1600 creates a 252 byte string of the current color array so it can be saved to disk.

The recolor routine starting at Line 1800

is almost half of the entire BASIC program. You are given the choice of having the used iteration counts and their colors sent to the screen and printer, or skipping over that part. Line 2200 draws the three-digit count you select and the color you want. Remember to use the back arrow to correct any mistakes. When the count has been recolored, press Enter for another recolor or the up arrow to go back to the menu. Line 2600 saves the DRAW commands for numbers and a dash as strings.

Wow! Let's try an example and get a feel for the program. Save the BASIC program as MANDEL and then run it. At the prompt, press 1 to enter your own data. Then enter -. 83 for XLOCATION, +1.66 for XDISTANCE, -.83 for YLOCATION and +1.66 for YDISTANCE. Since this will be a Julia set, enter J and then +.31 for JA LOCATION and +.00742 for JB LOCATION. When the picture is finished, press ENTER to get to the menu and then either 3 or 4 to scale it. Try zooming in on the large spiral on the lower-left side, which should give you a large version of the original. While Mandelbrot set pictures may change considerably when you zoom in, Julia set pictures tend to be enlarged originals.

If you are willing to forgo the recoloring routine, you could really increase the iteration count. The current count would have to be a two-byte number and the color table enlarged. Some displays with very small distances may require up to 1000-1500 iterations to get all the detail.

You can stop the program and go to different lines if you've made a mistake that can't be corrected.

The basic menu begins in Line 80 and the menu options begin in Line 300. Line 900 saves the picture and information (be sure S is the current file number).

That's going to be all for Mandelbrot and Julia sets for a while. Maybe at some time in the future we'll draw them in 3-D. In the next article I'll discuss warping and twisting pictures. Your suggestions and comments are appreciated. If you have any ideas for future articles or general questions, please let me know.

#### 64K Disk



#### Listing 1: MANDEL1

Ø 'COPYRIGHT 1990 FALSOFT, INC. 10 XL=-.83:XD=+1.66:XS=XD/64 YL=-.83:YD=+1.66:YS=YD/64 30 JA=+.31:JB=+.00742 40 PMODE1,1:PCLS:SCREENI,0 50 FOR H=0 TO 63:X=XL+H\*XS 60 FOR V=0 TO 63:Y=YL+V\*YS 7Ø A-X:B-Y 8Ø FOR C-Ø TO 5Ø 90 AA=A\*A-B\*B+JA 100 BB-2\*A\*B+JB 110 A-AA:B-BB 120 IF A\*A+B\*B>4 THEN PSET(H+H.1 90-(V+V).C AND 3):GOTO 140 130 NEXT C: PSET(H+H, 190-(V+V), 4) 140 NEXT V.H 15Ø GOTO 15Ø

```
7Ø ..... 253
16Ø ..... 136
34Ø ...... 92
620 ..... 9
76Ø ..... 88
900 ..... 200
1010 ..... 70
121Ø ..... 87
1320 ...... 10
151Ø ...... 152
17Ø5 ..... 1Ø1
1820 ...... 112
195Ø ..... 64
2040 ..... 123
213Ø ...... 165
228Ø ..... 24
239Ø ...... 198
25ØØ ...... 123
END ..... 36
```

#### Listing 2: MANDEL2

Ø 'COPYRIGHT 1990 FALSOFT, INC. 10 CLEAR1000.&H7000-1:PCLEAR8:FI LES 1,310:CLS 20 IF PEEK(&H7040)<>142 THEN LOA

```
DM"MANDEL"
30 DIM NM$(20), TI$(20), XL, YL, XD,
YD. XS. YS. JA. JB. V. H. X1. Y1. X2, Y2. L
X,LY,DX,DY,AJ,BJ,X,A,S,B,C,D,J,C
T.NU.CO
40 DIM GE(11), CL(11), NU(11), A$(1
Ø), A$, B$, C$, D$, DA$, CO$, XL$, XD$, Y
L$,YD$,JA$,JB$
50 GOSUB 1700:J=0
60 PRINT" MANDELBROT/JULIA PROGR
AM":GOSUB1500
70 PMODE3,1:PCLS:GET(0,0)-(55,7)
.CL
80 PRINT"MENU SELECTION -":PRINT
90 PRINT" 1) INPUT CURRENT DATA":
PRINT
100 PRINT" 2) LOAD PICTURE FROM D
ISK": PRINT
110 A$-INKEY$: IF A$-""THEN 110 E
LSE ON VAL(A$) GOTO 120,700
120 CLS:PRINT:INPUT"XLOCATION":X
130 INPUT"XDISTANCE"; XD: IF XD<-0
 THEN 130
140 PRINT: INPUT"YLOCATION"; YL
150 INPUT"YDISTANCE";YD:IF YD<-0
 THEN 150
160 PRINT: PRINT" < M>ANDELBROT OR
<J>ULIA SET"
170 A$-INKEY$: IF A$-"M" THEN J-0
:GOTO 210: ELSE IF A$="J" THEN 1
```

```
8Ø ELSE 17Ø
180 IF A$="J" THEN J=1
190 PRINT: INPUT"JA LOCATION"; JA
200 INPUT"JB LOCATION"; JB
210 POKE &H703A.J:GOSUB1200:PMOD
E3.1:PCLS:SCREEN1.0
220 EXEC &H704A:SOUND 50,4:EXEC
&HADFB
300 CLS: PRINT"OPTIONS -"
310 PRINT" 1) SAVE TO DISK"
320 PRINT" 2) LOAD FROM DISK
330 PRINT" 3) SAVE TO MEMORY AND
SCALE
340 PRINT" 4) SCALE PICTURE
350 PRINT" 5) LOAD FROM MEMORY AN
360 PRINT" 6) RECOLOR", , " 7) END P
ROGRAM"
370 A$-INKEY$: IF A$-""THEN 370
38Ø ON VAL(A$) GOTO 900.700,500,
600.1100.1800.400
390 GOT0370
    PCLEAR4: CLEAR200, &H7FFF: NEW
400
500 FOR N-1 TO 4: PCOPY N TO N+4:
NEXT
510 LX-XL:DX-XD:LY-YL:DY-YD:AJ-J
A:BJ-JB
600 PMODE3.1:SCREEN1,0
610 EXEC &H751A
620 H1=PEEK(&H7500)*4:V1=PEEK(&H
7501):V1=192-V1
```

630 X1=XL+H1\*XS:Y1=YL+V1\*YS 640 H2=(PEEK(&H7502)+1)\*4:V2=PEE K(&H7503): V2=191-V2 650 X2=XL+H2\*XS:Y2=YL+V2\*YS XD=X2-X1:YD=Y1-Y2 670 XL-X1:YL-Y2 68Ø GOTO 21Ø 700 CLS: PRINT"DISK DIRECTORY -" 710 IF S>0 THEN GOSUB 1750 720 IF S-0 THEN GOSUB 1700 730 PRINT INPUT"ENTER DESIRED TITLE NU MBER"; A: IF A>S THEN 740 75Ø PMODE3.1:PCLS:SCREEN1,0:POKE 65494.0:LOADM TI\$(A) 760 OPEN"D", #1, "MJDATA", 307 770 FIELD#1.1 AS J\$.12 AS A\$.12 AS B\$,5 AS XL\$,5 AS XD\$,5 AS YL\$ .5 AS YD\$,5 AS JA\$,5 AS JB\$,252 AS C\$ 78Ø GET#1,A 790 J-VAL(J\$):POKE&H703A,J 800 NM\$-A\$:TI\$-B\$ 810 XL-CVN(XL\$):XD-CVN(XD\$):XS-X D/128 820 YL-CVN(YL\$):YD-CVN(YD\$):YS-Y D/192 825 JA-CVN(JA\$):JB-CVN(JB\$) 83Ø CO\$-C\$ 840 CLOSE#1:GOSUB1650:GOTO 610 900 PRINT: LINEINPUT" PICTURE NAME "; NM\$: IF LEN(NM\$)>12 THEN PRI NT"TITLE IS TOO LONG":GOT0900 910 S=S+1:TI\$="MANDEL"+RIGHT\$(ST R\$(S),2)+".PIX"

920 VERIFYON: SAVEM TI\$, & HEOD, & H2 5FF.&HEØØ 930 PRINT"GETTING COLORS -" 940 GOSUB 1600 950 OPEN"D",#1,"MJDATA",307 960 FIELD#1.1 AS J\$.12 AS A\$.12 AS B\$.5 AS XL\$.5 AS XD\$.5 AS YL\$ .5 AS YD\$,5 AS JA\$,5 AS JB\$,252 AS C\$ 970 LSET J\$-RIGHT\$(STR\$(J).1) 980 LSET AS=NM\$ 990 LSET B\$=TI\$ 1000 LSET XL\$-MKN\$(XL) 1010 LSET XD\$-MKN\$(XD) 1020 LSET YIS=MKNS(YL) 1030 LSET YD\$-MKN\$(YD) 1035 LSET JAS=MKNS(JA) 1036 LSET JB\$=MKN\$(JB) 1040 LSET C\$-CO\$ 1050 PUT#1.S:CLOSE#1 1060 NM\$(S)=NM\$:TI\$(S)=TI\$ 1070 GOTO 300 1100 PMODE3.1:SCREEN1.1 1110 FOR N=5 TO 8:PCOPY N TO N-4 : NEXT 1120 XL-LX:XD-DX:YL-LY:YD-DY:JA-AJ:JB=BJ 1130 GOT0600 1200 XS=XD/128:V=VARPTR(XS) 1210 FOR N=0 TO 4:POKE&H7001+N,P EEK(V+N): NEXT 1220 YS=YD/192:V=VARPTR(YS) 1230 FOR N=0 TO 4:POKE&H701B+N.P EEK(V+N): NEXT 1240 V-VARPTR(XL)

1250 FOR N=0 TO 4: POKE&H7006+N.P EEK(V+N): NEXT 1260 V=VARPTR(YL) 1270 FOR N=0 TO 4:POKE&H7020+N.P EEK(V+N): NEXT 1280 IF J=0 THEN 1330 1290 V-VARPTR(JA) 1300 FOR N=0 TO 4:POKE&H703B+N,P EEK(V+N): NEXT 1310 V=VARPTR(JB) 1320 FOR N=0 TO 4:POKE&H7040+N.P EEK(V+N): NEXT 133Ø CLS 1340 PRINT"CURRENT DATA -": PRINT 1350 PRINT" XLOCATION :";XL 1360 PRINT" XDISTANCE :":XD:PRIN 1370 PRINT" YLOCATION :":YL 1380 PRINT" YDISTANCE : ": YD: PRIN T: IF J-0 THEN 1410 1390 PRINT" JA LOCATION :"; JA 1400 PRINT" JB LOCATION :"; JB:PR INT 1410 PRINT"PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGI N -" 1420 EXEC &HADFB: RETURN 1500 CO=&H72C9 1510 FOR X-0 TO 10 1520 POKE CO+X.0:NEXT 1530 FOR X=11 TO 250 1540 POKE CO+X,(X AND 3)\*&H55 155Ø NEXT 1560 POKE CO+251. &HFF: RETURN 1600 CO\$="":CO-&H72C9 1610 FOR X-0 TO 251

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RED. BLUE, GREEN, BROWN, PURPLE, YELLOW

Ribbons	Price Each	Black	Color	Heat Transfer	200 Sheets/5 Red, Blue, Gr
Radio Shac	k -	-	13 NO		9 1/2 × 11 -
- DMP	130	6.50	8.00	-	PASTEL PACK
- DMP	110	4.50	5.25	5.75	200 Sheets/5
- DMP	120	6.75	7.75		Pink, Yellow,
- DMP	130/132	5.25	6.50	7.95	9 1/2 × 11 -
- DMP	200	6.75	7.75	- 1	
- DMP	230/520	4.00	5.25	-	COLOR BANN
- DMP	410/510	5.00	7.00	1 =	PARTY BANN
- DMP	430	12.00		- 1	CHRISTMAS E
Apple Image I/II		3.75	4.50	6.50	HAPPY B-DAY
Crizen 120/180D		5.00	6.00	7.95	CONGRAT'S E
Epson MX8	0/LX800	3.75	4.25	6.75	45 /Roll - \$
Oxidata 180	0/192	6.50	7.50	6.00	COLOR CERTI
Panasonic k	C-XP 1080	6.75	7.75		PAPER -
Selkosha Si	P 800/1000	5.25	6.50	7.95	100 Shts./Pk.
S= NX 10	NL 10	5.00	6.00	7.95	GREETING CA
Star NX 10	00	4.50	5.50	6.75	50 Cards & 40
5 NX 10	00 - 4-Color	-	8.75		
			A		

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50 ea. color: Blue, Ivory. - \$11.90/pk

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1620 C=PEEK(CO+X)/&H55+1 1630 CO\$=CO\$+RIGHT\$(STR\$(C).1) 1640 NEXT: RETURN 1650 CO=&H72C9:FOR X=1 TO 252 1660 C=VAL(MID\$(CO\$, X, 1)) 1670 POKE CO+X-1.C 1680 NEXT: RETURN 1700 OPEN"D",#1,"MJDATA",307 1705 IF LOF(1)=0 THEN CLOSE#1:S= Ø: RETURN 1710 FIELD#1,1 AS J\$,12 AS A\$,12 AS B\$.5 AS XL\$.5 AS XD\$.5 AS YL \$,5 AS YD\$,5 AS JA\$,5 AS JB\$,252 1720 FOR S=1 TO LOF(1):GET #1.S 1730 NM\$(S)=A\$:TI\$(S)=B\$ 1740 NEXT: CLOSE#1: S=S-1: RETURN 1750 FOR X=1 TO S 1760 PRINTUSING"排井>";X;:PRINT NM \$(X) 1770 NEXT: RETURN 1800 'RECOLOR DISPLAY 1810 CLS:PRINT"RECOLOR" 1820 PRINT"1> PRINT TO SCREEN","
2> TO PRINTER",,"3> SKIP TO RECO LOR" 1830 PRINT: PRINT"WHICH ONE -" 1840 A\$=INKEY\$:IF A\$=""THEN 1840 1850 IF A\$-"1" THEN 1890 1860 IF A\$="2" THEN 2800 1870 IF A\$="3" THEN 2110 188Ø GOTO 184Ø 1890 CT-&H719D:CO-&H72C9:DA\$-"-" 1910 CLS:C-0:FOR X-0 TO 63:IF PE EK(CT+X)=Ø THEN 195Ø 1920 PRINTUSING"###"; X:: PRINTDA\$ 1930 PRINTUSING"# ": PEEK(CO+X)/& H55+1: 1940 C-C+1: IF C-5 THEN C-0: PRINT 1950 NEXT: PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE":: EXEC&HADFB: C-Ø 1960 CLS:C-0:FOR X-64 TO 127:IF PEEK(CT+X)=Ø THEN 2000 1970 PRINTUSING"排排":X::PRINTDA\$ 1980 PRINTUSING"# ":PEEK(CO+X)/& H55+1;

1990 C-C+1: IF C-5 THEN C-0: PRINT 2000 NEXT: PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE":: EXEC&HADFB: C-0 2010 CLS:C-0:FOR X-128 TO 191:IF PEEK(CT+X)=Ø THEN 2050 2020 PRINTUSING"###";X;:PRINTDA\$ 2030 PRINTUSING"# ":PEEK(CO+X)/& H55+1: 2040 C=C+1:IF C=5 THEN C=0:PRINT 2050 NEXT: PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE":: EXEC&HADFB: C-Ø 2060 CLS:C=0:FOR X=192 TO 255:IF PEEK(CT+X)=Ø THEN 2100 2070 PRINTUSING"###":X::PRINT DA 2080 PRINTUSING"# "; PEEK(CO+X)/& H55+1: 2090 C=C+1:IF C=5 THEN C=0:PRINT 2100 NEXT: PRINT 2110 PRINT"ENTER 3-DIGIT COUNT ( 000 - 250)" 2120 PRINT"THEN ENTER 1-DIGIT CO LOR (1 - 4)" 2130 PRINT"PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGI 2140 EXEC &HADFB 2200 PMODE3,1:SCREEN1.0:GOSUB260 Ø:GET(Ø,Ø)-(55,7).GE 2210 POKE 135.0:A\$-"":B\$-"":C\$-" ": D\$="" 2220 PUT(0.0)-(55.7).CL.PSET 2230 A\$=INKEY\$:IF A\$=""THEN 2230 2240 IF ASC(A\$)<48 OR ASC(A\$)>50 THEN 2230 225Ø A-VAL(A\$):DRAW"BM1,1;XA\$(A) 2260 B\$=INKEY\$:IF B\$=""THEN 2260 227Ø IF B\$=CHR\$(8) THEN DRAW"C1; BM1.1:XA\$(A):C4":GOTO 2230 228Ø IF ASC(B\$)<48 OR ASC(B\$)>58 THEN 2260 2290 IF A=2 AND ASC(B\$)>53 THEN 2260 2300 B=VAL(B\$):DRAW"BM10,1;XA\$(B 2310 C\$=INKEY\$: IF C\$=""THEN 2310 2320 IF C\$-CHR\$(8) THEN DRAW"C1; BM10,1;XA\$(B);C4":GOTO2260 233Ø IF ASC(C\$)<48 OR ASC(C\$)>57 THEN 2310 2340 C=VAL(C\$) 2350 NU=100\*A+10\*B+C:IF NU>255 T HEN 2310 2360 DRAW"BM20.1:XA\$(C):" 2370 POKE &H7A57, NU 238Ø DRAW"BM3Ø.1:XDA\$;" 2390 D\$-INKEY\$:IF D\$-""THEN 2390 2400 IF D\$=CHR\$(8) THEN DRAW"C1; BM20,1;XA\$(C);C4":GOTO 2310 2410 D-VAL(D\$): IF D<1 OR D>4 THE N 2390 2420 DRAW"BM40,1;XA\$(D);" 243Ø GET(Ø.Ø)-(55.7).NU:PUT(Ø.Ø) -(55,7),GE,PSET 2440 POKE &HB5, (D-1)\*&H55:POKE C O+NU, (D-1) \*&H55 245Ø EXEC &H7AØØ 2460 PUT(0,0)-(55,7), NU, PSET 2470 A\$-INKEY\$: IF A\$=""THEN 2470 2480 IF A\$=CHR\$(94) THEN PUT(0.0 )-(55.7), GE. PSET: GOTO 300 2490 IF A\$=CHR\$(13) THEN 2210 2500 GOTO 2470 2600 A\$(0)-"R6D6L6U5" 2610 A\$(1)="BR3NG3D6NL3R3" 262Ø A\$(2)="R6D3L6D3R6" 263Ø A\$(3)="R6D3NL4D3L6" 2640 A\$(4)="D3R6NU3D3" 265Ø A\$(5)="NR6D3R6D3L6" 266Ø A\$(6)="D6R6U3L6" 2670 A\$(7)="R6D6" 268Ø A\$(8)="NR6D3NR6D3R6U6" 2690 A\$(9)="ND3R6D3NL6D3" 2700 DA\$="BD3BR1R3":RETURN 2800 CO-&H72C9:CT-&H719D:DA\$-"-" 2810 C-0:FOR X-0 TO 252:IF PEEK( CT+X)-Ø THEN 285Ø 2820 PRINT#-2,USING"排排":X::PRIN T#-2.DA\$: 2830 PRINT#-2, USING"# "; PEEK(CO+ X)/&H55+1: 2840 C-C+1: IF C-13 THEN C-0: PRIN T#-2 2850 NEXT:GOTO 2110

#### Listing 3: MANDEL. ASM

0	0100		ORG	\$7000	
Ø	0110	HORZ	RMB	1	
0	0120	XSCALE	RMB	5	
10032	0130	XLOC	RMB	5	
255	0140	ACOR	RMB	5	
- 30	0150	AA	RMB	5	
100	THE RESERVE			5	
	0160	ASQR	RMB		
Ø	0170	VERT	RMB	1	
Ø	0180	YSCALE	RMB	5	
Ø	0190	YLOC	RMB	5	
0	0200	BCOR	RMB	5	
Ø	0210	BB	RMB	5	
Ø	0220	BSQR	RMB	5	
Ø	0230	COUNT	RMB	1	
Ø	0240	TEMPB	RMB	5	
Ø	0250	JULIA	RMB	1	
Ø	0260	JA	RMB	5	
Ø	0270	JB	RMB	5	
Ø	0280	FOUR	FDB	\$8300	VARPTR(4)
0	0290	A ARREST AND A STATE OF THE STA	FDB	\$0000	
1600	0300		FCB	\$00	
-			1.00	+00	
10	0310				

```
00330
                LDD
ØØ34Ø CLOOP
                STD
00350
                CMPX
00360
                BLO
00370
                ORCC
00380
                IDY
00390
                CLR
00400 CL1
                STD
00410
                CMPY
00420
                BIO
00430
                CLR
00440
                LDY
00450
00460 SHOW
                CLRB
ØØ47Ø LOOP3
                STB
00480
                JSR
                IDX
00490
00500
                JSR
                LDX
00510
00520
                JSR
00530
                LDX
```

00320 START

LDX

#10 , X++ #ITCT+256 CLOOP #\$50 IN HIGH RAM #\$8000 \$FFDF HIGH RAM . 4++ CLEAR IT OUT #\$E000 CLI \$FFDE LOW RAM #\$8000 HORZ \$BC7C

#ITCT CLEAR IT OUT

#XLOC \$B9C2 #ACOR =XL+H\*XS

#XSCALE

\$BACA

00540		JSR	\$BC35	
00550		CLRB	<b>PDC33</b>	
00560	LOOP2	STB	VERT	
00570		CLRA		
00580		JSR	\$B4F4	
00590		LDX	#YSCAL	E ALLES
00600		JSR LDX	\$BACA #YLOC	
00610		JSR	\$B9C2	
00630		LDX	#BCOR	=YL+V*YS
00640		JSR	\$BC35	
00650		LDX	#BB	
00660		JSR	\$BC35	
00670		LDX	#ACOR	
ØØ68Ø ØØ69Ø		JSR LDX	\$BC14 #AA	
00700		JSR	\$BC35	
00710		CLRB		
00720	LOOP1	STB	COUNT	
00730		LDX	#AA	
00740		JSR	\$BC14	
ØØ75Ø ØØ76Ø		JSR	#BB \$BACA	-A*B
00770		INC	\$4F	=2*A*B
00780		LDX	#TEMPB	no nous
00790		JSR	\$BC35	
00800		LDX	#AA	
00810		JSR	\$BC14	
ØØ82Ø ØØ83Ø		JSR	#AA \$BACA	-A*A
00840		LDX	#ASQR	TANA MINISTRA
00850		JSR	\$BC35	
00860		LDX	#BB	
00870		JSR	\$BC14	
00880		LDX	#BB	D+D
00890		JSR LDX	\$BACA #BSQR	=B*B
00910		JSR	\$BC35	A ATT TO STATE OF THE STATE OF
00920		LDX	#BSQR	W = 100 August
00930		JSR	\$BC14	THE PARTY OF THE P
00940		LDX	#ASQR	
00950		JSR LDX	\$B9B9 #ACOR	=A*A-B*B
00960		TST	JULIA	IS IT A JULIA PROGRAM?
00980		BEQ	JA1	NO
00990		LDX	#JA	YES
01000	JA1	JSR	\$B9C2	WELL BELL WINDER
01010		LDX	#AA \$BC35	-NEW REAL NUMBER
Ø1020 Ø1030		JSR LDX	#TEMPB	
01040		JSR	\$BC14	
01050		LDX	#BCOR	
01060		TST	JULIA	
01070		BEQ	JB1	
01080 01090	JB1	JSR	#JB \$B9C2	
01100	201	LDX	#BB	-NEW IMAGINARY NUMBER
01110		JSR	\$BC35	The state of the s
01120	TEST2	LDX	#ASQR	
01130		JSR	\$BC14	
Ø114Ø Ø115Ø		JSR	#BSQR \$B9C2	=A*A+B*B
01160		LDX	#FOUR	
01170		JSR	\$BC96	GREATER THAN 4?
01180		TSTB	001.00	WEG.
21190		BPL	COLOR2	YES
Ø1200 Ø1210		LDB	COUNT	
81220		CMPB	#250	
01230		LBLS	LOOP1	
@1240	COLOR1	STB	COUNT	
@1250	COLOR2	LDB	COUNT	
01260		CLR	\$FFDF	SAVE ITERATION COUNT
@1270 @1280		STB	Y+ \$FFDE	SAVE TIERATION COUNT
21290		CLRA	VIIDE	D. SHE STATE
		1011-210		

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01200	LDV	#ITCT	02060	LEAU	32.U	DOWN 1 BYTE
	LDX STB	D.X SHOW IT'S BEEN USED	02070	DECB		
Ø131Ø Ø132Ø	LDX	#CTABLE .	02080	BNE	CLOOP1	
Ø1320 Ø1330	LDB	D.X GET COLOR FOR COUNT	02090	100	ll t o a a a	
Ø134Ø PSET	STB	\$B5	02100 DELAY1	LDX	#\$2000 -1,X	
01350	LDA	#191	Ø211Ø DLAY1	BNE	DLAY1	
Ø136Ø	SUBA	VERT	Ø212Ø Ø213Ø	DIVE	DENTI	
01370	LDB	#32	02140	LDU	BYTE1	REPLACE GRAPHICS
01380	MUL	\$BA	02150	LDX	#CARRAY	
01390	ADDA	D.X	02160	LDB	#8	
01400 01410	LDB	HORZ	Ø217Ø CLOOP2	LDA	, X+	
01420	LSRB	ment and placed to be different and and	02180	STA	.0	
01430	LSRB		02190	LEAU	32.U	
01440	ABX		02200 02210	DECB BNE	CLOOP2	
01450	LDA	HORZ	02220	DIVL	CLOUIL	
01460	ANDA	#3	Ø223Ø FBUTT	LDA	\$FF00	F/B PUSHED?
01470	LDU	#\$92E5 A.U	Ø224Ø	CMPA	#255	
Ø148Ø Ø149Ø	ANDA	\$85	02250	BEQ	JOY1	
01500	ORA	X	02260	CMPA	#127	
01510	STA	. Х	02270	BEQ	JOY1	
Ø152Ø NEXT	LDB	VERT	02280	100	[\$AØØA]	YES
01530	INCB	#404	02290 JOY2 02300	JSR LDA	\$15A	NEW X LOCATION
01540	CMPB	#191	02310	LSRA		
01550	LBLS	LOOP2	02320	STA	HORIZ2	A STATE OF THE REAL PROPERTY.
Ø156Ø Ø157Ø	LDB	HORZ	02330	LDB		NEW Y LOCATION
Ø158Ø	CMPB	#127	02340	PSHS	В	
01590	LBLS	LOOP3	02350	LSLB	-	
01600	ANDCC	#\$AF	02360	ADDB	,S+ VERT2	
01610	RTS		Ø237Ø LR Ø238Ø	STB	VERIZ	
Ø162Ø ITCT	RMB	300	Ø239Ø GET	LDA	HORIZ2	
Ø163Ø CTABLE	RMB	300	02400	SUBA	HORIZ1	
Ø164Ø Ø165Ø	ORG	\$7500	02410	CMPA		AT LEAST 3 BYTES LONG
Ø166Ø HORIZ1	RMB	1	02420	BLO	JOY2	
Ø167Ø VERT1	RMB	1 man mer veneral substitution	02430	STA	ACROSS	
Ø168Ø HORIZ2	RMB	1	02440	LDB SUBB	VERT2 VERT1	
Ø169Ø VERT2	RMB	1 In the Call Division in the Call Division in	Ø245Ø Ø246Ø	CMPB	#3	
Ø17ØØ BYTE1	RMB	2	02470	BLO	JOY2	
Ø171Ø BYTE2	RMB	2	02480	STB	DOWN	
Ø172Ø ACROSS Ø173Ø DOWN	RMB RMB	1	02490	LDU	BYTE1	
Ø174Ø CARRAY	RMB	8	02500	LDX	#ARRAY2	
Ø175Ø CURSOR	FDB	\$FCFØ	02510	1.00	22000	TOP BORDER
01760	FDB	\$FØFØ	02520	LDB	ACRUSS	TOP BONDER
01770	FDB	\$ØCCCC	02530 02540 GETL1	LDA	.U	GET GRAPHICS
01780	FDB	\$0303	02550	STA	χ+	
Ø179Ø JOY1	JSR LDA	[\$AØØA] \$15A X DIRECTION	02560	LDA	#255	The second secon
Ø18ØØ Ø181Ø	LSRA	#13A A BINCOLLON	02570	STA	.U+	REPLACE WITH RED
Ø182Ø	STA	HORIZ1	02580	DECB	OFTI 1	
01830	LDB	\$15B Y DIRECTION	02590	BNE	GETL1	
01840	PSHS	В	Ø26ØØ Ø261Ø	LEAU	-1.U	RIGHT SIDE
01850	LSLB	The same and the same of	02620	LDB	DOWN	
01860	ADDB	#184 STAY 8 BYTES FROM BOTTOM	02630	DECB		
Ø187Ø Ø188Ø	CMPB BLS	UL UL	Ø264Ø GETL2	LEAU	32,U	
Ø189Ø	LDB	#184	02650	LDA	.U	
Ø1900 UL	STB	VERT1	02660	STA	.X+ #3	JUST RIGHT SIDE RED
01910	LDA	#32	02670	ORA	. U	JUST KIGHT STOL KED
01920	MUL	1100171	Ø268Ø Ø269Ø	STA DECB		
01930	ADDB	HORIZ1	02700	BNE	GETL2	
01940	ADCA	#Ø \$BA	02710			
Ø195Ø Ø196Ø	STD	BYTE1 CURSOR BYTE	02720	LEAU	32.U	BOTTOM BORDER
01970	TFR	D.U	02730	LDB	ACROSS	
01980			02740	INCB	II	
01990	LDX	#CARRAY	02750 GETL3 02760	LDA STA	, U , X+	
02000	LDY	#CURSOR	02770	LDA	#255	
02010	LDB	#8	02780	STA	.U	
02020 CL00P1 02030	LDA	.U .X+ SAVE GRAPHICS	02790	LEAU	-1,U	
02040	LDA	Y+ REPLACE WITH CURSOR	02800	DECB	OFTLO	
02050	STA	.U	02810	BNE	GETL3	

02820				
02830		LEAU	1.0	LEFT SIDE
02840		LDB	DOWN	
02850		DECB		
02860	GETL4	LEAU	-32.U	
02870		LDA	, U	
02880		STA	X+	
02890		ORA	#\$CØ	JUST LEFT SIDE RED
02900		STA	,U	
02910		DECB	GETL4	
Ø292Ø Ø293Ø		BNE	GEIL4	
	DELAY2	LDX	#\$2000	
02950		LEAX	-1.X	
02960	DLAIL	BNE	DLAY2	
02970		LDU	BYTE1	
02980		LDX	#ARRAY2	
02990			"CHANGE	
03000	PUT	LDB	ACROSS	REPLACE GRAPHICS
03010		INCB		
03020	PUTL1	LDA	. X+	
03030		STA	.U+	
03040		DECB		
03050		BNE	PUTL1	
03060				
03070		LEAU	-1,U	
03080		LDB	DOWN	
03090		DECB		
	PUTL2	LEAU	32.U	
03110		LDA	, X+	
03120		STA	,U	
03130		DECB	DUTLO	
03140		BNE	PUTL2	
Ø315Ø Ø316Ø		LEAU	32.U	
03170		LDB	ACROSS	
03180		INCB	ACKOSS	
03190	PIITI 3	LDA	. X+	
03200	10123	STA	Ü	
03210		LEAU	-1.U	
03220		DECB	7.7.7	
03230		BNE	PUTL3	
03240				
03250		LEAU	1.0	
03260		LDB	DOWN	
03270		DECB		
03280	PUTL4	LEAU	-32.U	
03290		LDA	, X+	
03300		STA	,U	
03310		DECB	DUTLA	
03320		BNE	PUTL4	
Ø333Ø Ø334Ø		LDA	\$FF00	RELEASED F/B?
03350		CMPA	#254	KELEASED 170:
03360		LBEQ	J0Y2	
03370		CMPA	#126	
03380		LBEO	JOY2	
03390				
03400	DONE	JSR	[\$AØØØ]	YES
03410		BEQ	DONE	
03420		RTS		
03430	ARRAY2	RMB	1	
03440			NEW YORK	
03450	The last of	ORG	\$7AØØ	
	RECOL	LDY	#\$8000	IN HIGH RAM
03470		ORCC	#\$50	HIGH DAY
03480		CLR	\$FFDF	HIGH RAM
03490	DELT	CLRB	UOD7	
03500	KELI	STB	HORZ	
03510	DELO	CLRA	VEDT	
Ø352Ø Ø353Ø	KELZ	STA LDA	VERT .Y+	GET NEXT COUNT
23540		CMPA	NUMBER	IS IT ONE WE WANT?
93550		BNE	CONT	NO
03560		LDA	#191	YES
93570		SIIRA	VEDT	

Ø357Ø

SUBA

VERT

03580	LDB	#32		764
03590	MUL			166
03600	ADDA	\$BA		141
03610	TFR	D.X		200
03620	LDB	HORZ		
03630	LSRB	HORZ		
	LSRB			
03640				100
03650	ABX	11007		101
03660	LDA	HORZ		
03670	ANDA	#3		E 14 2
03680	LDU	#PTABLE		Detail 1
03690	LDA	A.U		and I
03700	TFR	A,B		
03710	COMA			
03720	ANDA	. X		
03730	ANDB	\$B5	NEW COLOR	
03740	PSHS	В		w10051
03750	ORA	, S+		
03760	STA	. X		
Ø377Ø CONT	LDA	VERT		
03780	INCA			
03790	CMPA	#191		
03800	BLS	REL2		LEUIZ T
03810	LDB	HORZ		000000
03820	INCB	HOILE		
03830	CMPB	#127		W 277
03840	BLS	REL1		9.1
03850	CLR	\$FFDE	LOW RAM	
	The second second second	100000	LOW KAM	
03860	ANDCC	#\$AF		
Ø387Ø	RTS	1		
Ø388Ø NUMBER	RMB	1		
Ø389Ø PTABLE	FDB	\$CØ3Ø		LUTT U
03900	FDB	\$ØCØ3		
03910	200	22722		
03920	END	START		0
	HENRY AND		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	

## CORRECTIONS

"Turn of the Screw" (August 1990, Page 48): The pin number for E on the CoCo bus in Table 2 is incorrect. E appears on the CoCo bus on Pin 6, not Pin 16 as shown in the table. Also, the \*RST pin should be listed in Table 2 on Pin 1 of the MEB bus and Pin 5 of the CoCo bus. The corrected table is shown below:

Pin	MEB	CoCo
Name	Pin#	Pin#
D0	5	10
D1	6	11
D2	7	12
D3	8	13
D4	9	14
D5	10	15
D6	11	16
D7	12	17
A0	3	19
A1	4	20
A2	17	21
R/*W	15	18
E	2	6
*CE	13	36
*RST	1	5
+5V	16	9
GND	14	33

**Table 2: System Pinouts** 

## Novices Niche

## Bank Account by William W. Coolman

This is a simple program to balance your checkbook in the manner suggested on the back of most bank statements. The program gives you a choice of running it on any Color Computer. If you are using a CoCo 1 or 2, the screen appears as usual. If you have a CoCo 3, the screen changes to a black background and you see true lowercase on the screen.

It seems as if everyone has a bank program, but most do not give you a choice of black or green screen with true lowercase. These additions are noteworthy and I encourage you to experiment with them in your own programs.

Use *Bank* to balance your check register. Then if your book does not agree with CoCo, print it on any printer. I use a DMP-110, but the program should work with most any other printer.

If you choose CoCo 3, you'll need to press the Reset button and re-run the program to get back to the Choice menu and wash the black off the screen.

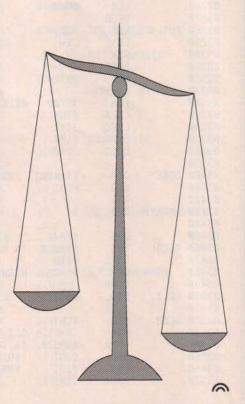
### The Listing: BANK

```
'BANK ACCOUNT
  'WRITTEN BY WILLIAM W. COOLMAN
  'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991
4 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
5 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
10 PRINT
20 PRINT"
                   1111111
30 PRINT"
                   BANKING
40 PRINT"
                   1111111
50 PRINT: PRINT"NAME THE COMPUTER
 YOU ARE USEING"
60 PRINT: PRINT"
                   1-COCO 1 OR 2
  PRINT: PRINT"
                   2-0000 3
80 PRINT
9Ø INPUT"
                TYPE A NUMBER": U
100 ON U GOSUB 140.930
110 PRINT
120 PRINT
130 REM...MARK/BBB,A
140 PRINT" BAN
                  BANKING
150 PRINT"
                  11111111
160 PRINT
170 PRINT: PRINT"1-BALANCE CHECK
180 PRINT: PRINT"2-PRINT OUT REGI
STER"
190 PRINT
200 INPUT"
                TYPE A NUMBER":H
```

```
220 CLS 3
23Ø INPUT"BALANCE": B
240 CLS 3
250 PRINT
260 PRINTTAB(15)"total="B
270 PRINT
280 PRINT: PRINT"
                  1-checks"
290 PRINT: PRINT"
                  2-deposits"
300 PRINT: PRINT"
                  3-checks out"
310 PRINT:PRINT"
                  4-bank stateme
nt"
320 PRINT: PRINT"
                    USE zero BAC
K TO MENU"
330 PRINT
   INPUT"
                TYPE A NUMBER": N
35Ø ON N GOTO 39Ø,45Ø,5ØØ,55Ø
360 PRINT
37Ø PRINT TAB(15)"total="B
38Ø PRINT
390 INPUT"CHECK=":A
400 B=B-A
   IF A-Ø GOTO 24Ø
410
420 PRINTTAB(15)"total="B
43Ø GOTO 39Ø
440 PRINT
   INPUT"DEPOSIT=":C
450
   IF C=Ø GOTO 24Ø
460
47Ø B=B+C
48Ø PRINT TAB(15)"total="B
490 GOTO 450
   INPUT"CHECKS OUT=":K
500
510
   IF K-0 GOTO 240
520
   L-L+K
53Ø PRINT TAB(15)L
540 GOTO 500
550 INPUT"STATEMENT=";M
    IF M-Ø GOTO 240
560
570 R-M-L
580 PRINT"CHECKS OUT"TAB(12)L
590 PRINT"BANK BOOK"TAB(11)R
   IF R=M-L THEN PRINT TAB(15)"
600
correct"
610 PRINT
620 PRINT
63Ø INPUT"hit <enter> back to me
nu":Y
640 IF Y-0 THEN GOTO 240
650 PRINT
660 INPUT"MONTH"; D$
670 INPUT"YEAR"; F
68Ø PRINT#-2,"DATE "D$:F
   INPUT"BALANCE"; B
700 PRINT#-2,"LAST MONTH'S BALAN
CE--
710 PRINT#-2."CHECKS
            TOTAL'
720 PRINT"USE ZERO TO CHANGE"
730 PRINT
740 PRINT TAB(15)"TOTAL"
750 PRINT"CHECKS"
```

210 ON H GOTO 220,660

760 PRINT 770 INPUT"CHECK=":A CHECK" 780 PRINT#-2, :A 790 B-B-A 800 IF A-0 GOSUB 840 810 PRINTTAB(15)B 820 PRINT#-2. "BALANCE----"; 83Ø GOTO 77Ø 840 PRINT 85Ø INPUT"DEPOSIT-";C 860 PRINT#-2." DEPOSI T"; C 87Ø IF C-Ø GOTO 77Ø 880 B=B+C 890 PRINT TAB(15)B 900 PRINT#-2. -":B 910 GOTO 850 920 PRINT 930 POKE&H95C9, &H7F: POKE&HFF33.& H10 940 REM black screen-green type 950 SCREEN 1.0 960 GOTO 140 970 REM...PROG...BANK



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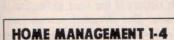


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# Visualizing Fractions 3

by Fred B. Scerbo Contributing Editor

If you have an idea for the "Wishing Well," submit it to Fred c/o the rainbow. Remember, keep your ideas specific, and don't forget this is basic. All programs resulting from your wishes are for your use, but remain the property of the author.

ast month I introduced the latest installment in our educational series on math skills titled *Visualizing Fractions 2*. VISFRAC2 is very different from some of our recent math offerings since it introduces the relationships between different fractions. The graphics in that program are also very different in that they combine several drawing strings with the PAINT command to give a dramatic demonstration of the pie-chart representation of fractions.

This month we'll look at VISFRAC3, a program to help students become more familiar with the decimal versions of all the fractions with denominators between 2 and 9. By using the oppposites shell, users can now easily review all of these relationships and then quiz their recall in two different ways.

### Changes

Before it could be used in this program, the opposites shell had to undergo some major changes. Those of you familiar with that screen format will recall that it allows "sets" to be quizzed while showing three

Fred Scerbo is a special needs instructor for the North Adams Public Schools in North Adams, Massachusetts. He holds a master's in education and has published some of the first software available for the Color Computer through his software firm, Illustrated Memory Banks.

choices on the screen with one box (in the upper-left corner of the screen) showing the item to match in reverse graphics. This may have been suitable for other uses, but the reverse-graphics box does not serve our purposes here. Each fraction is usually represented with the black sections indicating which part of the fraction is the numerator. Therefore, in the fraction <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>, two segments would be black and one segment would be white. But if we print this graphic in reverse, the user might incorrectly think

the fraction shown is <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> instead of <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> since the black and white would be reversed.

This problem was solved by changing the upper-left box to a white box rather than a black, reversed-graphics box. The program still works since at any one time only one fraction appears on screen with three decimal choices, or one decimal with three fraction choices in the reversed quiz. This still carries over to the screen inversion which occurs if the user gives the wrong response. The inverted screen has been

32K Extended



258Ø	56581	1Ø9Ø 14
555Ø	61Ø227	113Ø 33
85 255	66Ø 1Ø6	117Ø 117
125 152	71Ø192	121Ø 62
15Ø 4Ø	76Ø117	1245 127
2Ø5 252	8Ø598	128Ø 1Ø3
25514Ø	84018	1310 103
3Ø5 221	88Ø 134	1340 168
355 22	92Ø 235	137Ø 181
4Ø5 1Ø4	95Ø142	1405 40
445 61	985 67	1450 254
48Ø 2Ø7	102041	15Ø5 199
515 41	1Ø5Ø 226	END

### The Listing: VISFRAC3

1 KEMMANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANA	
2 REM* VISUALIZING FRACTIONS 3	ķ.
3 REM* COPYRIGHT (C) 1990	4
4 REM* BY FRED B. SCERBO	k .
5 REM* 60 HARDING AVE	k
6 REM* NORTH ADAMS. MA Ø1247	+
7 REM*************	+
10 CLEAR800	
15 CLSØ:PRINTSTRING\$(32,172):STF	3
ING\$(32,204);:FORI=1TO 224 :REAL	)
A:PRINTCHR\$(A+160)::NEXT	
20 DATA29,28,28,26,30,28,29,21,2	2
8.29.21.28.29.21.28.30.29.20.30	
21,28,29,20,30,18,29,24,30,29,84	1

1 054444444444444444444444444

.92,93
25 DATA2124.2621.2121.21.
.20,20,.26,20,.26,21,.21,.26,26,
21,,26,,,85
30 DATA2118.2621.21.16.21.2
1,,,,26,,26,21,,21,,26,21,21,,
26,85
35 DATA21,28,28,26,30,29,28,21,2
8,29,21,,,,26,,,26,21,,21,,26,2
0.2328.2992.93
40 DATA2126,2121,.21,21,
.,26,,,26,21,,21,,26,,31,,,21,,,
85
45 DATA2126.20.26.2121.21.

corrected so that the flashing screen effect still occurs without destroying the flow of the program.

Another major change was also needed for this program to operate properly. Since using Option C (Reverse quiz) requires having more than one fraction-pie chart drawn, the program needed a number of IF...THEN statements to compensate for these changes. Therefore, the program can now tell the difference between the types of graphics it must draw, and it draws a pie chart only when needed.

The third and final change comes in the program's ability to generate the random choices. Since some fractions have the same decimal values (e.g., both 1/2 and 2/4 are 0.5), the program needed some way of preventing the same answer from appearing more than once in one of the three boxes for multiple choice. This is accomplished by

comparing the actual values as the numbers are picked. This prevents any duplication and the problems that might result from it.

### Using the Program

When using VISFRAC3, you can go to the menu by pressing ENTER after the title card. Selection A, Review Fractions, allows you to go through all choices and their matches by simply pressing ENTER. Options B and C are the same quiz with the order changed. Selection B matches three decimals to one fraction while C lets you match three fractions to one decimal.

The choice you must match with is in the upper-left corner. The remaining three boxes are your choices. You need only press the space bar to move the cursor to your choice. Pressing ENTER records your choice. A correct choice causes the program to show the match, from which you

may advance by again pressing ENTER. An incorrect choice causes the screen to flash, and the program lets you try again.

Pressing @ shows your score. You may resume where you left off by pressing C to continue. If you press C after the quiz is over, the program simply restarts.

That's all it takes to use VISFRAC3. You will find it is very useful when learning decimal values, and it generates a better understanding of fractions in general.

### Conclusion

At least one more variation on these fraction skills (involving changing fractions to percentages) is forthcoming. We'll call that one VISFRAC4. If you think of other tangents to pursue with these skills or topics, drop me a line and cast your wish into the "Wishing Well." Who knows what we might discover?

```
.21...26,..26,21,.21,.26,.21,.18
50 DATA28,24,,20,28,,28,20,,20,2
0,28,28,.20,28,.20,28,20,28,28,2
0,28,.28,24,28,28,84,92,92
55 PRINTSTRING$(32,195);STRING$(
32.163);
60 PRINT@388," VISUALIZING FRACT
IONS 3 ":
65 PRINT@420."
                   BY FRED B.SCER
        ";:PRINT@452,"
                           COPYRIGH
T (C) 1990
70 X$-INKEY$:IFX$<>CHR$(13)THEN7
75 DIM P$(44,4),A$(6),A(44),N(44
),B(4),C(4),D(4),E(4),F(4),G(44)
80 FORI=1T03:READ C(I),D(I),E(I)
F(I):NEXT:FORI-1T06:READA$(I):N
EXT: FORI=1T044: READP$(I.1).P$(I
2).P$(I,3):NEXT:FORI-1T044:READG
(I):P$(I,4)="BR":NEXT
85 COLOR1, Ø: FORI-1T09: P$(I,1)-0$
+P$(I,1):NEXTI
90 REM TITLE
95 CLS:PRINTSTRING$(64,"=");:PRI
NT@68."VISUALIZING FRACTIONS 3":
PRINTSTRING$(64,"-")::PRINT@198.
"A) REVIEW FRACTIONS":PRINT@262,
"B) QUIZ GRAPHICS": PRINT@326, "C)
 REVERSE QUIZ"
100 PRINT@388." << SELECT YOUR CH
OICE>>>"
105 PRINT: PRINTSTRING$(32,"=");
110 X$=INKEY$:X=RND(-TIMER):IFX$
-"A"THEN5Ø5ELSEIFX$-"B"THEN115EL
SEIFX$-"C"THEN1510ELSE110
115 CLSØ: PMODEØ, 1: PCLS1
120 LINE(0.0)-(254,170), PRESET, B
125 LINE(6.4)-(122,82), PRESET, B
130 LINE(128.4)-(248.82), PRESET.
```

```
135 LINE(6,86)-(122,164), PRESET,
140 LINE(128,86)-(248,164), PRESE
T.B
145 DRAW"BM26,188CØNU1ØR1ØNU1ØBR
6R1ØU6L1ØU4R1ØBR6NR1ØD4NR1ØD6R1Ø
BR12BU6NE4D2F4BR6R1ØU6L1ØU4R1ØBR
6ND1ØR1ØD4NL1ØBR6NR1ØD6U1ØR1ØD1Ø
BR6NR1ØU1ØR1ØBR6NR1ØD4NR1ØD6R1ØB
R1ØU1ØNL4R1ØD4NL1ØD6NL14BR6U1ØR1
ØD4NL1ØD6BR6U1ØR1ØD4L1ØR4F6BR6E4
U2H4"
150 DATA130,6,246,80,6,86,120,16
2,130,86,246,162
155 PAINT(2,2),0,0:PCOPY1T03
160 PMODEØ, 4: PCLS1
165 LINE(Ø,Ø)-(254,17Ø), PRESET, B
170 LINE(6.4)-(122.82), PSET.B
   LINE(128,4)-(248,82), PSET, B
175
180 LINE(6,86)-(122,164), PSET, B
185 LINE(128,86)-(248,164), PSET.
190 PCOPY4TO2: PMODEØ.1: SCREEN1.1
195 DATA"BM2,8CØS4","BM13Ø,8CØS4
"."BM2.90C0S4","BM130.90C0S4","B
M2.48CØS4", "BM130,48CØS4"
200 FORI=1T044
205 A(I)-RND(44):IFN(A(I))-1THEN
205
210 N(A(I))=1:NEXTI:FORY=1T044:C
OLOR1.0
215 FORI-2T04
220 B(I)=RND(3)+1:IFN(B(I))=ØTHE
N220
225 N(B(I))=0:NEXTI:FORI=1T04:N(
I)-1:NEXT
230 B=RND(44):IFB=A(Y)THEN230
235 IFG(B)-G(A(Y))THEN230
240 C-RND(44): IFC-B OR C-A((Y))T
HEN24Ø
```

DAE TECHEN CONTRACTOR
245 IFG(C)=G(A(Y))THEN240
250 DRAW A\$(1):DRAWP\$(A(Y),1):IF
NG=1THEN265
255 CIRCLE(60.42),34.09:PAINT(
56.20).0.0
260 DRAW A\$(1):DRAW"C1":DRAWP\$(A
(Y),2)
265 DRAW A\$(B(2)):DRAWP\$(B,3)
270 DRAW A\$(B(3)):DRAWP\$(C,3)
275 DRAW A\$(B(4)):DRAWP\$(A(Y),3)
28Ø IF NG=ØTHEN315
285 CIRCLE(188.42),34,0,.9:PAINT
(184,36),0,0
290 CIRCLE(60,124),34,0,.9:PAINT
(56,120),0.0
295 CIRCLE(188,124),34,0,.9:PAIN
T(184.120).0.0
300 DRAW A\$(B(3))+"C1":DRAWP\$(C.
4)
305 DRAW A\$(B(4))+"C1":DRAWP\$(A(
Y),4)
310 DRAW A\$(B(2))+"C1":DRAWP\$(B.
4)
315 COLOR1.0
320 Z=0
325 PMODEØ,4
330 DRAW A\$(1)+"C1":DRAWP\$(A(Y),
1):IF NG=1THEN345
335 CIRCLE(60,42),34,1,.9:PAINT(
56.20).1.1
340 DRAW A\$(1):DRAW"C0":DRAWP\$(A
(Y),2)
345 DRAW A\$(B(2))+"C1":DRAWP\$(B,
3)
350 DRAW A\$(B(3))+"C1":DRAWP\$(C,
3)
355 DRAW A\$(B(4))+"C1":DRAWP\$(A(
Y).3)
360 IF NG-0THEN395
365 DRAW A\$(B(2))+"C1":DRAWP\$(B,
4)

## Submitting Material To Rainbow

Contributions to THE RAINBOW are welcome from everyone. We like to run a variety of programs that are useful, helpful and fun for other CoCo owners.

WHAT TO WRITE: We are interested in what you want to tell our readers. We accept for consideration anything that is well-written and has a practical application for the Tandy Color Computer. If it interests you, it will probably interest lots of others. However, we vastly prefer articles with accompanying programs that can be entered and run. The more unique the idea, the more the appeal. We have a continuing need for short articles with short listings. These are especially appealing to our many beginners.

FORMAT: Program submissions must be on tape or disk, and it is best to make several saves, at least one of them in ASCII format. We're sorry, but we do not have time to key in programs and debug our typing errors. All programs should be supported by some editorial commentary explaining how the program works. We also prefer that editorial copy be included in ASCII format on the tape or disk, using any of the word processors currently available for the Color Computer. Also, please include a doublespaced printout of your editorial material and program listing. Do not send text in all capital letters; use upper- and lowercase.

COMPENSATION: We do pay for submissions, based on a number of criteria. Those wishing remuneration should so state when making submissions.

For the benefit of those wanting more detailed information on making submissions, please send a self-addressed, stamped envelope (SASE) to: Submission Guidelines, THE RAINBOW, The Falsoft Building, P.O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059. We will send you comprehensive guidelines.

Please do not submit material currently submitted to another publication. 370 DRAW A\$(B(3))+"C1":DRAWP\$(C. 2RBR4R8U6L8U6R8" 555 REM TWO HALVES 560 DATA 375 DRAW A\$(B(4))+"C1":DRAWP\$(A( 565 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28BR44BD1 2CØNR8U4R8U4L8BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L8U 380 CIRCLE(188,42),34,1,.9:PAINT (184.34), 1, 14R8U4L8" 570 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6B 385 CIRCLE(60,124),34,1,.9:PAINT D12RBR4R8U12L8D12" (56,116),1,1 390 CIRCLE(188,124),34,1,.9:PAIN 575 REM ONE THIRD 580 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-26,+15M+2 T(184,116).1.1 6.-15M+26.+15BR2ØBU2R8U4NL8U4L8B 395 PMODEØ,1:SCREEN1,1 U4L2R12L6BU4U8" 400 LINE(8,6)-(120,80), PSET, B 405 IF Y>44THEN RUN 585 DATA 410 X\$=INKEY\$:IFX\$=" "THEN420ELS 590 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR3R7U6NL7U6NL7BR4R7D6NL7D6NL7 EIFX\$="@"THEN1445 BR4R7U6NL7U6L7" 415 COLOR1.0:LINE(8.6)-(120.80). 595 REM TWO THIRDS PRESET.B:GOTO400 600 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+26,+15BR2 420 Z=Z+1: IFZ-4THENZ-1 ØBU2R8U4NL8U4L8BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L8 425 COLOR1.0:LINE(C(Z).D(Z))-(E( Z).F(Z)).PSET,B 430 X\$-INKEY\$: IFX\$-" "THEN420ELS 605 DATA"BR58BD34M-26,+15" 61Ø DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4NU12R8U6NL8BU6NL8BR4D12R8U6 EIFX\$=CHR\$(13)THEN44ØELSEIFX\$="@ "THEN1445 L8U6R8BR4ND2R8D12" 435 COLOR1. Ø: LINE(C(Z). D(Z))-(E( 615 REM THREE THIRDS Z).F(Z)).PRESET.B:G0T0425 620 DATA 44Ø IFZ+1=B(4)THEN45Ø 445 NW-NW+1:FORK-1T05:PMODEØ.4:S 625 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-26,+15M+2 6,-15M+26,+15BR2ØBU2CØR8U4NL8U4L CREEN1.1:SOUNDIØ, 3:PMODEØ, 1:SCRE 8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U4NL8U4L8" EN1.1:SOUND1,3:NEXTK:GOTO425 630 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6B 450 NC=NC+1:PMODEØ, 4:PCLS1:LINE( Ø.40)-(256,126), PRESET, B:LINE(6, D12RBR4R8U12L8D12" 635 REM ONE FOURTH 44)-(124,122).PRESET.B:LINE(130. 640 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NL32R32 44)-(248,122), PRESET, B: PAINT(2.4 BR22BD12U8D4L8U4BU4L2R12L6BU4U8" 2).0.0 455 DRAW A\$(5)+"S4":DRAWP\$(A(Y). 650 DATA"BR20BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 1):IFNG=1THEN465 2RBR4NR8U6R8U6NL8BR4NR8D6R8D6L8" 460 CIRCLE(60.82),34,0,.9:PAINT( 655 REM TWO FOURTHS 54.60).0.0 660 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28R32BR22 465 DRAWA\$(5)+"C1":DRAWP\$(A(Y),2 BD12U8D4L8U4BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L8U4R 470 DRAW A\$(6):DRAWP\$(A(Y),3):IF 8U4L8" 665 DATA"BR58BD34L32" NG-ØTHEN48Ø 67Ø DATA"BR34BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 475 CIRCLE(188,82),34,0,.9:PAINT 2RBR4R8U6L8U6R8" (170.80).0.0 675 REM THREE FOURTHS 480 DRAWA\$(6)+"C1":DRAWP\$(A(Y),4 68Ø DATA"BR58BD34NU28R32BR22BD12 U8D4L8U4BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U4NL8U4 485 SCREEN1.1 490 X\$=INKEY\$:IFX\$<>CHR\$(13)THEN 685 DATA"BR58BD34NL32D28" 490 690 DATA"BR20BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 495 PMODEØ.1 2RBR4BU12ND2R8D12BR4R8U6L8U6R8" 500 PCOPY3TO1:SCREEN1.1:PCOPY2TO 4:NEXTY:GOT01445 695 REM FOUR FOURTHS 505 PMODEØ, 2: PCLS1: SCREEN1, 1: LIN 700 DATA E(0,40)-(256,126), PRESET, B:LINE( 705 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NL32R32 BR22BD12CØU8D4L8U4BU4L2R12L6BU4B 6,44)-(124,122), PRESET, B:LINE(13 R4U8D4L8U4" Ø.44)-(248,122), PRESET, B:PAINT(2 710 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6B .42),0,0 D12RBR4R8U12L8D12" 510 FORI-1T044: DRAW A\$(5)+"S4":C IRCLE(60,82),34,0,.9:DRAWP\$(I,1) 715 REM ONE FIFTH 720 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-30,-10M+3 :PAINT(54,60),0,0:DRAWA\$(5)+"C1" Ø,+10M+30,-10M-30,+10NG22NF22BR4 :DRAWP\$(I,2) 6BD12R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4U8" 515 DRAWA\$(6)+"CØ":DRAWP\$(I,3):D RAWA\$(6):DRAWP\$(I,4) 725 DATA 520 X\$=INKEY\$:IFX\$<>CHR\$(13)THEN 73Ø DATA"BR32BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4NR8U6R8U6NL8" 520 735 REM TWO FIFTHS 525 COLOR1, Ø:LINE(8,46)-(122,120 740 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+30,-10M-3 ).PSET.BF:LINE(132,46)-(246,120) Ø.+1ØNG22NF22BR46BD12R8U4L8U4NR8 PSET, BF: NEXTI BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L8U4R8U4L8" 530 RUN 745 DATA"BR58BD34M-30,-10" 535 REM ONE HALF 750 DATA"BR32BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 540 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28BR44BD1 2RBR4BU12D6R8U6D12" 2NR8U4R8U4L8BU4L2R12L6BU4U8" 755 REM THREE FIFTHS 760 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+30,-10M-3 545 DATA 550 DATA"BR34BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1

0.+10NF22BR46BD12R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L 2R12L6BU4L4R8U4NL8U4L8" 765 DATA"BR58BD34M-30,-10M+30,+1 ØG22" 77Ø DATA"BR32BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4U12NR8D6R8D6NL8" 775 REM FOUR FIFTHS 78Ø DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+3Ø.-1ØM-3 0.+10BR46BD12R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12 L6BU4BR4U8D4L8U4" 785 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-30.-10M+3 Ø.+1ØNG22NF22" 790 DATA"BR32BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4U12NR8D6R8NU6D6NL8" 795 REM FIVE FIFTHS 800 DATA 805 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-30,-10M+3 Ø,+10M+30,-10M-30,+10NG22NF22BR4 6BD12CØR8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4L 4R8U4L8U4R8" 810 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6B D12RBR4R8U12L8D12" 815 REM ONE SIXTH 820 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28M-26,+1 5M+52,-3ØM-26,15M+26,+15M-52,-3Ø BR7ØBD28NU4R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6 BU4U8" 825 DATA 83Ø DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR5NU12BR5NU12R8U6NL8BU6NL8BR4 ND2R8D12" 835 REM TWO SIXTHS 840 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28M-26,+1 5M+52,-3ØM-26,15M+26,+15M-26,-15 BR44BD12NU4R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6 BU4R4L8U4R8U4L8" 845 DATA"BR58BD34M-26,-15" DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 850 2RBR3R7U6NL7U6NL7BR4R7D6NL7D6NL7 BR4R7U6NL7U6L7" 855 REM THREE SIXTHS 860 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28M+26.-1 5M-26.15M+26.+15M-26.-15BR44BD12 NU4R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U 4NL8U4L8" 865 DATA"BR58BD34M-26,-15M+26,+1 5M-26,+15" 870 DATA"BR34BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4R8U6L8U6R8" 875 REM FOUR SIXTHS 880 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+26,-15M-2 6.15M+26,+15M-26,-15BR44BD12NU4R 8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4BR4U8D4L8 U4" 885 DATA"BR58BD34ND28M-26,-15M+2 6.+15M-26.+15" 890 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4NU12R8U6NL8BU6NL8BR4D12R8U6 LBU6R8BR4ND2R8D12\* 895 REM FIVE SIXTHS 900 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+26,-15M-2 6.15BR44BD12NU4R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R 12L6BU4L4R8U4L8U4R8" 905 DATA"BR58BD34ND28M-26,-15M+2 5.+15M-26.+15M+26.-15M+26.+15" 910 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4NU12R8U6NL8U6NL8BR4R8D6NL8D 6NL8BR4R8U6NL8U6L8" 915 REM SIX SIXTHS 920 DATA 925 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28M-26,+1 5M+52,-30M-26,15M+26,+15M-52,-30 BR7ØBD28CØNU4R8U4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12

L6BU4L4R8U4L8D4U8R8"

93Ø DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6B D12RBR4R8U12L8D12" 935 REM ONE SEVENTH 940 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-24,-20M+2 4.+20M-30.+4M+30.-4M-16.+25M+16. -25M+16.+25M-16.-25M+30.+4M-30. 4M+24.-2ØBR28BD32U8L8ND2BU4L2R12 L6BU4U8" 945 DATA 950 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR5NU12BR5BU12D6R8U6D12BR5R8U6 NL8U6L8" 955 REM TWO SEVENTHS 960 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-30,+4M+30 .-4M-16.+25M+16.-25M+16.+25M-16. -25M+30.+4M-30.-4M+24.-20BR28BD3 2U8L8ND2BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L8U4R8U4L 8" 965 DATA"BR58BD34M-24,-20" 970 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 2RBR4NR8U6R8U6NL8BR4ND12R8D6NL8D 6NL8BR4NR8U12R8BD6NL8D6" 975 REM THREE SEVENTHS 980 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-16,+25M+1 6.-25M+16,+25M-16,-25M+30,+4M-30 4M+24.-2ØBR28BD32U8L8ND2BU4L2R 12L6BU4L4R8U4NL8U4L8" 985 DATA"BR58BD34M-24,-20M+24,+2 ØM-3Ø,+4" 990 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR1 ØRBR4BU12D6R8U6D12BR4NR8U6R8U6NL 8BR4ND6R8D6NL8D6" 995 REM FOUR SEVENTHS 1000 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+16,+25M-16,-25M+30,+4M-30,-4M+24,-20BR28 BD32U8L8ND2BU4L2R12L6BU4BR4U8D4L 8114" 1005 DATA"BR58BD34M-24,-20M+24,+ 20M-30,+4M+30,-4M-16,+25" 1010 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4R8U6L8U6R8BR4ND2R8D12BR6U1 1015 REM FIVE SEVENTHS 1020 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+30,+4M-3 Ø.-4M+24.-2ØBR28BD32U8L8ND2BU4L2 R12L6BU4L4R8U4L8U4R8" 1025 DATA"BR58BD34M-24, -20M+24,+ 20M-30.+4M+30.-4M-16.+25M+16.-25 M+16,+25" 1030 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR3BU1ØU2R8D12BR6U12BR6D6R8U6 D12" 1035 REM SIX SEVENTHS 1040 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+24, -20BR 28BD32U8L8ND2BU4L2R12L6BU4NL4R4U 4L8ND4U4R8" 1045 DATA"BR58BD34M-24,-20M+24,+ 20M-30,+4M+30,-4M-16,+25M+16,-25 M+16,+25M-16,-25M+3Ø,+4" 1050 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4NU12R8U6NL8U6NL8BR4NR8D6R8 D6NL8BR3BU1ØU2R8D12" 1055 REM SEVEN SEVENTHS 1060 DATA 1065 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-24,-20M+ 24.+20M-30.+4M+30.-4M-16.+25M+16 ,-25M+16,+25M-16,-25M+30,+4M-30. -4M+24.-2ØBR28BD32CØU8L8ND2BU4L2 R12L6BU4BR4U8L8D2" 1070 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6 BD12RBR4R8U12L8D12" 1075 REM ONE EIGHTH 1080 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NL32NR 32NE22NF22NG22NH22BR44BD12NU4R8U

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```

8D4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4U8" 1085 DATA 1090 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR5NU12BR5NR8U6R8U6NL8BR5NR8D 6R8D6L8" 1095 REM TWO EIGHTHS 1100 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NL32NR 32NE22NF22NG22BR44BD12NU4R8U8D4L 8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L8U4R8U4L8" 11Ø5 DATA"BR58BD34NH22" 1110 DATA"BR20BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4NR8U6R8U6NL8BR4NR8D6R8D6L8 1115 REM THREE EIGHTHS 1120 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NR32NE 22NF22NG22BR44BD12NU4R8U8D4L8U4N R8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U4NL8U4L8" 1125 DATA"BR58BD34NH22NL32" 113Ø DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR3R7U6NL7U6NL7BR4ND2R7D12BR5 R7U6L7U6R7" 1135 REM FOUR EIGHTHS 1140 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NR32NE 22NF22BR44BD12NU4R8U8D4L8U4NR8BU 4L2R12L6BU4BR4U8D4L8U4" 1145 DATA"BR58BD34NH22NL32NG22" 1150 DATA"BR34BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4R8U6L8U6R8" 1155 REM FIVE EIGHTHS 1160 DATA"BR58BD34NU28NR32NE22NF 22BR44BD12NU4R8U8D4L8U4NR8BU4L2R 12L6BU4L4R8U4L8U4R8" 1165 DATA"BR58BD34NH22NL32NG22ND 28" 1170 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4NU12R8U6NL8BU6NL8BR4R7D6L7 D6R7BR4R7U6L7U6R7" 1175 REM SIX EIGHTHS 118Ø DATA"BR58BD34NU28NR32NE22BR 44BD12NU4R8U8D4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6 BU4L4NU4R8U4L8U4R8" 1185 DATA"BR58BD34NH22NL32NG22ND 28NF22" 1190 DATA"BR20BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4BU12ND2R8D12BR4R8U6L8U6R8" 1195 REM SEVEN EIGHTHS 1200 DATA"BR58BD34NU28NE22BR44BD 12NU4R8U8D4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4B R4U8L8D2" 1205 DATA"BR58BD34NH22NL32NG22ND 28NF22NR32" 1210 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR3NU12R7U6NL7U6NL7BR4ND2R7D1 2BR5R7U6L7U6R7" 1215 REM EIGHT EIGHTHS 1220 DATA 1225 DATA"BR58BD34NU28ND28NL32NR 32NE22NF22NG22NH22BR44BD12CØNU4R 8U8D4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U4N L8U4L8D8" 1230 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6 BD12RBR4R8U12L8D12"

.-26M+26.+15M-26.-15M+30.-6M-30. +6M+18.-22BR26BD34R8U4NU4L8U4NR8 BU4L2R12L6BU4U8" 1245 DATA 125Ø DATA"BR22BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR7NU12BR7NU12BR7NU12" 1255 REM TWO NINTHS 1260 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-30,-6M+3 Ø,+6M-26,+15M+26,-15M-12,+26M+12 .-26M+12.+26M-12.-26M+26.+15M-26 -15M+30,-6M-30,+6M+18,-22BR26BD 34R8U4NU4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4R4L 8U4R8U4L8" 1265 DATA"BR58BD34M-18,-22" 1270 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4NR8U6R8U6NL8BR4R8D6L8D6R8B R4NR8U6R8U6L8" 1275 REM THREE NINTHS 128Ø DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-26,+15M+ 26,-15M-12,+26M+12,-26M+12,+26M-12,-26M+26,+15M-26,-15M+30,-6M-3 Ø.+6M+18.-22BR26BD34R8U4NU4L8U4N R8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U4NL8U4L8" 1285 DATA"BR58BD34M-18,-22M+18,+ 22M-30.-6" 1290 DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR3R7U6NL7U6NL7BR4R7D6NL7D6NL 7BR4R7U6NL7U6L7" 1295 REM FOUR NINTHS 1300 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-12.+26M+ 12,-26M+12,+26M-12,-26M+26,+15M-26,-15M+30,-6M-30,+6M+18,-22BR26 BD34R8U4NU4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4B R4U8D4L8U4" 1305 DATA"BR58BD34M-18.-22M+18.+ 22M-30,-6M+30,+6M-26,+15" 1310 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 1ØRBR4BU12D6R8U6ND12BR4D6R8U6ND1 2BR4D6R8U6D12" 1315 REM FIVE NINTHS 1320 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+12,+26M-12,-26M+26,+15M-26,-15M+30,-6M-3 Ø.+6M+18.-22BR26BD34R8U4NU4L8U4N R8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U4L8U4R8" 1325 DATA "BR58BD34M-18,-22M+18, +22M-30,-6M+30,+6M-26,+15M+26,-1 5M-12,+26" 133Ø DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4R8U6L8U6R8BR4NR8D6R8D6NL8B R4NU6R8U6L8U6R8" 1335 REM SIX NINTHS 1340 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+26,+15M-26,-15M+3Ø,-6M-3Ø,+6M+18,-22BR26 BD34R8U4NU4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU4L 4NU4R8U4L8U4R8" 1345 DATA"BR58BD34M-18,-22M+18,+ 22M-30,-6M+30,+6M-26,+15M+26,-15 M-12,+26M+12,-26M+12,+26" 1350 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4NU12R8U6NL8BU6NL8BR4D12R8U 6L8U6R8BR4ND2R8D12" 1355 REM SEVEN NINTHS 1360 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+30.-6M-3 Ø.+6M+18.-22BR26BD34R8U4NU4L8U4N R8BU4L2R12L6BU4BR4U8L8D2" 1365 DATA "BR58BD34M-18.-22M+18.

+22M-30,-6M+30,+6M-26,+15M+26,-1 5M-12,+26M+12,-26M+12,+26M-12,-2 6M+26,+15" 137Ø DATA"BR14BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR2BU1ØU2R8ND12BR3ND2R8ND12BR 4ND12R8D6NL8D6L8" 1375 REM EIGHT NINTHS 138Ø DATA"BR58BD34NU28M+18,-22BR 26BD34R8U4NU4L8U4NR8BU4L2R12L6BU 4L4R8U4NL8U4L8D8" 1385 DATA"BR58BD34M-18,-22M+18,+ 22M-30,-6M+30,+6M-26,+15M+26,-15 M-12,+26M+12,-26M+12,+26M-12,-26 M+26,+15M-26,-15M+30,-6" 1390 DATA"BR12BD46S8R8U12L8D12BR 12RBR4NU12R8U6NL8U6NL8BR4D12R8U6 L8U6R8ND6BR4ND6R8D6NL8D6" 1395 REM NINE NINTHS 1400 DATA 1405 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-18,-22M+ 18,+22M-30,-6M+30,+6M-26,+15M+26 .-15M-12.+26M+12.-26M+12.+26M-12 .-26M+26,+15M-26,-15M+30,-6M-30, +6M+18,-22BR26BD34CØR8U4NU4L8U4N R8BU4L2R12L6BU4L4R8U8L8D4R8" 1410 DATA"BR36BD46S8R4L2U12NGBR6 BD12RBR4R8U12L8D12" 1415 DATA .5,1,.333,.667,1 1420 DATA .25..5,.75,1,.2,.4,.6, .8.1 1425 DATA .167,.333,.5,.667,.833 1430 DATA .143,.286,.429,.571,.7 14..857.1 1435 DATA .125..25..375..5..625. .75..875,1 1440 DATA .111,.222,.333,.444,.5 56..667..778..889. 1445 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT 1450 PRINTTAB(3)"PROBLEMS COMPLE "NC+NW:PRINT TED 1455 PRINTTAB(3)"CORRECT RESPONS ES "NC:PRINT 1460 PRINTTAB(3)"INCORRECT RESPO NSES - "NW: PRINT TR-NC+NW: IFTR-ØTHENTR-1 1465 1470 SC=INT(NC/TR\*100) PRINTTAB(3)"YOUR TOTAL SCOR 1475 - "SC"%":PRINT 1480 PRINTTAB(3)"ANOTHER TRY (Y/ N) OR (C) ?": 1485 X\$=INKEY\$:IFX\$=""THEN1485 1490 IFX\$="Y"THEN RUN 1495 IFX\$="N"THEN CLS:END 1500 IFX\$="C"THEN SCREEN1,1:GOTO 400 15Ø5 GOTO1485 1510 CLS:PRINT@232,"PLEASE STAND BY": 1515 FORI=1T044:TEM\$=P\$(I,1):P\$( I.1)=P\$(I.3):P\$(I.3)=TEM\$:NEXT 152Ø FORI=1T044:TEM\$=P\$(I.2):P\$( I.2)=P\$(I.4):P\$(I.4)=TEM\$:NEXT 1525 NG=1:GOT0115

0

44

1235 REM ONE NINTH

1240 DATA"BR58BD34NU28M-18,-22M+

18.+22M-30.-6M+30.+6M-26.+15M+26

.-15M-12.+26M+12.-26M+12.+26M-12

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As you would expect we have a lot more information we can send you that better describes the Tomcat and all its features and capabilities. Why not write or call us right now before you forget. You've been wondering about it long enough, give us a call right now!

# Appreciatin



Learn to get along with depreciation calculations

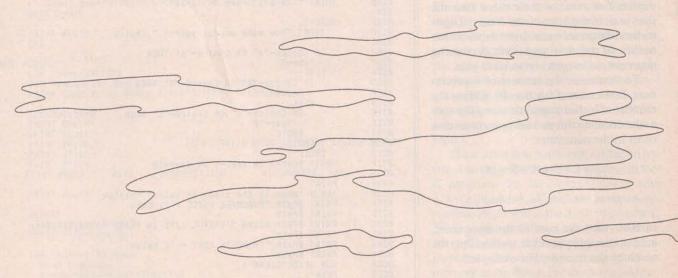
## by David Macias

ery few obsessions equal the one accountants express when it comes to keeping their books in order. For them, every ledger entry must be accurate and properly placed. It makes common sense that if you pay \$100 for office supplies the ledger reflect that \$100 in cash was paid out and the office supply account increased by the same \$100. Entering the cost of insurance is just as simple. To calculate this cost, divide the yearly cost by the number of months covered. This gives you the monthly amount of insurance expense to enter. But what about the wear and tear on your equipment? What value will the equipment have after one year? How do you record its depreciation? To answer these questions accountants create two separate accounts to cover the same piece of equipment.

The first account is the original purchase price of the equipment. If you paid

David attends Cerritos College as a business computer systems major. He works as a computer operator in data processing and also as a tutor for the music department in the MIDI lab. He is an advocate of the OS-9 operating system. David can be contacted at 11518 Wembley Court, Cerritos, CA 90701. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

# Depreciation



s100,000 for a VAX system, the ledger shows this amount for as long as you own the system. The second account is for the accumulated depreciation. Every month the accountant enters the amount of depreciation into this separate account. At specific intervals the accountant is required to prepare a balance sheet showing the financial position of a company or economic unit. For this balance sheet, the equipment ac-

count is adjusted by subtracting the amount of the accumulated depreciation from the original purchase price.

How do accountants come up with the amount of each month's depreciation? This amount is based on the expectation that a piece of equipment gradually declines in usefulness due to time and normal wear and tear. The cost is spread out over the estimated useful life of the equipment. This

article covers three methods used to determine depreciation. These three methods are the Straight-Line method, the Sum-of-the-Years'-Digits method and the Accelerated Cost Recovery System, or ACRS. Each of these are used to determine the annual depreciation of an account. To get the monthly depreciation, divide the yearly amount by twelve.

### Straight-Line Method

With the Straight-Line method, the depreciation is determined by the following formula:

## $YD = \frac{Cost - Trade}{Years of life}$

where YD is the yearly depreciation, Cost is the cost of the asset, and Trade is the tradein value of the equipment.

For example, assume the cost of a piece of equipment is \$10,000. The expected useful life is five years with a trade-in value of \$2500. The equation looks like this:

$$YD = \frac{$10,000 - $2500}{5 \text{ years}} = $1500 \text{ per year}$$

Each year, the accumulated depreciation increases by \$1500 and the book value (cost minus accumulated depreciation)

## OS-9



### Listing 1: Depreciate.b09

```
PROCEDURE Depreciate
 aaaa
               (* Appreciatin' Depreciation
 0001
               (* Written by David Macias
(* Copyright (c) February 1991
(* by Falsoft, Inc.
 0022
 0043
 0064
 0085
               (* Rainbow Magazine
 00A6
               DIM Cost.Value:REAL
DIM Year:INTEGER
 00A7
 ØØB2
               DIM Path: BYTE
 ØØB9
               DIM Choice: STRING[1]
 0000
 ØØCC
               CREATE #Path."account.out": WRITE
 ØØCD
              RUN Title(Path)
RUN GFX2("CLEAR")
 ØØE3
 ØØED
 00FA
               PRINT
 ØØFB
```

decreases by \$1500. At the end of the last useful year of the equipment, the book value is equal to the trade-in value. With this method, the amount of depreciation is the same each year.

### Sum-of-the-Years'-Digits Method

The Straight-Line method may not reflect reality since the majority of material objects lose most of their value after the first year. In the Sum-of-the-Years'-Digits method the greatest amount of depreciation occurs in the first year with decreasing depreciation in each consecutive year.

To determine the amount of depreciation, first create a fraction by adding the number of useful years and using the sum as the denominator and the years in reverse order as the numerator:

$$1+2+3+4+5=15$$

gives 5/15, 4/15, 3/15, 2/15 and 1/15

Now take the cost of the equipment, subtract the trade-in value, and multiply the result by the fraction. For example:

Year	Dej	oreciation
1	\$10,000 - \$2500 * 5/15 =	\$2500
2	\$10,000 - \$2500 * 4/15 =	\$2200
3	\$10,000 - \$2500 * 3/15 =	\$1500
4	\$10,000 - \$2500 * 2/15 =	\$1000
5	\$10,000 - \$2500 * 1/15 =	\$500

Again, at the end of the last useful year of the equipment, the book value is equal to the trade-in value.

### Accelerated Cost Recovery System

The ACRS method does not consider the trade-in value for depreciation calculations. The type of property and the percentage table are used to find the depreciation. Property is divided into several categories for calculation. These categories specify three years for cars and trucks, five or 10 years for machines and equipment, and 15 or 18 years for buildings. The percentage tables are established by the U.S. Congress and change from time to time. The tables used in the accompanying program are for personal property placed in service after 1980 and before 1987. For example, a car that cost \$10,000 with a useful life of three years would be calculated as follows:

Year		Depreciation	
1	\$10,000 * .25 =	\$2500	
2	\$10,000 * .38 =	\$3800	
3	\$10,000 * .37 =	\$3700	

The total accumulated depreciation is \$2500 + \$3800 + \$3700, or \$10,000.

```
ØØFD
             PRINT
 ØØFF
             PRINT
                         ----- DEPRECIATION METHODS----
             PRINT
 0101
 Ø13F
 0141
             PRINT
 0143
             INPUT "What is the original cost? ", Cost
 0166
             PRINT
             PRINT "
                             ENTER ONE"
 0168
 Ø17C
Ø17E
             PRINT
             PRINT
 0180
             PRINT "
                                B=5
                                          C=10"
 Ø19A
 Ø19D
               INPUT "How many useful years? ", Choice
 Ø1BC
               IF Choice="a" OR Choice="A" THEN
 Ø1BD
 Ø1D2
                 Year=3
 0109
               ELSE
 Ø1DD
                 IF Choice-"b" OR Choice-"B" THEN
 Ø1F2
                    Year-5
 Ø1F9
                    IF Choice-"c" OR Choice-"C" THEN
 Ø1FD
 0212
                      Year=10
                    ENDIF
 0219
 Ø21B
Ø21D
                 ENDIF
               ENDIF
            UNTIL Year=3 OR Year=5 OR Year=10
 Ø21F
 Ø238
 0239
             INPUT "What is the trade-in value? ".Value
PRINT #Path,"PURCHASE PRICE = "; Cost
 Ø23B
 Ø25F
 Ø27D
             PRINT #Path
             PRINT #Path USING "'USEFUL LIFE IN YEARS =',X1,I3",Year
 0283
 Ø2AE
             PRINT #Path
 Ø2B4
             PRINT #Path, "TRADE-IN COST = ": Value
 Ø2D1
             PRINT #Path
 Ø2D7
             RUN GFX2("CLEAR")
 Ø2E4
 Ø2E6
            PRINT
 Ø2E8
             PRINT "RUNNING STRAIGHT-LINE METHOD"
 0308
             RUN Straight(Cost, Value, Year, Path)
 0321
            PRINT
             PRINT "RUNNING SUM-OF-THE-YEAR DIGIT METHOD"
 0323
 Ø34B
             RUN Sum(Cost, Value, Year, Path)
 0364
             PRINT
 0366
             PRINT "RUNNING ACRS METHOD"
 Ø37D
             RUN ACRS(Cost, Value, Year, Path)
 0396
            PRINT
            CLOSE #Path
PRINT "DONE"
 0398
 Ø39E
 Ø3A6
            END
PROCEDURE Straight
            DIM Annual, Accumulate: REAL
DIM Count: INTEGER
 0000
 000B
             PARAM Cost. Value: REAL: Year: INTEGER: Path: BYTE
 0029
 002A
            Annual-(Cost-Value)/Year
 ØØ38
            Accumulate-Ø
 0043
 0044
            PRINT #Path
            PRINT #Path."
PRINT #Path
 004A
                                                       STRAIGHT-LINE METHOD"
 007E
            PRINT #Path."
                                        DEPRECIATION
                                                                                        BOOK
 0084
                              YEAR
                                                             ACCUMULATED DEP.
VALUE'
 ØØCD
            PRINT #Path
 00D3
 00D4
            FOR Count-1 TO Year
               Accumulate=Accumulate+Annual
PRINT #Path USING "X4,I3,X5,R10.2>,X12,R10.2>,X8,R10.2>".
 00F5
 00F1
                Count, Annual, Accumulate, Cost-Accumulate
 0132
            NEXT Count
 Ø13D
 Ø13E
            PRINT #Path
 0144
            END
PROCEDURE Sum
 9999
            DIM Annual, Accumulate, Depreciation: REAL
            DIM Count, Fraction: REAL
PARAM Cost, Value: REAL; Year: INTEGER; Path: BYTE
 ØØØF
 001A
 0031
 0032
            Fraction-1
 ØØ3A
            Accumulate-0
 0042
 0043
            FOR Count-1 TO Year
               Fraction-Fraction+Count
 0056
 0062
            NEXT Count
 ØØ6D
            PRINT #Path
 006E
 0074
            PRINT #Path
```

SUM-OF-THE-YEARS' DIGIT METHOD" PRINT #Path." 007A PRINT #Path ØØR3 ACCUMULATED DEP. BOOK PRINT #Path." YEAR DEPRECIATION ØØB9 VALUE" PRINT #Path 0102 0108 FOR Count-1 TO Year 0109 Depreciation=(Cost-Value)\*((Year-Count+1)/(Fraction-1)) Ø11C Accumulate-Accumulate+Depreciation
PRINT #Path USING "X4,I3,X5,R10.2>,X12,R10.2>,X8,R10.2>". Ø13D 0149 Count, Depreciation, Accumulate, Cost-Accumulate Ø18A Ø195 Ø196 PRINT #Path Ø19C END PROCEDURE ACRS DIM Count: INTEGER 0000 DIM Accumulate, Depreciation, Fraction: REAL 0007 PARAM Cost, Value: REAL: Year: INTEGER: Path: BYTE 0016 ØØ2E Accumulate-0 PRINT #Path PRINT #Path PRINT #Path," 0036 ØØ3C ACCELERATED COST RECOVERY SYSTEM METHOD" 0042 PRINT #Path 0081 PRINT #Path 0087 BOOK ACCUMULATED DEP. ØØ8D PRINT #Path." YEAR DEPRECIATION VALUE" 00D6 PRINT #Path ØØDC REPEAT gann READ Fraction MADE 00E4 UNTIL Fraction-Year ØØF1 00F2 FOR Count=1 TO Year READ Fraction Depreciation-Cost\*Fraction 0108 Accumulate=Accumulate+Depreciation
PRINT #Path USING "X4,13,X5,R10.2>,X12,R10.2>,X8,R10.2>",
Count,Depreciation,Accumulate,Cost-Accumulate 0114 0120

### The Programs

The two programs accompanying this article (one written in C and the other written in BASIC09) function pretty much like each other. The main module opens an output file named accountant.out. A series of questions prompts the user for the raw data needed to generate a depreciation report. The data is then written to the output file and the main module calls the three modules (one at a time) to calculate each depreciation method and write the results of each calculation to the output file. When the ACRS module is completed, the main module closes the output file and the program ends. To see the results, enter list accountant.out. You can also load the file into a word processor for inclusion in a

There are a few noteworthy differences between the BASIC09 and C versions. In the C program, the Straight(), Sum() and ACRS() modules all include a rounding routine not present in the BASIC09 program. When working with real numbers you must remember how the computer stores real numbers. The value 200.127 is stored in memory as .200127E-3. For this value, .200127 is called the mantissa and E-3 is the exponent (power of 10). In C, if you print this value with the format %5.2f the 7 is dropped,

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### Reply to:

Reviews Editor The Rainbow The Falsoft Building P.O. Box 385 Prospect, KY 40059



```
0161
            NEXT Count
 Ø16C
            PRINT #Path
 Ø16D
 0173
            DATA 3..25..38..37.5..15..22..21..21..20
DATA .08..14..12..1..1..09..09..09..09
 0174
 Ø189
 0203
            END
PROCEDURE Title
 0000
            PARAM Path: BYTE
 0007
 0008
            PRINT #Path, CHR$(12)
 0012
            PRINT #Path
            PRINT #Path."
 0018
            PRINT #Path."
                                                    Three Depreciation Methods |\"
 0055
            PRINT #Path."
 0092
            PRINT #Path."
 ØØCF
                                                   "HILLIH HILLIH HILLIH HILLIH "
            PRINT #Path
 0112
            FND
```

```
Listing 2: Depreciate.c
      Appreciatin' Depreciation
**
      Written by David Macias
      Copyright (c) February 1991
by Falsoft, Inc.
**
**
**
      Rainbow Magazine
#include <stdio.h>
#define Clear(path) write(path,"\x0C",1)
main()
                  cost, value;
      float
                  year, path;
choice;
      char
      FILE
                   *out:
      out = fopen("account.out", "w");
      path - 1:
      pffinit():
      title(out):
      Clear(path);
     ----- DEPRECIATION METHODS-
                                                                                     -\n\n\n"):
      printf("How many useful years?
            choice - getchar():
            switch(choice)
                  case 'a':
                  case 'A':
                         year = 3;
                         break:
                  case 'b':
                  case 'B':
                         year - 5:
                         break:
                  case 'C':
                         year - 10:
                         break:
                  default:
                         year - Ø:
                         break:
      ) while(year !- 3 && year !- 5 && year !- 10);
      printf("\n\nWhat is the trade-in value? ");
      printf("\n\nmat is the trade-in value;");
scanf("%f", &value);
fprintf(out, "PURCHASE PRICE = %5.2f\n\n", cost);
fprintf(out, "USEFUL LIFE IN YEARS = %d\n\n", year);
fprintf(out, "TRADE-IN COST = %5.2f\n\n", value);
```

```
Clear(path):
      printf("\nRUNNING STRAIGHT-LINE METHOD\n");
      straight(cost, value, year, out);
printf("\nRUNNING SUM-OF-THE-YEARS' METHOD\n");
      sum(cost, value, year, out);
printf("\nRUNNING ACRS METHOD\n");
      acrs(cost, value, year, out);
      fclose(out):
straight(st_cost, st_value, st_year, st_out)
float st_cost, st_value;
int st_year:
FILE *st_out:
      float annual, accumulate;
            count:
      annual = (st_cost - st_value) / st_year;
      accumulate = 0;
fprintf(st_out, "\n
                                                     STRAIGHT-LINE METHOD\n\n");
      fprintf(st_out
                                                                   BOOK VALUE(n\n"):
                                          ACCUMULATED DEP.
                   DEPRECIATION
      for(count = 1: count <= st_year: ++count)
           accumulate +- annual:
           if((count - st_year) && ((st_cost - accumulate) !- st_value))
                 accumulate += ((st_cost - accumulate) - st_value);
           fprintf(st_out.
                               %10.2f
                                                   %10.2f
                                                                   %10.2f\n".
                     %3d
                 count, annual, accumulate, (st_cost-accumulate));
      fprintf(st_out, "\n");
sum(s cost, s_value, s_year, s_out)
```

and the 2 next to it is raised by one. In BASIC09, if you print the same value using the format R5.2, the 7 is merely hacked off with no affect on the place values to its left. The 7 is still in memory, though. For this reason, some reports generated by the BASIC09 program show the final book value in the ACRS report with a minus sign, even though the amount displayed is 0.00. Other differences reflect the various attributes of these two languages.

The C language has the advantage of being brief. In the ACRS module, the BASICO9 version uses a data statement to store the fraction table. A REPEAT/UNTIL loop is used to match the correct sequence of fractions to the corresponding year. The C version stores the fraction table in an array and uses one line of code to match the list of fractions to their corresponding year. The following line is an example of the quick and efficient C version:

while(percentage[cmp++] != a\_year)

### Disclaimer

It is important to note that these programs are presented for educational purposes. We take no responsibility should you decide to update the tables and use them for business/personal taxes.



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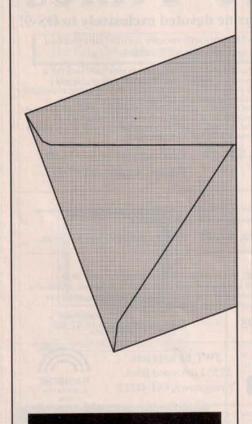
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```
float s_cost, s_value;
int s_year;
FILE *s_out;
     float annual, accumulate, depreciation, round; int count, fraction;
     fraction = 1;
     accumulate - 0;
     for(count = 1; count <= s_year; ++count)
    fraction += count;</pre>
      fprintf(s_out,
                                  SUM-OF-THE-YEARS' DIGIT METHOD\n\n");
       \n\n\n
      fprintf(s_out,
                                        ACCUMULATED DEP.
                                                                    BOOK VALUE\n\n"):
                   DEPRECIATION
          YEAR
      for(count = 1; count <= s_year; ++count)
            depreciation = (((s_cost-s_value)*((s_year-count+1))/(fraction-1)));
            accumulate +- depreciation:
            if((count -- s_year) && ((s_cost - accumulate) !- s_value))
                  round = ((s_cost - accumulate) - s_value);
                 depreciation += round;
accumulate += round;
            fprintf(s_out, %3d
                                                   %10.2f %10.2f\n"
                                %10.2f
                 count, depreciation, accumulate, (s_cost - accumulate));
      fprintf(s_out,"\n");
acrs(a_cost, a_value, a_year, a_out)
float a_cost, a_value;
int_ a_year;
FILE *a_out;
      float accumulate, depreciation, fraction, round;
      int count, cmp:
      static float percentage[] - (
           3, .25, .38, .37, 5, .15, .22, .21, .21, .21, 10, .08, .14, .12, .1, .1, .1, .09, .09, .09,
      cmp - Ø:
      accumulate - 0;
      fprintf(a_out,
"\n\n
                             ACCELERATED COST RECOVERY SYSTEM METHOD\n\n\n");
      fprintf(a_out,
                    DEPRECIATION ACCUMULATED DEP. BOOK VALUE\n\n");
          YEAR
      while(percentage[cmp++] != a_year)
      for(count - 1; count <- a_year; ++count)
            depreciation = a_cost * percentage[cmp++]:
            accumulate +- depreciation:
            if((count - a_year) && ((a_cost - accumulate) !- 0))
                 round = (0 - (a_cost - accumulate));
depreciation -= round;
                  accumulate -= round:
            fprintf(a_out.
%10.2f
                                      %10.2f
                                                            %10.2f\n",
            count. depreciation, accumulate, a_cost - accumulate);
      fprintf(a_out, "\n");
 title(t_out)
 FILE *t_out;
      fprintf(t_out, "%c", 12);
fprintf(t_out,"\n
fprintf(t_out,"
fprintf(t_out,"
fprintf(t_out,"
                                            /| Three Depreciation Methods |\n");
```



## The Freedom Series

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Vocal Freedom turns your computer into a digital voice recorder. The optional Hacker's Pac lets you incorporate voices or sounds that you record into your own BASIC or ML programs. This is not a synthesizer. Sounds are digitized directly into computer memory so that voices or sound effects sound very natural. One "offthe-shelf" application for Vocal Freedom is an automatic message minder. Record a message for your family into memory. Set Vocal Freedom on automatic. When Vocal Freedom "hears" any noise in the room, it plays the prerecorded message directly from its Random Access Memory with amazing fidelity! You may also SAVE or LOAD sounds to and from DISK. VF also tests memory to take advantage of from 64K up to a full 512K. Imagine being able to create a library of Sound Effects to be activated on demand for your home Videos. Imagine being able to create simple BASIC programs that talk or even sing in a perfectly natural human voice. YOURS! Imagine using the optional Hacker's Pac to write a simple spelling program for your kids. The computer can pronounce any word, the child would be asked to type it. The applications are virtually unlimited! Requires low cost amplifier (RS cat. #277-1008) and any microphone. Will run on a CoCo 1, 2, or 3. Vocal Freedom Disk: \$34.95. Optional Hacker's Pac Disk: \$19.95. Disk for both: \$49.95

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## **Novices Niche**

## Quick Directory Sorter by David C. Enger

Have you ever waited for a directory sort program running under Disk BASIC to finish? It seems to take forever, right? Wait no more, here is *Dir Sort*, the quick directory sort.

Dir Sort is a machine-language directory sort utility, which uses a modified bubble sort routine. The program was designed to run on a CoCo 3 under DECB Version 2.1. However, Dir Sort works on any 32K or more CoCo with either Disk BASIC 1.0 or 1.1.

To install *Dir Sort* on your disk, run DIRSORT to generate and save the machine-language program. Enter PCLEAR4:LOADM"DIRSORT":EXEC and follow the prompts to quickly sort your directory.

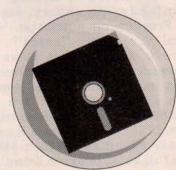
### The Listing: DIRSORT

'QUICK DIRECTORY SORTER 'BY DAVID C. ENGER 'COPYRIGHT (C) JANUARY 1991 3 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 30 WIDTH32:CLS:PRINT 40 PRINT"POKING DIR SORT/BIN INT O MEMORY" 50 PRINT 60 AD-&HE00 70 FORX = 1 TO 13 80 T-0:C-0 90 FORY=1T045 100 READA: POKEAD, A 110 AD-AD+1:C-C+A 120 NEXTY 130 READA: IFA<>C THENPRINT"ERROR IN LINE"X\*10+160:END 140 NEXTX 150 PRINT"SAVING 'DIRSORT.BIN'" 160 SAVEM"DIRSORT.BIN", &HE00, &H1 Ø46,&HEØØ 170 DATA 189,15,124,142,15,181,1 89.15.156.142.15.206.189.15.156. 189, 15, 145, 189, 15, 124, 142, 15, 181 .189.15,156,142,16,17,189,15,156,189,14,43,142,16,40,189,15,156, 57,189,14,4723 180 DATA 58,189,14,142,189,15,11 2,134,0,183,255,64,57,16,142,16, 70,190,192,6,134,2,167,132,182,1 5,111,167,137,0,1,134,17,167,137 .0,2,134,3,183,15,108,189,14,118 ,4313 190 DATA 166,164,129,255,39,17,1

82,15,108,129,11,39,10,124,15,10 8,49,169,1,0,126,14,87,16,191,15 ,109,57,16,175,137,0,4,182,15,10 8,167,137,0,3,173,159,192,4,109, 3926 200 DATA 137,0,6,38,1,57,57,204, 15,89,253,15,102,189,14,197,204, 15,75,253,15,102,189,14,197,204. 15.61.253.15.102.189.14.197.204. 15,47,253,15,102,189,14,197,204, 15.4743 210 DATA 33,253,15,102,189,14,19 7.204.15.21.253.15.102.189.14.19 7.57,190,15,109,191,15,106,142,1 6,70,127,15,104,110,159,15,102,3 1.18,52,16,31,33,127,15,105,236, 132.16.4168 220 DATA 174,137,0,32,237,137,0. 32,16,175,129,124,15,105,182,15, 105,129,8,38,232,53,16,134,1,183 ,15,104,48,137,0,32,188,15,106,3 8,203,252,15,106,131,0,32,253,15 230 DATA 106,182,15,104,38,183,5 7,236,137,0,32,16,163,132,36,223 126,14,213,236,137,0,34,16,163, 137,0,2,36,209,126,14,213,236,13 7,0,36,16,163,137,0,4,36,195,126 .4422 240 DATA 14,213,236,137,0,38,16, 163,137,0,6,36,181,126,14,213,23 6,137,0,40,16,163,137,0,8,36,167 ,126,14,213,166,137,0,42,161,137 ,0,10,36,154,126,14,213,15,21,40 250 DATA Ø, Ø, 16, 166, 8, 21, 70, Ø, 16 .142,16,70,190,192,6,134,3,126,1 4,67,52,18,134,96,142,4,0,167,13 2,48,137,0,1,140,6,0,38,245,53,1 8.57.52.2.173.159.3131 260 DATA 160,0,39,250,53,2,57,52 .38.16.174.129.16.191.0.136.166.

128,129,255,39,7,173,159,160,2,1
26,15,165,53,38,57,4,37,68,73,82
.69,67,84,79,82,89,32,83,3834
270 DATA 79,82,84,32,85,84,73,76
.73,84,89,255,4,160,73,78,83,69,
82,84,32,68,73,83,75,69,84,84,69
.32,73,78,32,68,82,73,86,69,32,4
8,32,65,78,68,32,3314
280 DATA 32,80,82,69,83,83,32,65
.78,89,32,75,69,89,32,84,79,32,8
3,79,82,84,32,68,73,82,69,67,84,
79,82,89,46,255,4,165,83,79,82,8
4,73,78,71,32,68,3358
290 DATA 73,82,69,67,84,79,82,89
.33,33,33,35,55,4,165,83,79,82,89,33,33,33,255,4,165,83,79,82,84,32,67,79,77,80,76,69,84,69,68,33,3
3,33,255,0,0,0,3256









Not only does Tandy produce our favorite CoCo, we think it produces the best portable and MS-DOS computers as well. We've found that when satisfied Color Computer users decide to add portability or MS-DOS to their computing habits, many stick with Tandy. For these people we publish PCM, The *Premier* Personal Computer Magazine for Tandy Computer Users.

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# **Bond Calculator**

**--\$-**

## by Dale Tinklepaugh

onds are sufficiently different from other investment forms to deserve special treatment. Bond prices fluctuate inversely with current market interest rates. This makes it hard to analyze the rate of return on a bond investment because the amount invested affects the calculation in a complex way. Bondcalc calculates two different measures of rate of return: Current yield and yield to maturity.

Before explaining how the program runs, a summary of bond concepts and terminology might be helpful. Once a bond is issued it can be sold several times during its *term*, or life. *Maturity* is the end of the bond's term. At maturity, the bond is redeemed for its face amount, called the *par value*.

Unless the bond is a zero coupon bond, interest is paid periodically, usually semi-annually. A *coupon* is one of several promisory notes attached to some bonds. The coupons are detached and cashed in as the bond interest payments become due. Registered bond holders automatically receive interest payments by mail from the issuing corporation.

Dale Tinklepaugh has been a professional programmer for several years in electrical engineering and graphics applications. He markets some of his own programs through his business, Prometheus Software. Dale, his wife and their two children enjoy camping and spending time in the mountains. He can be contacted at P.O. Box 15859, Long Beach, CA 90815. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

Debenture bonds are unsecured, whereas mortgage bonds are secured by specific corporate assets. A callable bond allows the issuing corporation to repurchase the bond on a certain date before maturity. An owner of a convertible bond can elect to exchange the bond for stock under specified conditions.

When interest rates of alternative investments increase above the bond interest rate, investors have no incentive to purchase the lower interest bond unless the purchase price is discounted to compensate. On the other hand, when market rates are lower than a bond's rate, the bond owner will not sell unless paid a *premium*, or increased price.

An investor is primarily interested in two measures of a bond's profitability. The first area of interest is the current yield. This is simply the ratio of annual interest to the bond's purchase price. It is useful when the bond is held for a short term, a year or two, and interest rates are expected to remain stable. A second measure for the rate of return is known as the yield to maturity. This rate is figured with the purchase premium or discount apportioned equally among the remaining years of the bond's term. Hence a given purchase price results in a certain rate of return for the remaining life of the bond. An exception is the callable bond when the call option is exercised. For a callable bond it is a good idea to prepare the yield to maturity calculation using the

specific call conditions outlined in the bond agreement.

Bondcalc takes a few seconds to perform the yield to maturity calculation since there is no formula that gives an exact result. The variable being solved for is an exponent in two separate terms of the governing equation. But given a value for the exponent, other terms can be calculated as desired. First, an approximation of the yield to maturity is obtained with a simplified equation. Then, the future value of the bond is computed using the approximate yield to maturity. The result should equal the par value of the bond. If not, the approximation is successively refined until the difference is less than 0.5 cents or until the yield to maturity is modified out to six decimal places.

The Only five of those decimal places are displayed (after having been not

multiplied by 100 to give the answer as a percent).

The quoted price for a bond does not include a small amount of interest accrued from the time of the last interest payment to the time of the sale. This amount is calculated at the time of the sale using the bond interest rate and using par value as the principle amount. This interest is added to the purchase price of the bond along with the commission.

### The Program

The program presents a menu with the following five options: 1) Current Yield; 2) Yield to Maturity; 3) Price for a Current Yield; 4) Price for a Yield to Maturity; and 5) Exit Program. Press the corresponding numbers to select a given option. When the Current Yield option is selected, you are asked to provide the relevant information to perform the calculation. The first question asks for the cost of the bond. This answer should be the price quoted for one bond. You are then asked for the interest rate in percent. If the bond is quoted as paying 10 percent, enter 10 and not 0.1.

You might know the coupon amount, but need to calculate the interest rate. Many

bonds come with a par value of \$1,000 and the calculation can be done mentally. For example, two \$40 semiannual coupons would mean an annual interest payment of \$80, which divided by \$1,000 equals .08 or 8 percent. For less trivial calculations, the program provides a scratchpad to figure interest rates and commissions. It annoys me to pull out my pocket calculator when using my computer.

To access the scratchpad, enter a negative number such as -1. A negative interest rate is not proper input for these calculations and the program interprets it as a signal to branch to the Scratchpad subroutine. The announcement, "Scratchpad Invoked" appears at the bottom of the screen. You are then asked for a number and an operation. The operations are +, -, \*, / and R for addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and return, respectively. Enter the first number. Enter one of the first four operations. Then enter another number. You must then again enter an operation. This cycle is repeated until you enter R for return. When you return to the interest rate question, the last result is automatically carried there, multiplied by 100 and entered in the interest variable.

Next, you are asked for the number of

bonds and after that for the par value of each bond. Finally, you are asked for the amount of commission. If you do not know the commission terms, enter 0 as your answer to get a result figured as if there is no commission. If you don't know the amount, but know the commission rate, enter a negative number to call up the scratchpad calculator. The commission is generally figured as so many dollars per bond rather than as a percentage of the par value. From the scratchpad, the last result is entered directly into the commission variable without alteration.

After all the input data is entered, the current yield result is printed and you can decide whether or not to perform another calculation. Press Y to calculate another current yield or press N to return to the menu. If your printer is online, press P to get a screen dump. If printing does not begin after you press P, check the printer status. The program does not call the Print subroutine, so you must again press P after correcting the problem.

The same basic questions are presented for the other three options. For the inverse calculations, you are asked for a percentage current yield or yield to maturity instead of being asked for the purchase price, which is then calculated and displayed after all other

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data is entered. Years to Maturity is one additional item you are asked when dealing with yield to maturity. Enter the number of years between the purchase date and the maturity date. Another item for calculation is Compounding Periods/Years. If interest is paid and compounded annually, enter 1; if semiannually, enter 2. An asterisk (\*) before a prompt string indicates you can enter a negative number to invoke the scratchpad calculator.

For example, consider Sam's situation. Sam is considering the purchase of ten \$1,000 par value bonds issued by Amalgamated Computer Company. The bonds pay 7 percent interest on a semiannual basis, quoted at \$855 and mature in nine

years. His broker said that commission on the transaction is \$50. After loading and running *Bondcalc*, Sam pressed 1 to evaluate the current yield. He entered 855 as the cost of the bond; 7 for the interest rate; 10 for the number of bonds; 1,000 for the par value; and 50 for the commission. The resulting current yield displayed 8.140 percent.

Sam pressed N to exit the Current Yield section of the program. From the menu he selected 2 to calculate the Yield to Maturity. This time he entered 855 as the cost of the bond; 2 for compounding periods/year; 7 for interest rate; 10 for number of bonds; and 1,000 for par value. Next, he entered 9 for years to maturity and 50 for

commission. The answer was 9.333 percent. Note that since the \$145 discount is figured in, the Yield to Maturity is over 1 percent higher than the Current Yield. Sam can now compare this rate of return with his other investment options.

As a final note, if you receive an ?OM error, reset the computer, enter PCLEAR1 and run the program again.

### References

Kurtz, M., Engineering Economics for Professional Engineers' Examinations, 2nd Ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1975

McCready, R., Business Mathematics, 4th Ed., Kent Publishing Co., Boston, 1982

32K Extended



	1	III more
DI		14 3 H
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	240	100
100	33Ø	74
211	5Ø3Ø	63
	5Ø8Ø	218
	518Ø	184
	6Ø55	15Ø
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	644Ø	40
	683Ø	24
	7040	58
2 1 97	7140	66
	8Ø3Ø	
11/10	8Ø75	
	815Ø	
	9Ø3Ø	
	END	
914 114		

### The Listing: BONDCALC

10 'BONDCALC 'WRITTEN BY DALE TINKLEPAUGH 20 30 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991 40 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 50 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 105 CLEAR 200.16127 'SAVE SPACE FOR TEXT DUMP CODE 107 POKE 150.18 SET PRINTER TO 2400 108 ' TEXT DUMP ROUTINE 110 DATA &H86.&HFE,&HB7,0,&H6F,& H8E,4,0,&H5F,&H5C,&HA6,&H80.&H81 . &H6Ø 115 DATA &H2B,2,&H84,&HBF,&HAD,& H9F,&HAØ,2,&HC1,&H2Ø,&H2B,&HEF,& H86,&HØD 120 DATA &HAD.&H9F.&HAØ.2.&H8C.6 .Ø,&H2B,&HE3,&H7F,Ø,&H6F,&H39 125 FOR I=16128 TO 16128+40 130 READ A: POKE I.A 135 NEXT 140 DEFUSRO-&H3F00 202 F2\$="#####":F3\$="####.###":B L\$-"

```
205 F1$-"$$###### . ##": P$-"PRESE
NT VALUE IS"
207 'MAIN BODY
210 CLS
230 PRINT@11."BONDCALC"
235 PRINT@40."COPYRIGHT 1988"
240 PRINT@70."BY DALE TINKLEPAUG
250 PRINT@131, "SELECT CONVERSION
 RESULT"
260 PRINT@194,"1 CURRENT YIELD"
270 PRINT@226."2 YIELD TO MATURI
280 PRINT@258."3 PRICE FOR A CUR
RENT YIELD""
290 PRINT@290,"4 PRICE FOR YIELD
 TO MATURITY""
295 PRINT@322."5 EXIT PROGRAM"
300 PRINT@385, "PRESS A NUMBER BE
TWEEN 1 AND 5"
310 A$-INKEY$: IF A$-""GOTO 310
320 CASE=INSTR(1,"12345",A$)
330 ON CASE GOSUB 5000.6000.7000
.8000.500
340 GOTO 210
500 STOP
600 'END OF MAIN BODY
1140 'CHECK TO SEE IF PRINTER IS
 ON LINE
1150 PR=PEEK(65314): IF INT(PR/2)
-PR/2 THEN QQ-1 ELSE QQ-0
1160 RETURN
5000 'CURRENT YIELD
5010 CLS:PRINT@98, "CURRENT YIELD
5020 PRINT" ": INPUT"ENTER COST O
F BOND": CPSH
5030 INPUT"*INTEREST RATE (%)";C
UPN: IF CUPN<Ø GOSUB 9000 'TO SCR
ATCHPAD
5032 IF CUPN<0 THEN PRINT@192.BL
5035 IF CUPN<0 THEN CUPN-POP*100
:PRINT@192,"INTEREST RATE= ";CUP
N:" %"
5040 INPUT"NUMBER OF BONDS"; NSHR
5050 INPUT"PAR VALUE": PAR
```

5060 INPUT" \* COMMISSION": COMM: IF

COMM<Ø GOSUB 9000 5062 IF COMM<0 THEN PRINT@288.BL 5065 IF COMM<0 THEN COMM-POP:PRI NT@288."COMMISSION= ":COMM 5070 PUPR-CPSH\*NSHRS+COMM 5080 DIV-CUPN\*PAR\*NSHRS/100 5090 CRYLD-DIV/PUPR 5100 PRINT"CURRENT YIELD IS"; 5110 PRINTUSING F3\$; CRYLD\*100;: PRINT" %" 5120 PRINT"DO ANOTHER? (Y OR N)" 5135 GOSUB 1150 5140 IF QQ-1 THEN PRINT" (PRESS P TO PRINT OUT SCREEN)": 5150 GOSUB 1150:A\$-INKEY\$:IF A\$-THEN GOTO 5150 5160 IF A\$-"P" AND QQ-1 THEN A-U SRØ(Ø) 5170 IF A\$="Y" THEN GOTO 5010 EL SE IFA\$="N" THEN RETURN ELSE GOT 0 5150 518Ø RETURN YIELD TO MATURITY 6000 ' 6010 ' FIRST GET INPUT DATA AND 6015 ' FIGURE APPROXIMATE SOLUTI 6017 ' BY FORMULA 6030 CLS:PRINT@98, "YIELD TO MATU RITY" 6040 PRINT" ": INPUT"ENTER COST O F BOND": CPSH 6045 INPUT"COMPOUNDING PERIODS/Y EAR": NP 6050 INPUT"\*INTEREST RATE (%)":C UPN: IF CUPN<Ø GOSUB 9000 6052 IF CUPN<0 THEN PRINT@224.BL 6055 IF CUPN<0 THEN CUPN=POP\*100 :PRINT@224, "INTEREST RATE= ":CUP N:" %" 6060 INPUT"NUMBER OF BONDS"; NSHR 6070 INPUT"PAR VALUE"; PAR 6080 INPUT"YEARS TO MATURITY"; YR 6090 INPUT" \* COMMISSION"; COMM: IF COMM<Ø GOSUB 9000 6092 IF COMM<0 THEN PRINT@352,BL \$:

6095 IF COMM<0 THEN COMM-POP:PRI NT@352, "COMMISSION- "; COMM 6100 DIV-CUPN\*PAR\*NSHRS/100/NP 6110 API=(PAR\*NSHRS+NSHRS\*CPSH+C OMM)/2 6115 'PREMIUM OR DISCOUNT 6120 PORD-CPSH\*NSHRS+COMM-PAR\*NS HRS 6130 AYTM=(NP\*DIV-PORD/YRS)/API: GOSUB 6400 6140 PRINT"YIELD TO MATURITY" 6150 PRINTUSING F3\$; AYTM\*100;:PR INT" 6155 PRINT"DO ANOTHER? (Y OR N)" 6157 GOSUB 1150 6160 IF QQ-1 THEN PRINT" (PRESS P TO PRINT OUT SCREEN)"; 6170 GOSUB 1150:A\$-INKEY\$:IF A\$-"" THEN GOTO 6170 6175 IF A\$-"P" AND QQ-1 THEN A-U SRØ(Ø) 618Ø IF A\$="Y" THEN GOTO 6030 EL SE IF A\$="N" THEN RETURN ELSE GO TO 6170 6190 RETURN 6400 'PLUG APPROXIMATION INTO FO RMULA & ITERATE UNTIL WITHIN \$.0 05 6405 RVAL-PAR\*NSHRS: INC-.01:OLDI R-0 6410 FP=(1+AYTM/NP)^(YRS\*NP) 6420 FA=(((1+AYTM/NP)^(YRS\*NP))-1)/(AYTM/NP) 6430 FVAL=(CPSH\*NSHRS+COMM)\*FP-F A\*DIV 6435 'PRINT"INC= "; INC; " DR= "; D R. "AYTM- "; AYTM; " FVAL- "; FVAL; "

RVAL= ": RVAL: STOP 'FOR DEBUGGI NG 6440 IF FVAL>RVAL GOTO 6600 6450 IF FVAL<RVAL GOTO 6800 646Ø RETURN '- SO DONE 6600 'APPROXIMATION TOO HIGH 6602 IF ABS(FVAL-RVAL)<.005 THEN RETURN 6605 UB-AYTM: DR--1 6620 IF(DR<>OLDIR)AND (OLDIR<>0) THEN INC-INC/10:IF ABS(INC)<.000 001 THEN RETURN 'CLOSE ENOUGH 6625 AYTM-AYTM-INC 663Ø OLDIR-DR:GOTO 641Ø 6800 'APPROX TOO LOW 6810 IF ABS(FVAL-RVAL)<.005 THEN RETURN 6815 LB=AYTM: DR=1 683Ø IF(DR<>OLDIR)AND(OLDIR<>Ø) THEN INC=INC/10:IF ABS(INC)<.000 001 THEN RETURN 6835 AYTM-AYTM+INC 6840 OLDIR-DR: GOTO 6410 7000 'PRICE FOR A CURRENT YIELD 7010 CLS:PRINT@98,"PRICE FOR A C URRENT YIELD" 7020 PRINT" ": INPUT"DESIRED CURR ENT YIELD (%)";C:CRYLD-C/100 7030 INPUT"\*INTEREST RATE (%)";C UPN: IF CUPN<Ø GOSUB 9000 7032 IF CUPN<0 THEN PRINT@192.BL 7035 IF CUPN<0 THEN CUPN-POP\*100 :PRINT@192."INTEREST RATE- ":CUP N:" %" 7040 INPUT"NUMBER OF BONDS"; NSHR

7050 INPUT"PAR VALUE": PAR 7060 INPUT"\*COMMISSION"; COMM: IF COMM<Ø GOSUB 9000 7062 IF COMM<0 THEN PRINT@288.BL 7065 IF COMM<0 THEN PRINT@288,"C OMMISSION- ": COMM 7070 DIV=CUPN\*PAR\*NSHRS/100 7080 CPSH=(DIV/CRYLD-COMM)/NSHRS 7090 PRINT"PRICE PER SHARE IS" 7100 PRINTUSING F1\$:CPSH 7120 PRINT"DO ANOTHER? (Y OR N)" 7125 GOSUB 1150 7130 IF QQ-1 THEN PRINT" (PRESS P TO PRINT OUT SCREEN)" 7140 GOSUB 1150:A\$=INKEY\$:IF A\$= "" THEN GOTO 7140 7150 IF A\$-"P" AND QQ-1 THEN A-U SRØ(Ø) 7160 IF A\$="Y" THEN GOTO 7010 EL SE IF AS="N" THEN RETURN ELSE GO TO 7140 717Ø RETURN 8000 'PRICE FOR A YIELD TO MATUR TTY 8010 CLS:PRINT@98."PRICE FOR YIE LD TO MATURITY" 8015 PRINT" ": INPUT" COMPOUNDING PERIODS/YEAR"; NP 8020 INPUT"YIELD TO MATURITY (%) :Y:YTM=Y/100/NP 8030 INPUT"\*INTEREST RATE (%)";C UPN: IF CUPN<Ø GOSUB 9000 8032 IF CUPN<0 THEN PRINT@224.BL 8035 IF CUPN<0 THEN CUPN-POP\*100 :PRINT@224, "INTEREST RATE- ";CUP



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Sub-Etha Software P.O. Box 152442 Lufkin, Texas 75915 (409) 639-ETHA [3842] Call or Write for Information! Add \$2.50 S&H and \$3.50 C.O.D. Texas residents add 8.25% tax. "Don't Panic — We ship Fast!" N;" %" 8040 INPUT"NUMBER OF BONDS": NSHR 8050 INPUT"PAR VALUE"; PAR 8060 INPUT"YEARS TO MATURITY": YR 8070 INPUT" \* COMMISSION"; COMM: IF COMM<Ø GOSUB 9000 8072 IF COMM<0 THEN PRINT@352, BL 8075 IF COMM<0 THEN COMM-POP:PRI NT@352, "COMMISSION- ";COMM 8080 DIV-CUPN\*PAR\*NSHRS/100/NP 8090 FP=(1+YTM)^(YRS\*NP) 'FUTURE VALUE OF PRESENT SUM FACTOR 8100 FA=(((1+YTM)^(YRS\*NP))-1)/Y TM 'FUTURE VALUE OF UNIFORM SER IES FACTOR 8110 CPSH=(((PAR\*NSHRS+FA\*DIV)/F P)-COMM)/NSHRS 8115 PRINT"PRICE/BOND"

8120 PRINTUSING F1\$:CPSH 8130 PRINT"DO ANOTHER? (Y OR N)" 8135 GOSUB 1150 8140 IF QQ-1 THEN PRINT"(PRESS P TO PRINT OUT SCREEN)" 8150 GOSUB 1150:A\$=INKEY\$:IF A\$= " " THEN GOTO 8150 8155 IF A\$="P" AND QQ-1 THEN A-U SRØ(Ø) 8160 IF A\$="Y" THEN GOTO 8010 EL SE IF A\$="N" THEN RETURN ELSE GO TO 8150 817Ø RETURN 9000 'SCRATCH PAD 9010 PRINT@384. "SCRATCH PAD INVO KED" 9015 PRINT@416."";:INPUT"ENTER N ":POP UMBER 9017 PRINT@448.BL\$; 9020 PRINT@448. "ENTER OPERATION (+-\*/R)";

9030 B\$=INKEY\$:IF B\$="" GOTO 903 9040 CASE=INSTR(1,"+-\*/R",B\$):IF CASE=Ø GOTO 9030 9045 IF CASE-5 THEN PRINT@384.BL \$;:PRINT@416,BL\$;:PRINT@448,BL\$; :PRINT@480.BL\$:: RETURN 9055 PRINT@448, BL\$;:PRINT@448, B\$ " "::INPUT"ENTER NUMBER";NUM 9060 ON CASE GOTO 9100,9200,9300 9400,9500 9100 POP=POP+NUM: PRINT@416.BL\$:: PRINT@431, POP:: GOTO 9020 9200 POP=POP-NUM: PRINT@416. BL\$:: PRINT@431.POP::GOTO 9020 9300 POP=POP\*NUM:PRINT@416,BL\$;: PRINT@431, POP:: GOTO 9020 9400 POP=POP/NUM: PRINT@416, BL\$;: PRINT@431, POP:: GOTO 9020 9500 RETURN

## **Novices Niche**

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1

## Timer by Richard Larson

This is a timer program. It counts down from a time determined by the user. It also functions as a rudimentary stopwatch by counting elapsed time.

The program uses the TIMER function of Extended BASIC. The timer is set to zero. Every time it reaches 60, variable SS (seconds) is incremented. When SS reaches 60, MM (minutes) is incremented. The program can easily be customized to suit individual needs.

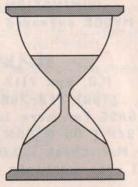
### The Listing: TIMER

- 'TIMER 'WRITTEN BY RICHARD LARSON 3 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991 4 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 5 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 10 MM-0:SS-0:CLS:PRINT"TIMER PRO GRAM" 20 PRINT"1> COUNT DOWN 2> ELAPSED TIME" 30 INPUTA\$
- 40 IF A\$="1" THEN 50 ELSE IF A\$= "2" THEN 180 ELSE 30

60 INPUT"ENTER SECONDS";S 70 IF S>59 THEN 60 80 TIMER=0 90 IF MM-M AND SS-S THEN GOTO 15 0 100 SS-INT(TIMER/60) 110 IF SS>59 THEN MM-MM+1: GOTO 120 PRINT@32\*9, "SECONDS: ";SS 130 PRINT@32\*8, "MINUTES: "; MM 14Ø GOTO 9Ø 150 SOUND100,1:PRINT@32\*11,"TIME 'S UP" 160 INPUT"AGAIN Y/N": X\$:IF X\$-"Y THEN 10 ELSE END 17Ø GOTO 1Ø 180 CLS:MM-0:PRINT@10, "TIME ELAP SED" 190 PRINT@32, "PRESS ANY KEY TO S TART" 200 IF INKEY\$-"" THEN 200 210 PRINT@32, "TIMER STARTED - AN Y KEY TO STOP" 220 TIMER-0 23Ø SS-INT(TIMER/60) 240 IF SS>59 THEN MM-MM+1:SS-0:G OTO 220 250 PRINT@200.MM;":":SS

50 INPUT"ENTER MINUTES":M

260 IF INKEY\$="" THEN 230 ELSE 2 270 PRINT"ELAPSED TIME = ";MM;"M INUTES":SS: "SECONDS"



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# 49949949949949949949949

Branching out to monitor directory growth

# A Tree Grows in OS-9

4

## by Stephen B. Goldberg

Many people use computers to help organize their work or home needs. And computers handle this task efficiently. But how efficient is the system if we don't know what's on it? How do you see the contents of an *entire* OS-9 disk? I used to execute dir for the root directory and then repeat dir for each subdirectory. I also used dir for deeper subdirectories if they existed. Now I use *Tree*.

Tree is a program that displays the names of all the files on a disk, with graphics depicting the directory tree on a text screen.

Tree can also be used to display a selected

Stephen Goldberg is a dentist and the au-

thor of the Utilipak series of OS-9 utilities.

He can be contacted at 695 Plainview

Road, Bethpage, NY 11714.

Please include an SASE

when requesting a

portion of the directory structure of a disk.

To start the program, type tree, followed by the name or pathlist of the directory you want displayed first, and press ENTER. For example, to see the entire directory tree on the disk in Drive /d1, use

tree /d1 <ENTER>

To see only part of the tree structure, use a command line such as

tree /dl/recipes <ENTER>

Part of the resulting display is shown in Figure 1. As you can see, each subdirectory is indicated by a double asterisk (\*\*) preceding the name. The subdirectory's filenames are offset to the right. The program's standard output path can be redirected to another

to the printer for a permanent record of the file structure:

tree /d1 >/p <ENTER>

To exit before the program is finished, press the space bar. Don't press BREAK or you might be left with processes running in the background.

### The Program

Tree opens the directory indicated on the command line. It then reads and displays each filename found. It reads the attribute byte in the file descriptor to see if the entry is a subdirectory. If the file is not a subdirectory, the program continues to read and display filenames to the end of the directory. If an entry is a subdirectory, the program executes itself again using the subdirectory name as the parameter. This process is called recursion. When the subdirectory has been completely displayed, this new process is terminated and the program returns to its original format and continues to display any further entries.

If you don't have the OS-9 assembler, enter and run Listing 2. This BASIC09 program generates the executable file for *Tree*.

file or reply. OS9: tree /dl/recipes Directory tree structure for: /dl/recipes \*\* BREAKFAST CEREAL COLD corn.flakes puffed.rice HOT farina oatmeal \*\* EGGS poached scrambled breakfast.nutrition LUNCH etc.

Figure 1: Viewing Partial Command Line



### Listing 1: Tree.asm

			*****
*******	*****	****	
* TREE -	(c)	1989 by STEPH	EN B. GOLDBERG
*			
* Use: tr	ee <st< td=""><td>cart_directory</td><td>&gt;</td></st<>	cart_directory	>
* di	splay	directory tree	e
* hi	t <spa< td=""><td>ACE&gt; to exit p</td><td>rogram</td></spa<>	ACE> to exit p	rogram
*	16-1		
	ifp1 use	/dd/defs/os9d	ofs
	endc	/ 44/ 4613/ 0334	
*	Cirdo		
	mod	len, name, prgr	m+objct,reent+1,entry.dsiz
*			
dirpath	rmb	1	directory path number
diskpath		1	disk path number offset count
offcount		1	parameter name pointer
pointer	rmb	2	end of filename pointer
attrbuf	rmb	i	file attribute buffer
prebuf	rmb	2 2 1 3	directory star buffer
buffer	rmb	30	filename buffer
hiseek	rmb	2	descriptor sector offset
loseek		2	
		200	stack
and a	rmb	200	parameter
dsiz	equ	*	
name	fcs	/Tree/	
Trume.	fcb	2	edition number
	fcc	/(c)1989 S.B.	Goldberg/
*		Uasu E	
header	fcc	/Directory tr	ee structure for: /
headlen	equ	*-header	current directory
dot	fcs	1.1	current directory

at *******	fcs	/@/ *********	entire disk
* INITIAL	IZE		
******	****	******	
entry	decb		parameter?
	1beq	syntax	no, prompt and quit
	stx	pointer	save parameter pointer
	clr	offcount	zero offset count
	clr	1+loseek	zero 1sb descriptor offset
	clr	attrbuf	clear attribute buffer
	1dd	#\$2a7c	*
	sta	prebuf	initialize subdirectory
	std	1+prebuf	star indicator
findend	1dd	, x+	parameter characters
1 DESCRIPTION	cmpa	#\$20	end of parameter?
	bhi	findend	no, look again
	tsta		yes, forked process?
	bne	setend	no. terminate directory name
	stb	offcount	save offset count
setend	1da	#\$Ød	carriage return
500000	sta	-1.x	to end of directory name
	1dx	pointer	parameter pointer
	1da	#read.	read mode
	059	i\$chgdir	change directory
	bcs	cantopen	message and quit on error
	leax	<dot.pcr< td=""><td>current directory (.)</td></dot.pcr<>	current directory (.)
	lda	#read.+dir.	read directory mode
	059	i\$open	open the directory
cantopen	of the Contract of the Contrac	cant	message and quit on error
camoopen	sta	dirpath	save directory path number
	leax	<at.pcr< td=""><td>entire disk</td></at.pcr<>	entire disk
	059	i\$open	open disk
	bcs	passerr1	exit with error
	sta	diskpath	save disk path number
	1db	offcount	subdirectory offset?

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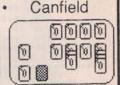
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```
yes, display subdirectory arrow
                                                                                   leax
                                                                                         name.pcr
                                                                                                          program name (Tree)
                doarrow
                 <header.pcr</pre>
                                                                                                          type/lang and data size
                                  no. header message
                                                                                   1dd
                                                                                          #$1101
          1eax
                                                                                                          save U register
parameter buffer
          ldy
                 #headlen
                                  message length
                                                                                   pshs
                                                                                         buffer.u
          1bsr
                 printl
                                  message to screen
                                                                                   leau
                                                                                                          maximum parameter length
fork to Tree again
                                                                                          #40
                                                                                   1dv
          1dx
                 pointer
                                  parameter pointer
                                                                                   059
                                                                                          f$fork
                                  directory name to screen
          bra
                 passname
                                                                                                          exit with error
                                                                        passerr3
                                                                                  bcs
                                                                                          out
                                                                                                          retrieve U register
          fcc
                                  subdirectory arrow offset
                                                                                   puls
arrow
                 $Ød
                                                                                          f$wait
                                                                                                          wait till done
          fcb
                                                                                   059
          fcc
                                                                                   tstb
                                                                                                          error passed?
offset
                                  filename offset
                                                                                                          yes, exit with error
                 *-offset
                                                                                   bne
                                                                                          out
offlen
          equ
                                                                                                          no, get next entry
                                                                                   1bra
                                                                                         read
                                  subtract arrow offset
add any additional offset
arrow display
          decb
                                                                                          #200
                                                                                                          maximum length
                                                                        print
                                                                                   1dv
          bsr
                 dooffset
                                                                                   1da
                                                                                                          standard output path
          leax
                 <arrow.pcr
                                                                        print1
                                                                                   059
                                                                                          i$writln
                                                                                                          to screen
                 doname
                                  to screen
passname bra
                                                                                                          exit with error
dooffset
          1eax
                 <offset.pcr
                                  offset address
                                                                                                          return
          1dy
                 #offlen
                                  offset length
offloop
          decb
                                  display offset?
                                                                        * FRROR MESSAGES
          bmi
                 back
                                  no. return
                                                                                                          end of file?
                 print1
                                  yes, offset to screen
                                                                                   cmpb
                                                                                         #e$eof
          1bsr
                                                                        error
                 offloop
                                  check for more offset
                                                                                                          exit with other error
                                                                                         out
          bra
                                                                                   bne
                                                                        noerr
                                                                                   clrb
                                                                                                          clear error flag
back
          rts
                                  return
                                                                        out
                                                                                   os9
                                                                                          f$exit
                                                                                                          quit
* GET FILENAME
                                                                        cant
                                                                                   leax
                                                                                          <nodir.pcr
                                                                                                          can't find message
          1dd
                 #$27
                                  keysense function
                                                                                   1dy
                                                                                          #nodirlen
                                                                                                          length of message
read
                                 check for keypress

<SPACE> pressed?

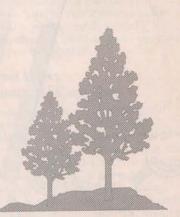
yes, quit tree

filename buffer

maximum filname length
                                                                                                          message to screen
          059
                 i$getstt
                                                                                   bsr
                                                                                          print1
                                                                                                          parameter pointer
directory name to screen
                                                                                          pointer
          tsta
                                                                                   ldx
                                                                                          print
                                                                                   bsr
          1 bmi
                 noerr
                 buffer, u
                                                                                   059
                                                                                          f$perr
                                                                                                          print error
          Teax
                 #29
                                                                                   bra
                                                                                                          quit
                                                                                          noerr
          ldv
          1da
                 dirpath
                                  directory path number
                                  get filename
                                                                                   leax
                                                                                          <sprompt.pcr</pre>
                                                                                                          syntax prompt
          059
                 i$read
                                                                        syntax
                                                                                   bsr
                                                                                          print
                                                                                                          to screen
          1bcs
                 error
                                  branch on error
                                  descriptor offset buffer
                                                                                          noerr
                                                                                                          quit
          1eax
                 hiseek.u
                                                                                   bra
          1 dy
                                  three descrip, offset bytes
                                                                        nodir
                                                                                          /**** Can't change directory to: /
                                                                                   fcc
          059
                 i$read
                                  get them
                                                                                   fcb
                 passerr2
                                  exit with error start of filename
                                                                        sprompt
passerr1
          bes
                                                                                          *-nodir
                 buffer.u
                                                                        nodirlen
                                                                                  egu
          leax
                                                                                          "Use: tree <start_directory>"
          1da
                                  filename character
                 #$7f
                                                                                          $Ød
          anda
                                  clear ms bit
                                                                                   fcb
                                  valid filename?
          cmpa
                                  no. get next entry
                 read
                                                                                   emod
lastloop
          1da
                                  last character?
                                                                        len
                                                                                   egu
                  lastloop
          bp1
                                  no. look again
                                                                                   end
                                  yes, clear ms bit
carriage return
to end of filename
          anda
                 #$7f
          1db
                 #$Ød
                 -1.x
ender
          std
          stx
                                  save end address
* CHECK FOR DIRECTORY
          1dx
                                  ms offset bytes
                 hiseek
          pshs
                                  save U register
                                  1s offset bytes
          ldu
                 loseek
          1da
                 diskpath
                                  disk path number
          059
                 1$SAAK
                                  find descriptor sector
passerr2
                 passerr3
                                  exit with error
          bcs
                                  retrieve U register
          puls
                 #1
          ldy
                                  one byte
          leax
                 attrbuf.u
                                  attribute buffer
          059
                 i$read
                                  get attribute byte
                 passerr3
                                  exit with error
          bcs
 DISPLAY FILENAME
          1db
                 offcount
                                 offset count
                 dooffset
                                  offset to screen
          bsr
          1eax
                 buffer, u
                                  buffer address
                 attrbuf
                                  directory?
          bpl
                 doname
                                  no, just display filename
                 -3,x
                                  yes, display stars
filename to screen
directory?
          leax
doname
          bsr
                 print
                 attrbuf
          tst
                                  no, get next filename
          bp1
                 read
* RE-EXECUTE TREE IF DIRECTORY
                                  end of directory name fork flag
          ldx
                 ender
          clra
                                  get offset
                 offcount
          1db
                                  add 1 to offset
to end of pathlist
terminator
          incb
          std
                 #$Ød
          1da
                                  terminate new parameter
          sta
                 . X.
```

```
Listing 2: MakeTree.b09
```

```
PROCEDURE MakeTree
            (* Generates the binary module tree *)
 0000
            (* Level I - change all /dd to /d0 *)
 0026
            DIM path.byt:BYTE
 004B
            DIM count: INTEGER
 0056
            PRINT "Creating tree .
 ØØ50
            CREATE #path,"/dd/cmds/tree":WRITE
 0075
            FOR count=1 TO 452
 ØØ8D
              READ byt
 009E
              PUT #path, byt
 00A3
            NEXT count
 ØØAD
 ØØB8
            CLOSE #path
 ØØBE
            PRINT
            SHELL "attr /dd/cmds/tree e pe"
 ØØCØ
            END
 ØØDB
            DATA 135,205,1,196,0,13,17,129,237,0,70,1,189,84,114,101
DATA 229,2,40,99,41,49,57,56,57,32,83,46,66,46,71,111,108
 ØØDD
 0111
            DATA 100,98.101.114.103.68.105.114.101.99.116.111.114.121
 Ø148
            DATA 32,116,114,101,101,32,115,116,114,117,99,116,117,114
 Ø176
            DATA 101,32,102,111,114,58,32,174,192,90,16,39,1,50,159
 Ø1A4
            DATA 3.15,2,15,44,15,7,204,42,124,151,8,221,9,236,128,129
 Ø1D5
            DATA 32,34,250,77,38,2,215,2,134,13,167,31,158,3,134,1,16
 Ø2ØC
            DATA 63,134.37.8.48.140,207.134,129,16.63,132,16,37,0,237
 0243
            DATA 151,0.48.140,194,16,63,132,37,96,151,1,214,2,38,30
 0277
            DATA 48,140,149,16,142,0,30,23,0,195,158,3,32,22,32,32,124
 Ø2AB
            DATA 45,45,45,45,45,118,13,32,32,124,32,32,32,90,141,5,48
 Ø2E2
            DATA 140,234,32,114,48,140,239,16,142,0,6,90,43,5,23,0,154
 Ø319
            DATA 32.248.57.204.0.39.16.63.141.77.16.43.0.152.48.75.16
 0350
            DATA 142.0,29,150,0.16.63,137,16,37,0,133,48,200,41,16,142
 0387
            DATA 0.3.16,63,137,37,33,48,75,166,132,132,127,129,65,37
 Ø3BE
            DATA 208,166,128,42,252,132,127,198,13,237,31,159,5,158
 Ø3F2
            DATA 41,52,64,222,43,150,1,16,63,136,37,61,53,64,16,142
 0420
            DATA Ø.1.48.71,16,63,137,37.48,214.2,141,150,48,75,13.7
 0454
            DATA 42.2.48.29.141.47.13.7.42.152.158.5.79.214.2.92.237
DATA 129.134.13.167.132.48.141.254.209.204.17.1.52.64.51
 Ø48B
 Ø4C2
            DATA 75.16.142,0.40.16.63.3.37.28.53.64,16.63.4.93.38.20
 Ø4F3
            DATA 22,255,109,16.142,0,200,134,1,16,63,140,37,6,57,193
 Ø52D
            DATA 211.38,1,95,16,63,6,48,140,22,16,142,0,33,141,231,158
 0561
            DATA 3.141,223.16,63,15.32,234,48,140,36,141,213,32,227
 Ø598
            DATA 42,42,42,42,32,67,97,110,39,116,32,99,104,97,110,103
 Ø5C9
            DATA 101,32,100,105,114,101,99,116,111,114,121,32,116,111
 Ø5FD
            DATA 58.32.7.85.115.101.58.32.116.114.101.101.32.60.115
DATA 116.97.114.116.95.100.105.114.101.99.116.111.114.121
 Ø62B
 065C
            DATA 62,13,39,222,107
 Ø68A
```



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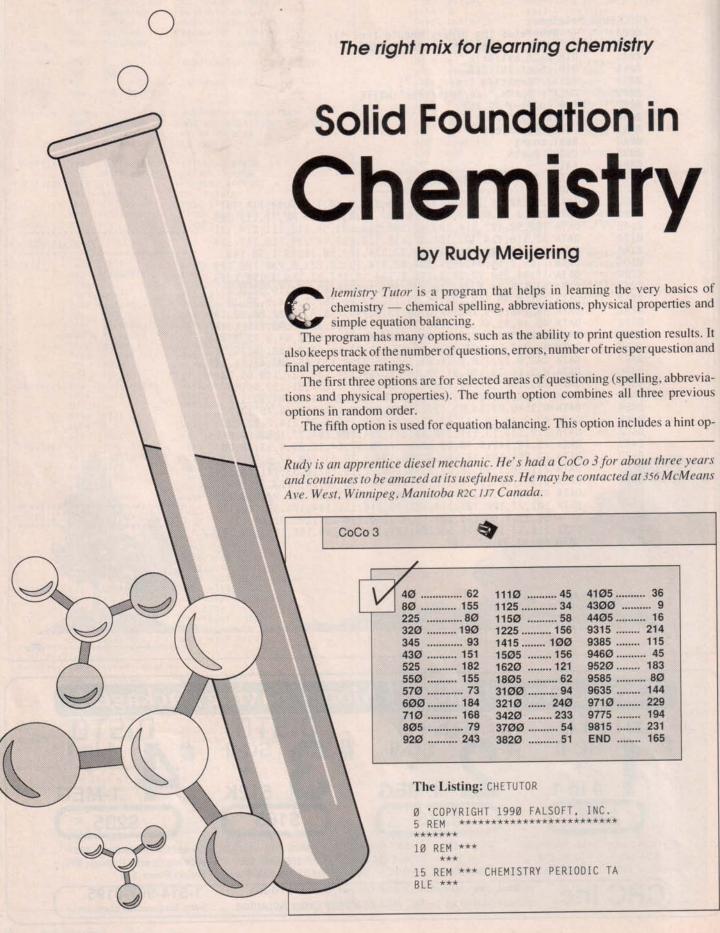
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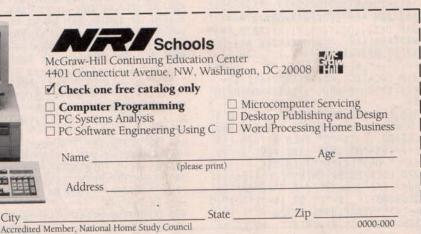
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tion to help balance equations by giving their real elemental value before balancing. By the use of cross multiplying, the equations are balanced regardless of length. The main idea of the program is to provide a learning aid for the basic concepts of chemistry and how they relate to the rest of the world.

The program requires 32K to run, and the printer codes included in the program are for the DMP-105. There is no disk save routine in the program, but there is 9K of

memory left to include one if you wish.

The screen is set up for a green-on-black monochrone monitor, and screen widths will vary during the program error printout (40 to 80).

### How to Use the Program

When the title page and options appear, select an option from 1 to 5. When the option has been selected, you are required to select the questioning format and the results printout. There are many different

levels of questions. Once you have mastered one level, you can move to the next level.

The program is very straightforward and user friendly, so not much is really needed — except for response to equation balancing. When answering the questions, your answer is not subscripted. But do not worry; the computer has already taken this into account. If you make a mistake, use the left arrow key to backspace over your mistake and type in the correction.

```
20 REM ***
25 REM ******* WRITTEN BY **
30 REM ***
35 REM ***
                  R.G. MEIJERING
40 REM ***
                WINNIPEG. MANITOBA
45 REM ***
                      CANADA
50 REM ***
55 REM **************
60 REM ***
65 REM ***
                    COPY RIGHT
70 REM ***
75 REM ***
                  APRIL 18th. 1989
    ***
80 REM ***
85 REM **************
100 REM *** INITIAL SCREEN & MEM
105 POKE65497,0:WIDTH40:CLEAR200
0: PALETTE0.0: CLS1: PALETTE8.48: CL
S1:RUN1600
200 REM *** SCREEN PROMPTS LINE
LOCATIONS ***
205 C1-7:R1-0:R2-1:GOSUB305:RETU
RN
210 C1=21:R1=0:R2=1:GOSUB305:RET
URN
215 C1=5:R1=22:GOSUB310:RETURN
22Ø C1=14:R1=22:GOSUB31Ø:RETURN
225 C1-0:R1-19:C2-8:R2-20:GOSUB3
25: RETURN
230 C1-0:R1-10:C2-8:R2-11:GOSUB3
25: RETURN
300 REM *** SCREEN PROMPTS ***
305 CLS1:LOCATEC1,R1:ATTR0,0:PRI
NT"Chemistry Periodic Table":LOC
ATEC1, R2: PRINT"-----
       -":RETURN
310 LOCATECI, R1: PRINT" Press any
    to Continue."::GOSUB400:RETU
key
RN
315 LOCATEØ, 22: PRINT"Press [ C ]
- Continue or [ M ] - Menu"::GO
SUB400:IF I$="C" THEN RETURN:ELS
E IF I$-"M" THEN 1600:ELSE IF I$ <>"C" OR I$<>"M" THEN 315
320 LOCATE0,22:PRINT"[ C ] continue [ E ] exit [ R ] re-do";:G
OSUB400:IF I$="C" OR I$="E" OR I
$="R" THENRETURNELSE320
325 LOCATEC1.R1:PRINT"
                          NOTE: th
```

```
e keyboard is in LOWER case...":
LOCATEC2, R2: PRINT"Use SHIFT for
UPPER case.": POKE282.0: RETURN
33Ø GOSUB2Ø5:LOCATE5,3:PRINT"Que
stion Option Selection:":LOCATE5
 .10: PRINT"Enter the following: ":
LOCATEØ, 12: RETURN
335 GOSUB205:LOCATE0,5:PRINT"Equ
ation Balancing:":LOCATEØ,6:PRIN
                 ----": RETURN
340 LOCATEØ, 10: PRINT" One minute
Please...To set up Questions":RE
TURN
345 IF FA=1 OR FA=4 THEN 350 ELS
E RETURN
350 LOCATEØ, 13: ATTR6, 4: PRINT" HI
NT: "::ATTRØ.Ø:LOCATEØ.15:PRINTH
I$: RETURN
400 REM *** INKEYS ***
405 I$-INKEY$:IF I$-"" OR I$-" "
 THEN 405 ELSE RETURN
410 GOSUB405: I=VAL(I$): IF I<1 OR
 I>7 THEN 410 ELSE RETURN
415 GOSUB4Ø5:IF I$-"Y" OR I$-"N"
 THEN42ØELSE415
420 IF I$="Y" THEN IN$=" Yes ":I
N=1:RETURN
425 IF I$="N" THEN IN$=" No ":I
N=2:RETURN
430 LOCATEØ, 8: LINEINPUT"Your Ans
wer: ";W$:RETURN
435 LOCATEØ, 17: LINEINPUT"Answer:
 ";W$:RETURN
500 REM *** QUESTIONS OPTIONS **
505 GOSUB520:GOSUB525:GOSUB540:G
OSUB545:GOSUB550:GOTO555
510 GOSUB520:GOSUB525:GOSUB540:G
OSUB545:GOTO555
515 GOSUB520:LE=3:GOSUB530:GOSUB
535:GOSUB545:GOTO555
520 GOSUB330: INPUT"Number of Que
stions [ 25 - 106 ]":NQ:IF NQ<25
 OR NQ>106 THEN 520 ELSE RETURN
525 IF NQ=>25 AND NQ<27 THEN LE=
4:ELSE IF NQ>26 AND NQ<54 THEN L
E=3:ELSE IF NQ>54 AND NQ<79 THEN
 LE-2: ELSE IF NQ>79 THEN LE-1
530 IF LE=1 THEN540ELSE GOSUB330
:PRINT"Level of Questions [ 1 -
";LE;" ]";:INPUT"";QL:IF QL>0 OR
QL<(LE+1) THENRETURNELSE530
535 GOSUB330: INPUT"Number of Che
m. / Quest. [ 2 - 8 ] "; EN: IF EN <2 OR EN>8 THEN 535
540 GOSUB330: INPUT"Number of Tri
es / Question [ 1 - 5 ]":NT:IF N
T<1 OR NT>5 THEN54ØELSERETURN
545 GOSUB33Ø:PRINT"List Errors [
Yes / No ]? "::GOSUB415:LE$-IN$
: LO=IN: RETURN
550 GOSUB330: PRINT"List Spelling
 Errors [ Yes / No ]? "::GOSUB41
```

```
5:SP$=IN$:SP=IN:RETURN
555 GOSUB330: PRINT"Give Percenta
ge Rating [ Yes / No ]? "::GOSUB
415:GP$-IN$:GP-IN
560 GOSUB330: PRINT"Print - Out R
equired [ Yes / No ]? "::GOSUB41
5:PO$-IN$:PO-IN
565 GOSUB330:LOCATEØ,6:PRINT"Num
ber of Questions:....";:ATTR6.4
:PRINTNQ;:ATTRØ,Ø:LOCATEØ,8:PRIN
T"Question Level:....";:AT
TR6.4:PRINTQL;:ATTRØ.Ø:LOCATEØ.1
Ø:PRINT"Number of Chem. / Quest:
 ";:ATTR6,4:PRINTEN;:ATTRØ,0
570 LOCATEO.12:PRINT"Number of T ries:....;:ATTR6,4:PRINTNT
::ATTRØ.Ø:IF SP$="" THEN SP$=" N
575 LOCATEØ.14: PRINT"List Errors
               "::ATTR6.4:PRINTLE
$::ATTRØ,0:LOCATEØ,16:PRINT"List
 Spelling Errors:...";:ATTR6.4:
PRINTSP$::ATTRØ.Ø:LOCATEØ.18:PRI
NT"Give Percentage:....";:A
TTR6.4:PRINTGP$::ATTR0.0
580 LOCATE0,20:PRINT"Print - Out :....";:ATTR6,4:PRINTPO
$;:ATTRØ,Ø:GOSUB32Ø:IF I$-"C" TH
EN585:ELSE IF I$-"E" THEN 1600:E
LSE IF I$="R" THEN ON I GOTO 505
 510,510,505,515
585 IF I>4 THEN 3000
600 REM *** INITIALIZE QUESTION
OPTION VARIABLES ***
605 NS=NQ+1:DIM QT(NS):DIM TE$(N
S):DIM SE$(NS):DIM QS(NS):TR=1
610 IF NQ<27 THEN SL=(QL-1)*26 E
LSE SL=INT((26.5)*(QL-1))
615 RESTORE: FORZ-ØTO(SL-1): READA
.B$,C$,D$,E:NEXTZ:GOSUB2Ø5:GOSUB
230:GOSUB215:NN=NQ+SL
620 FORT=SL TO NN: READA, B$, C$, D$
.E:ON I GOSUB 1700.1800.1900.200
Ø,815,915:NEXTT:RESTORE:GOSUB215
700 REM *** PERCENTAGE ROUTINE *
705 GOSUB205:GOSUB1000:IF GP=1 T
HEN71ØELSE8ØØ
710 RA=RA-1:PE=INT((100/NQ)*RA):
LOCATEØ, 3: PRINT"Percentage Ratin
g:";:LOCATEØ,4:PRINT"***
******"::LOCATE5.6:PRINT"Number
Right:.....";RA::LOCATE5.8:P
RINT"Your Percentage:....
"%":: IF NT-1 THEN 720 ELSE 715
715 PA=INT((100/NQ)*(RA-AT)):LOC
ATEØ.11:PRINT"Actual Percentage
Rating:";:LOCATEØ.12:PRINT"*****
       ***********;:LOCATE5,14
:PRINT"Number of Attemps:....
AT::LOCATE5,16:PRINT"Final Perce
ntage Rating:.. ";PA:"%";:
720 IF PO-1 AND NT<2 THEN GOSUB1
```

110:ELSE IF PO-1 AND NT>1 THEN G OSUB 1120 725 IF FG-2 THEN RETURN 73Ø GOSUB215 800 REM \*\*\* ERROR PRINT - OUT RO UTINE \*\*\* 805 GOSUB1000: IF LO-1 AND ER>0 T HEN 810 ELSE 900 81Ø I=5:Z=1:X=1:SL=1:EP=1:NN=105 :GOT01200 815 IF QT(EP)-A THEN 1225 ELSE R ETURN 820 LOCATE56.LT:PRINTTE\$(EP):EP-EP+1:GOTO 1230 900 REM \*\*\* SPELLING ERROR PRINT OUT ROUTINE \*\* 905 GOSUB1000: IF SP-1 AND SW>0 T HEN 910 ELSE 100 910 I=6:Z=2:ER=SW:X=2:SL=1:NN=10 5:EP=1:GOT01200 915 IF QS(EP)-A THEN 1225 ELSE R FTURN 920 LOCATE56, LT: PRINTSE\$(EP): EP= EP+1:GOTO 1230 1000 REM \*\*\* PAPER PRINT - OUT I NITIAL ROUTINE \*\* 1005 POKE65496.0:POKE65497.126:P OKE65496,126:POKE150,18:POKE152, 64: POKE155.80: POKE282, 255: RETURN 1100 REM \*\*\* PRINTER PRINT - OUT 1105 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2,TAB(21)," Chemistry Periodic Table":PRINT# -2, TAB(21), -":PRINT#-2:RETURN 1110 GOSUB1105:PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2 .TAB(5)"Percentage Rating:":PRIN T#-2.TAB(5)"\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* RINT#-2:PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2.TAB(5) "Number of Questions:.... .."; NQ:PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2.TAB(5) "Question Level:..... .":QL:PRINT#-2 1115 PRINT#-2, TAB(5)"Number of T ries / Question:....";NT:PRIN T#-2:PRINT#-2, TAB(5)"Number Corr ect:....;RA:PRIN T#-2:PRINT#-2,TAB(10)"Your Perce ntage Rating:....":PE:"%": PRINT#-2: RETURN 1120 GOSUB1110:PRINT#-2,TAB(5)"A ctual Perecentage Rating:": PRINT #-2,TAB(5)"\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*": PRINT#-2: PRINT#-2: PRINT#-2 .TAB(5)"Number of Attempts:... ";AT:PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2. TAB(20)"Final Perecentage Rating :....";PA;"%":PRINT#-2:RETURN 1125 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2, TAB(5)"Er ETURN 1130 PRINT#-2:PRINT#-2.TAB(5)"Sp elling Error Listing:":PRINT#-2, TAB(5)"\* RINT#-2:RETURN 1135 ON Z GOSUB1125,1130:PRINT# 2:PRINT#-2,TAB(5)"Chemical Name" :TAB(22)"Symbol":TAB(39)"State"; TAB(56)"Your Mistake": PRINT#-2:P RINT#-2: RETURN 1140 IF Z=1 THEN O\$=TE\$(EP) ELSE 0\$-SE\$(EP) 1145 PRINT#-2.TAB(5)B\$:TAB(24)C\$ :TAB(39)D\$;TAB(57)O\$:RETURN 1150 PRINT#-2, TAB(3) "Chemical Eq uation"; TAB(31) "Correct Answer";

TAB(61)"Your Answer": PRINT#-2:RE TURN 1155 PRINT#-2, TAB(C3)QN\$(T); TAB( C4)RB\$(T):TAB(C5)WA\$(T):PRINT#-2 TAB(C4)RC\$(T):TAB(C5)WB\$(T):RET URN 1200 REM \*\*\* SCREEN SPELLING & E RROR PRINT OUT ROUTINE \*\*\* 1205 IF PO-1 THEN GOSUB 1135 ELS E 1220 1210 GOT01220 1215 GOSUB220 1220 WIDTH80:LT=5:GOSUB210:RESTO RE:LOCATE5,3:PRINT"Chemical"::LO CATE22,3:PRINT"Symbol";:LOCATE39 ,3:PRINT"State"::LOCATE56,3:PRIN T"Your Mistake"::GOT0620 1225 LOCATE5, LT: PRINTB\$:: LOCATE2 4.LT:PRINTC\$;:LOCATE38,LT:PRINTD \$::ON Z GOTO 820,920 1230 LT-LT+1:IF LT>21 THEN 1215 1235 IF PO-1 THEN GOSUB1140 1240 IF EP>ER THEN 1245 ELSE RET URN 1245 GOSUB220:ON X GOTO 900,100 1300 REM \*\*\* CORRECT ROUTINE \*\*\* 1305 LOCATE14, 10: ATTR6, 4: PRINT" CORRECT! "::FORG-1T0700:NEXTG:RA -RA+1:GOT01515 1400 REM \*\*\* SPELLING & ERROR RO UTINE \*\*\* 1405 IF SP=2 THEN 1435 1410 IF LEN(W\$) <> LEN(B\$) THEN WE =WE+11415 FORK=1TO(LEN(B\$)):IF MID\$(W \$.K,1)<>MID\$(B\$.K,1) THEN WE-WE+ 1420 NEXTK: IF WE>2 THEN 1435 ELS E 1425 1425 LOCATE11.10:ATTR6.4:PRINT" SPELLING ERROR! ";:FORG-1T0700:N EXTG:AT-AT+1:IF TR-NT THEN 1430 **ELSE 1505** 1430 SW-SW+1:QS(SW)-A:SE\$(SW)-W\$ :GOT01515 1435 LOCATE14,10:ATTR6,4:PRINT" "::FORG=1T0700:NEXTG:AT ERROR! -AT+1:IF TR-NT THEN 1440 ELSE 15 1440 ER-ER+1:TE\$(ER)-W\$:QT(ER)-A :GOT01515 1500 REM \*\*\* RESET ROUTINE \*\*\* 1505 TR=TR+1:WE=0:IF I<4 THEN 15 10 ELSE 1520 1510 ON I GOTO 1700.1800,1900 1515 TR-1:WE-0:RETURN 1520 ON U GOTO 1700,1800,1900 1600 REM \*\*\* MAIN MENU \*\* 1605 GOSUB205:LOCATE0.3:PRINT"Se lect (1 to 5):":GOSUB1610:GOSUB1 615:GOSUB1620:GOSUB1625:GOSUB163 Ø:GOSUB410:ATTR6,4:ON I GOSUB161 Ø.1615.1620.1625.1630:ATTRØ.Ø:GO SUB315:ON I GOTO 505.510.510,505 .515 1610 LOCATE5,8:PRINT"1] Quiz on Chemical Names":: RETURN 1615 LOCATES. 10: PRINT"2] Quiz on Chemical Symbols":: RETURN 1620 LOCATE5, 12: PRINT"3] Quiz on Physical Properties":: RETURN 1625 LOCATES, 14: PRINT"4] Quiz on All Three";:RETURN 1630 LOCATE5, 16: PRINT"5] Balance Equations"::LOCATE0.22:RETURN
1700 REM \*\*\* QUESTION #1 \*\*\* 1705 GOSUB205:LOCATE3,5:PRINT"Wh

at is the chemical name for this symbol [ ";C\$;" ] which is a ":D\$;".":GOSUB430:IF W\$="" OR W\$ " THEN 1705:ELSE IF W\$-B\$ THE N 1300 ELSE 1400 1800 REM \*\*\* QUESTION #2 \*\*\* 1805 GOSUB205: LOCATE3.5: PRINT"Wh at is the chemical symbol for th is chemical: ";B\$;" which is a
";D\$;"."::GOSUB430:IF W\$="" OR W
\$=" " THEN 1805:ELSE IF W\$=C\$ TH EN 1300 ELSE 1435 1900 REM \*\*\* QUESTION #3 \*\*\* 1905 GOSUB205: LOCATE3, 5: PRINT"Wh at is the physical state of this chemical element: ";C\$;:GOSUB 430:IF W\$-D\$ THEN 1300 ELSE 1435 2000 REM \*\*\* QUESTION #4 \*\*\* 2005 U-RND(3):ON U GOTO 1700,180 0.1900 3000 REM \*\*\* OPTION #5 BALANCE E QUATIONS \*\*\* 3005 GOSUB335:GOSUB340:FG-1:FA-Q L:GOT03100 3010 GOSUB230:GOSUB215:FG-2:RETU RN 3100 REM \*\*\* INITIALIZE SYMBOL & VALUE SEARCH \*\*\* 3105 NN-NQ+1:DIM PC\$(EN),QC(EN). HT(EN),QN\$(NN),WA\$(NN),WB\$(NN),R B\$(NN).RC\$(NN):FORF-1TONN:FORT-1 TOFN 3110 RN-RND(106):SL-RN+1:FORV-1T OSL: READA, B\$, C\$, D\$, E: NEXTV: IF RN -A THEN3115 ELSE 3110 3115 RESTORE: IF E-Ø THEN 3110 3120 PC\$(T)=C\$:QC(T)=E:HI\$=HI\$+P C\*(T)+"="+MID\*((STR\*(QC(T))),2,1)+" ":NEXTT 3200 REM \*\*\* BALANCING FORMAT \*\* 3205 FORR-4T01 STEP-1: FORT-1T0EN :IF QC(T)=R THEN 3215 3210 NEXTT: NEXTR 3215 FL-Ø:FORT-1TOEN:ON R GOTO 3 705.3605.3505.3405 3220 IF FL-0 THEN 3805 3300 REM \*\*\* RE - BALANCE ELEMEN TS \*\*\* 3305 FORT=1TOEN: ON R GOTO 5.3705 3515,3415 3400 REM \*\*\* BALANCE TO 4 th ELE MENT \*\*\* 3405 IF QC(T)-4 THEN QC(T)-0:ELS E IF QC(T)-3 THEN FL-1:ELSE IF Q C(T)=1 THEN QC(T)=43410 NEXTT: GOT03220 3415 IF QC(T)=3 THEN QC(T)=4:ELS E IF OC(T)-Ø THEN QC(T)-3 3420 NEXTT:FL-0:G0T03220 3500 REM \*\*\* BALANCE TO 3 rd ELE MENT \*\*\* 3505 IF QC(T)-3 THEN QC(T)-0:ELS E IF QC(T)=2 THEN FL=1:ELSE IF Q C(T)=1 THEN QC(T)=3351Ø NEXTT: G0T0322Ø 3515 IF QC(T)-2 THEN QC(T)-3:ELS E IF QC(T)=Ø THEN QC(T)=2 3520 NEXTT:FL-0:G0T03220 3600 REM \*\*\* BALANCE TO 2 nd ELE MENT \*\*\* 3605 IF QC(T)-2 THEN QC(T)-0:ELS QC(T)=1 THEN QC(T)=2EIF 3610 NEXTT:FL=0:G0T03220 3700 REM \*\*\* BALANCE TO 1 ST ELE \*\*\* MENT 3705 IF QC(T)=1 THEN QC(T)=0

3710 NEXTT: GOT03220 3800 REM \*\*\* QUESTION VARIABLE S ET UP \*\*\* 3805 FORT-1TOEN: QU\$-QU\$+PC\$(T)+" +":IF QC(T)=0 THEN 3810 ELSE 381 3810 AN\$-AN\$+PC\$(T):AP\$-AP\$+PC\$( T):AQ\$-AQ\$+STRING\$((LEN(PC\$(T))) 32):GOT03820 3815 AN\$-AN\$+PC\$(T)+MID\$((STR\$(Q C(T))),2,1):AP\$=AP\$+PC\$(T)+" ":A Q\$=AQ\$+STRING\$((LEN(PC\$(T))),32) +MID\$((STR\$(QC(T))),2,1) 3820 NEXTT: L-LEN(QU\$)-1:QU\$-MID\$ (QU\$,1,L)+"-?" 3900 REM \*\*\* QUESTION OUT - PUT 3905 IF FG-1 THEN GOSUB 3010 3910 GOSUB335:LOCATE12,9:PRINT"Y our Question:":CO-INT(40-(LEN(QU \$)))/2:LOCATECO.11:PRINTQU\$:GOSU B345:GOSUB435:IF W\$-"" OR W\$-" THEN 3910 :ELSE IF W\$-AN\$ THEN 4005 ELSE 4105 4000 REM \*\*\* CORRECT ROUTINE \*\*\* 4005 LOCATE14,18:ATTR6.4:PRINT" CORRECT! "::ATTRØ.Ø:FORG-1T0100: NEXTG: RA-RA+1: G0T04305 4100 REM \*\*\* ERROR ROUTINE \*\*\* 4105 LOCATE14,18:ATTR6,4:PRINT" "::ATTRØ.Ø:AT-AT+1:TR-T ERROR! R+1:IF TR-NT THEN 4205 4110 FORZ=1T0500:NEXTZ:IF FA=2 T HEN FA=4 4115 GOT03910 4200 REM \*\*\* CHEMICAL SUB SCRIPT INPUT ROUTINE \*\*\* 4205 ER=ER+1:TL=LEN(QU\$)-2:QN\$(E R)=MID\$(QU\$,1,TL):WA\$(ER)=W\$:WB\$ (ER)-W\$: RB\$(ER)-AP\$: RC\$(ER)-AQ\$ 4210 LW-LEN(W\$):FORZ-1TOLW:SC-AS C(MID\$(W\$,Z,1)):IF SC>59 THEN MI D\$(WB\$(ER),Z,1)=""ELSE GOSUB422 4215 NEXTZ:GOTO4305 4220 MID\$(WA\$(ER),Z,1)=" ":RETUR 4300 REM \*\*\* RE - SET ROUTINE \*\* 4305 IF FA-4 THEN FA-2 4310 HI\$-"": AN\$-"": AP\$-"": AQ\$-"" :QU\$="":TR=0:NEXTF:GOSUB1000:GOS **IIB215** 4315 IF GP=1 THEN GOSUB700:GOSUB 215 4320 IF LO=1 AND PO=2 AND ER>0 T HEN 4410 4325 IF LO=1 AND PO=1 AND ER>Ø T HEN 4335 ELSE 100 4330 IF LO-2 THEN 100 4335 GOSUB1100:GOSUB1150:GOTO441 4400 REM \*\*\* ERROR PRINT - OUT \* 4405 WIDTH80:LT=5:GOSUB210:LOCAT E3,3:PRINT"Chemical Equation:":: LOCATE31.3: PRINT"Correct Answer: ":LOCATE64,3:PRINT"Your Answer": RETURN 4410 GOSUB4405:FORT=1TOER:C3=INT (24-LEN(QN\$(T)))/2:C4-INT(24-LEN (RB\$(T)))/2+27:C5=INT(24-LEN(WB\$ (T)))/2+56:LOCATEC3.LT:PRINTQN\$( T)::LOCATEC4, LT:PRINTRB\$(T)::LOC ATEC5.LT:PRINTWA\$(T);:LT=LT+1:LO CATEC4.LT:PRINTRC\$(T)::LOCATEC5,

LT:PRINTWB\$(T): 4415 IF PO-1 THEN GOSUB1155 4420 LT=LT+1: IF LT>20 THEN 4430 4425 NEXTT: GOSUB215: RUN100 443Ø GOSUB215:GOTO44Ø5 9300 REM \*\*\* DATA \*\*\* 9305 DATA 0.0.0.0.0 9310 DATA 1. Hydrogen, H. Gas, 1 9315 DATA 2.Helium, He, Gas. Ø 9320 DATA 3, Lithium, Li, Solid, 1 9325 DATA 4.Beryllium, Be, Solid, 2 9330 DATA 5.Boron, B. Solid, 3 9335 DATA 6, Carbon, C, Solid, 4 9340 DATA 7.Nitrogen, N.Gas.3 9345 DATA 8.0xygen.O.Gas.2 9350 DATA 9, Flourine, F, Gas, 1 9355 DATA 10, Neon, Ne. Gas. 0 9360 DATA 11, Sodium, Na, Solid, 1 9365 DATA 12, Magnesium, Mg, Solid, 9370 DATA 13, Aluminum, Al, Solid, 2 9375 DATA 14. Silicon, Si, Solid, 4 9380 DATA 15. Phosphorus, P. Solid, 9385 DATA 16. Sulfur, S. Solid, 2 9390 DATA 17, Chlorine, Cl. Gas. 1 9395 DATA 18, Argon, Ar, Gas, Ø 9400 DATA 19. Potassium, K, Solid, 1 9405 DATA 20.Calcium.Ca.Solid.2 9410 DATA 21. Scandium, Sc. Solid, 2 9415 DATA 22, Titanium, Ti, Solid, 2 9420 DATA 23, Vanadium, V, Solid, 2 9425 DATA 24, Chromium, Cr. Solid, 2 9430 DATA 25, Manganese, Mn. Solid. 9435 DATA 26. Iron, Fe, Solid, 2 9440 DATA 27. Cobalt, Co. Solid, 2 9445 DATA 28, Nickel, Ni, Solid, 2 9450 DATA 29. Copper. Cu. Solid. 2 9455 DATA 30, Zinc, Zn, Solid, 2 9460 DATA 31. Gallium, Ga, Liquid, 2 9465 DATA 32, Germanium, Ge, Soild, 9470 DATA 33, Arsenic, As, Solid, 3 9475 DATA 34. Selenium, Se. Solid. 2 9480 DATA 35.Bromine, Br, Liquid, 1 9485 DATA 36.Krypton.Kr.Gas.Ø 9490 DATA 37, Rubidium, Rb, Solid, 1 9495 DATA 38, Strontium, Sr. Solid. 9500 DATA 39, Yttrium, Y, Solid, 2 9505 DATA 40. Zirconium, Zr. Solid. 9510 DATA 41. Niobium, Nb. Solid, 2 9515 DATA 42, Molybdenum, Mo, Solid 9520 DATA 43. Technetium, Tc, Synth etic.2 9525 DATA 44, Ruthenium. Ru. Solid, 9530 DATA 45. Rhodium. Rh. Solid. 2 9535 DATA 46.Palladium.Pd.Solid. 9540 DATA 47.Silver, Ag. Solid, 2 9545 DATA 48. Cadmiun, Cd. Solid, 2 9550 DATA 49, Indium, In, Solid, 2 9555 DATA 50, Tin, Sn, Solid, 2 9560 DATA 51, Antimony, Sb, Solid, 2 9565 DATA 52. Tellurium. Te. Solid. 9570 DATA 53. Iodine. I. Solid. 1 9575 DATA 54, Xenon, Xe, Gas, Ø 9580 DATA 55, Cesium, Cs, Liquid, 1 9585 DATA 56.Barium, Ba, Solid, 2 9590 DATA 57. Lanthanum, La, Solid, 2

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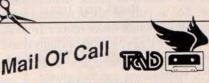
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Graphics Utility

CoCo 3

## DS69View

"Nothin' is free in this world. Sooner or later, it's going to cost ya," my old man said more times than I can count. Well, maybe it's not always true. Steve Ricketts (STE-VEPDX) of Boring, Oregon wants to give you a copy of his DS69View program. This is a real viewer program for DS-69A/B, 16-level, digitized .PIX pictures.



You don't believe me? Do you think it's one of those do-nothing programs not worth the disk space? Ha! This program is a radically altered version of *C-SEE*, the software originally provided with the DS-69 digitizer by Micro Works. Since Micro Works no longer markets this product, Steve asked for, and received, permission to release his version as public domain software. So, as part of his agreement with them, Steve cannot make money from it. He must give it to you. You can copy it and give it to your friends. And it's all completely legal.

Just slide the disk into the drive and type RUN"DS69VIEW". The first thing you see is the option for either a CMP (composite/TV) or an RGB monitor. Next, set the default file extension. (Most DS-69 pictures use .PIX.) Press ENTER to see the main menu.

The menu has seven options. Option 1 is the directory listing the files on your disk. Option 2 loads a file. If the file you want to load has the default extension, simply type the name of the file. If the extension is different from the default, type it, too. The picture loads much faster than the original *C-SEE* program.

Options 3 and 4 are display options. Option 3 is Lo-Res and Option 4 is Hi-Res. The Lo-Res screen is approximately 325-by-225. The Hi-Res screen is approximately 640-by-225. Option 5 saves the file under a

different name or to a different drive. I have a lot of .PIX pictures and this was quite useful for sorting them.

Option 6 allows changing the default drive from which files are saved and loaded. Option 7 allows you to quit the program. If you accidentally press 7, you are returned to the first option screen at which you can press ENTER to continue or Q to quit.

If your library lacks digitized pictures there is no need to worry, the program includes eight digitized pictures to start your collection. As you spread the viewer program around, you'll find there are quite a few out there. For those of you with a modem and no digitized pictures, check your local BBS and Delphi.

There is one catch to this free program. Along with your request, send \$3 for shipping & handling and the cost of the disk. But if you have a modem and don't want to spend the money, the program has been posted on Delphi. After that, all you'll need is a CoCo 3 and a disk drive.

So, Dad, you *can* get something for nothing — almost.

(Steve Ricketts, 10625 SE 362nd #B32, Boring, OR 97009; 503-663-7169; \$3 S/H)

— Randy Cassel

[Editor's Note: Mr. Ricketts has informed us there is also a version of DS69View for owners of the DS-69B. This version replaces the Lo-Res display option with the 16-level digitizing function. From the same menu you can load, save, view and create digitized images.]

Word Processing

OS-9 Level II

## VED, VPRINT

OS-9 has excellent flexibility in directing its input/output to different peripherals. For this reason, OS-9 word processors have historically been constructed as two separate programs used in two separate steps. For most of us, this is a difficult concept to understand.

Any word processor program must perform three main tasks. First, it must allow entry of your text or recovery of that text from some other source, such as a disk file. Second, it must output that text to a device. Finally it should provide for such added bells and whistles as search-and-replace, headers, footers, mail-merge, indexing or Table of Contents. Programmers usually combine these functions into one package and add some sort of executive control routine as an integrated word processor. But internally, the functions of screen editing and of output formatting are normally done in two very different sub-programs. Some of the bells and whistles are more easily attached to the screen-edit function, while others are more easily attached to the text formatter. Others may be attached to both.

Like most CoCo users, I run a mixture of Disk BASIC and OS-9. I have little patience with extremists who demand we all use one operating system. Certain tasks are much more pleasant under one system than the other.

This OS-9 word processor is sold as two separate programs: *VED* (an editor) and *VPRINT* (a text formatter). One advantage to having two different programs is that it allows you to pick and choose. If you want a good, complete OS-9 word processor, get both programs and run them together. The *VED/VPRINT* package is the best OS-9 word processor I have seen to date. If you are satisfied with either your editor or formatter, purchase just one of these programs and use it with your current setup.

## VED

The 28-page manual is clear, but updates are provided on the disk. All options work as advertised and the built-in Help file is adequate. The text-buffer size is normally 53,000 characters. If you need more space, a utility is included to break larger files into smaller ones for editing. The smaller files can of course be easily merged again with OS-9. Please note that while VED will operate with 128K, I used it in my 512K CoCo 3.

VED provides for up to 37 macros, allowing you to easily customize your editing environment. Each macro can be up to 28 characters in length. This may not seem impressive until you consider the nesting feature, which allows one macro to call another. I used this feature to create a macro for my entire letterhead, which I then placed inside other macros that provide the addresses of frequent correspondents. With only four key strokes, I can put both my letterhead and the recipient's address at the start of a letter. I do have to back-space to insert a code for the date, which is stored in a buffer in the companion program VPRINT.

A file called VedDefs.txt holds pre-

defined settings for tabs, word-wrap, indentations and other common items. This file is also used to store the macros. A new VedDefs.txt can be easily created as needed.

There are some items that take some getting used to. For example, carriage returns are not normally inserted in the text by the word-wrap feature, and you must remember the difference between a screen line and a text line. Inserting extra carriage returns is one way to eliminate this problem, but results in a loss of some of the program's flexibility. Much the same problem bothered me with earlier versions of Telewriter 64, and I found work-arounds that I built into my system defaults. These had become so much a part of the background defaults that I found myself being fumble fingers again when I initially configured VED.

During search-and-replace operations, the ENTER key cannot be used to generate a carriage return. You should use the ALT-ENTER combination to do this. Wild-card search is supported in a manner I found

quite friendly. And in general, the global commands operate well. The manual even has a tip to search for a pattern that may cut across either a screen-line break or a text-line break.

Those using VED for programming will enjoy the ability to jump to a line number. Others can use the alternate form that will jump to a text label. All the usual block commands such as Mark, Move, Copy and Delete are included and work well. Append is another useful block command.

I did not cover all of *VED* because the program is just too extensive. In summary, this program has all the features I wanted, is well-organized, user-friendly and appears fault-free. As for the documentation, however, when I wanted to save my file, I could not find Save in the Index except as a Block command. The real Save is on Page 20, not Page 15.

### **VPRINT**

Although *VPRINT* is a slightly moreexpensive program, it is much longer, with a manual of almost 115 pages. It should be noted that *VPRINT* does not work in a 128K machine — you'll need 512K. Though, while it hasn't been tested, *VPRINT* may work with the 256K upgrade from Disto. Default files are provided for most of the common printers used in the CoCo Community. Users can use the major features by implementing the proper default file and using the Ready Reference Document. The manual explains the process and how to redesign or customize your default files.

I do take exception with one statement in the manual. The manual states that word processors packaged as a single program "...may be suitable for beginners, but usually lack the power required for more serious users..." Balderdash! This statement seems applicable only to OS-9.

I did not try every feature *VPRINT* supports. For example, I did not test its ability to create Indexing and Tables of Contents, even though these features are important to me. I had no suitable large file in OS-9 to act as a test case for this support. However, I am a fan of this program and found no bugs in either *VED* or *VPRINT*.

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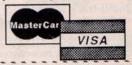
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VPRINT supports multiple fonts, including proportional-spaced fonts, if your printer is so-equipped. It also supports double-column output and mail-merge. It allows conditional tests and Macros for programming printout formats. In short, this is the most comprehensive text formatter I have dealt with that retains user-friendliness.

If you think I am prejudiced in favor of these two programs, you are right.

(Bob van der Poel Software, P.O. Box 57, Wynndel, B.C. VOB 2NO Canada or P.O. Box 355, Porthill, ID 83853-0355, 604-866-5772; \$24.95 for VED; \$29.95 for VPRINT)

- H. Larry Elman

Music & Sound

CoCo 3

# CoCo MIDI Pro

While reviewing CoCo MIDI Pro, I was reminded of when I joined the musician's union in 1972. For me it was an unforget-table time of waking at 4 p.m., going to bed at 6 a.m., traveling from place to place, and walking out of a club with more money than when I walked in.

At that time "midi" referred to the length of a girl's skirt. If MIDI instruments were available, poor musicians like me knew little about them. Even now there's plenty about MIDI to which I plead ignorant. I do know that MIDI stands for Musical Instrument Digital Interface. It is an international standard for the transfer of musical information through digital signals. This technology enables the computer to record and play like a tape recorder. One basic distinction is that MIDI recording transcribes musical events such as timing, note values, volume levels, duration and other parameters. The computer does not record actual sounds the way a tape recorder does.

To use CoCo MIDI Pro you must have a 512K CoCo 3, a disk drive or cassette recorder and a Multi-Pak Interface or Y-cable. You'll also need a hardware MIDI interface (included with the CoCo MIDI Pro package) and a MIDI keyboard or other MIDI-capable instrument.

Simply put, CoCo MIDI Pro turns your CoCo into a multi-track recorder for MIDI instruments. If The Beatles recorded the Sergeant Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band album on a four-track recorder, think what you can do with CoCo MIDI Pro's 16 tracks. In addition, you can record over tracks so that the new music overlays the old without erasing it. This feature gives you the equivalent of 32 tracks. The potential is limitless.

CoCo MIDI Pro has many features — it isn't possible to list all of them in this review, but I'll cover the significant ones. CoCo MIDI Pro lets you use the CoCo in master or slave status — CoCo MIDI Pro can control or be controlled by other MIDI timing signals, such as those of a drum machine. Each of CoCo MIDI Pro's 16 tracks can be set to one of three modes: play, mute or solo. Play is the normal mode, mute silences particular tracks and solo focuses on certain tracks to the exclusion of the others.

After you've recorded your performance, CoCo MIDI Pro provides you with various editing functions. One function lets you perform punch in/out recording. You can also change the pitch, placement and length of any note. All the standard wordprocessor editing commands are available. With these commands you can insert or delete notes and MIDI events. All the standard block operations such as marking, copying, moving, saving and loading are also available. Other block functions transpose all the notes in a block or set limits on the velocity, pitch, channel assignment and note length. Again, more can be done in the editing mode, but I haven't the room to explain it all in this review.



CoCo MIDI Pro is menu-driven and easy to use. I had it up and running in minutes. Though the recording and playback procedures are simple, this is not to say editing is easy. You do not edit the music graphically, but rather as a sequence of events in a MIDI file. This is like trying to edit a text file by working on an ASCII dump instead of loading it into a word processor. So it would be difficult, at least for me, to sit down and write a musical score at the computer keyboard. Although I guess it can be done, it would be tedious. More likely, you would record a passage live then adjust and correct your score via the CoCo MIDI Pro software.

How does it sound? To answer that question remember that *CoCo MIDI Pro* does not record sounds, it records events. Therefore, you must have a synthesizer or MIDI instrument to play your recordings. To begin with, *CoCo MIDI Pro* divides a beat

into 240 "ticks." This translates into "what you play is what you get." Other similar products I've tried sound a bit off time. They have a tendency to move the real-time note to the nearest increment of time the software can record. The effect is similar to taking high-resolution graphics and displaying them on a low-resolution screen. They just don't look the same. The result with these other MIDI products is that they don't sound right. With 240 ticks-per-beat, however, CoCo MIDI Pro does not have this problem. My keyboard playing (mistakes included) was accurately reproduced by CoCo MIDI Pro. Playback was indistinguishable from the live performance.

CoCo MIDI Pro's documentation consists of a 46-page manual. The manual adequately describes all of the program's many features and contains a table of contents and index for easy referencing. My only criticism is that it goes on and on with few breaks in the text, except headings. A screen dump or picture here and there would help to lighten the reading.

Before you go ahead and order CoCo MIDI Pro you should know that all this power and capability has its price; \$150 to be exact. Remember, however, the price includes the MIDI hardware interface as well as the CoCo MIDI Pro software. I know of no similar product available for the CoCo 3 that equals CoCo MIDI Pro. The only enhancement I can imagine would be graphics editing. Graphics editing is a more familiar and natural method to musicians. Most second-generation sequencer software for other personal computers such as Amiga, Macintosh, Atari and IBM have that capability. If you are a musician, or own MIDI equipment, and have a CoCo 3, you'll want to get your hands on CoCo MIDI Pro. Hats off to author Lester Hands.

(MusicWare, Hamlet Route Box 1261, Seaside, OR 97138; 503-738-0119; \$150)

- Ernest F. Zore

Utility

CoCo 1, 2 & 3

# **Directory Library**

Directory Library is a utility program written for your CoCo 1, 2 or 3 with at least one disk drive. It supports single- or double-sided drives as well as multiple drives.

Directory Library lets you consolidate all of your disk directories into a single file to organize and manage your disk library. This makes it easy to locate the disk containing any particular program or data file you want. You can also make a hard copy of

the directories on your disks that can be cut out and slipped into the disk jacket. The author has wisely chosen to set the program up similar to a book library. The library contains shelves of books and each book contains a table of contents. Directory Library is the shelf, any disks are the books and their directories become the table of

> Directory Library lets you consolidate all of your disk directories into a single file.

contents. This theme is used throughout the program and makes it easier to understand the program's logic. In organizing your directory library, you may create as many shelf disks as you want. As "book" disks are added to the "shelf", they are assigned numbers that are like book titles. All you have to do is write a number on the disk, then at any time you can add, update, search, view or print any, or all, directories using the program. Furthermore, you can search your directory library for a single program or data file by its name and the program tells you what disk number it is on. Although OS-9 disk directories can't be read by Directory Library, a special name can be assigned to help you locate OS-9 disks in your library.

Directory Library is written in BASIC and is not copy-protected, so you can make a backup copy for your own protection. A six-page, easy-to-follow instruction booklet is included to get you up and running in a matter of minutes. To start the program, simply type RUN "L" and press ENTER. The date must be entered at the beginning of each session. The program defaults to 000000 if no date is entered, but this defeats one of the primary benefits of being able to see the date your program or file was last revised. A main menu is displayed that provides the various selections.

Directory Library is a good, solid utility

that does what it's supposed to. It goes about its task with no fuss or bother. I highly recommend the use of a printer to keep things nice and neat. Like any good disk cataloging program, this one also requires consistent use to be effective.

(Johnson Software, P.O. Box 92, Dayton, OH 45449; \$17.50 plus \$2 S/H)

- Robert Grav

Utility

CoCo 1, 2 & 3

# Picture Disk 1

Spruce up that sign, card or invitation. Add some artwork to a school, community or user's group newsletter, even if you can't draw a straight line with a ruler. If you have ever traced a transparency from a screen that looks like the artwork of a 2year-old, call clip art to the rescue.

Clip art is what someone else (usually an artist) creates, and you get the glory by simply pasting their pictures into your sign or document. Zebra Systems helps you complete your graphics needs with Picture Disk 1. The clip art on Disk 1 is grouped into four categories: People, School, Science 1 and Science 2. Each category contains 30 pictures for a total of 120 pictures in the package.

According to the manual, the artwork was designed by professional graphics designers. The files are in CoCo Graphics Designer (CGD) and CoCo Graphics Designer Plus (CGDP) format. The disk contains conversion utilities for generating CoCo Max, CoCo Max II, CoCo Max III and Max 10 formats. A disclaimer states that deciphering the file formats for Colorware products (the CoCo Max line) was accomplished independently without assistance from, or endorsement by, Colorware.

This package includes one disk, a printed manual and 15 pre-printed labels. These labels are used to mark the working disks you must create to use the clip art. To create working disks, place the original disk in Drive 0 and run MAKEWORK. During the process you are prompted to alternate between original and working disks. I suggest that Zebra take into account the possibility of systems with multiple drives. Nothing is more aggravating than paying a couple of hundred dollars for a second drive to make procedures like this easier and then having a program totally ignore the machine's resources.

Before running MAKEWORK, you must know which file format your graphics package uses. Depending on the destina-

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tion file format, you need a number of blank, formatted disks. For example, to create a working disk with files in the *CoCo Graphics Designer Plus* format, you need one disk. If you want to format for *CoCo Max III*, you'll need four disks. The manual includes a table that clearly indicates the number of disks you need for each case.

There is no longer any reason not to spice up that newsletter, card, invitation or sign.

From the menu in MAKEWORK, select the format for the working disks. When labeling the disks, check each pre-made label carefully before applying it — the labels are very similar. Also, even though the manual says you should label working disks as soon as they are made, I suggest you check the disks first — you wouldn't want to ruin such nice labels just because a disk is defective.

The manual provides specific directions for using the picture disk with each type of file format supported. I was unable to experiment with programs I do not own, but I read the instructions for their use.

I made a backup of the master disk and prepared four disks as working disks for the *Coco Max III* format. Each category was placed on a single disk, in three separate scrapbooks.

After running MAKEWORK, I received the message "Picture Disk. Place picture disk 1 into drive 0 then press any key." I replaced the disk with the blank disk and immediately received an NE error. I checked the indicated line number to find the program was trying to load a picture database. I ran MAKEWORK again, and on getting the Picture disk message I left the original Picture disk in. I then received a message to insert the working disk. It might be best to eliminate that first message or rephrase it. Of course, having the program use both of my disk drives would have eliminated this mistake.

As each clip-art piece is converted, it is generated on screen. This process takes approximately 21 minutes per category. The program indicates when to change disks and when the process is finished. I do not like it that MAKEWORK refuses to return control back to the user.

Once you have generated the clips in the correct file format, read the few paragraphs on how to incorporate the Zebra graphics into your program. Then start pasting.

The means through which you incorporate the clip art is a function of your graphics package, so I can only comment on the quality of the conversion. Since I do not own Zebra Systems' packages, or have access to them, I could only compare the conversion clips to examples in the manual. The cover had some examples of the clip art from each category. On pages 6 and 7 you find the Picture Disk 1 Quick Reference Sheet, a printout of all the graphics images and their names. The conversions were true to the samples in the manual. Despite the earlier disclaimer it seems Zebra has mastered the file conversion process.

I had no problem pasting various graphics into *CoCo Max III* and printing them. Once in *CoCo Max*, you can perform any of its functions on the clip art, including fatbit editing and filling them with colors and patterns. A sample of the pictures on *Picture Disk I* includes grads, teachers, students, doctors, dancers, babies, business people, speakers and families.

The School category contains personal hygiene pictures, toothpaste, soap, showers, combs. It also contains an eyechart, anti drugs and no smoking signs, fruit, books, pencils, clocks, the world, a map of the United States and a school bus.

Science 1 has addition charts, rulers, beakers, bunsen burners, test tube racks, scales, a benzene ring, an atom symbol, lungs, a cut-away section of the eye, a skull, DNA, a dissected frog, the heart, a magnet, a battery, a drawing of a circuit, Ohm's law, a voltage meter, an oscilloscope and a chemical bottle.

Science 2 contains a phone, clock, phonograph, light bulb, computer, prop plane, movie projector, calculator, Walkman, camera, TV, rocket, planets, thunderstorms, thermometer, pulley, gears, magnifying glass, microscope, convex and concave lenses, robot, comet and tornado.

My criticisms of *Picture Disk 1* are minor. I would like to see the MAKEWORK program use more than one drive if more than one is available. I feel the first message about inserting the Picture disk in Drive 0 after starting MAKEWORK from that disk is misleading and causes difficulties for the novice. Also, the cover of the manual depicts two graphics iamges, a diploma and a representation of forces, that are not included in the Quick Reference sheet or in the graphics files on disk. I also noticed

while saving the first scrapbook of Science 2 images, the message onscreen indicated the program was saving the Science 1 scrapbook to disk.

This product is directed toward children, teachers and parents who create newsletters. It would be very useful for school science newsletters, or the science club, since the clip art is heavily concentrated in this area. At \$14.95, it is a bargain (less than 13 cents per graphics image). Zebra Systems has produced a useful product. Since the package is called *Picture Disk 1*, it would seem that more clip art is forthcoming. There is no longer any reason not to spice up that newsletter, card, invitation or sign. Whether or not you draw well, you'll want to reach for *Picture Disk 1*.

(Zebra Systems, Inc., 121 S. Burrowes Street, State College, PA 16801; 814-237-2652; \$14.95)

- Kay Cornwell

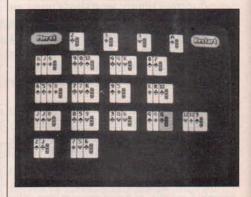
Game

CoCo 3

# La Belle Lucie

If you enjoy playing solitaire card games, this computerized creation is for you. I was impressed from the first time I ran it.

La Belle Lucie is a solitaire game that captures the look and feel of an actual game with playing cards. The game is set up with 52 cards placed face-up in overlapping trios. The cards are played in descending order within the same suit. The object of the game is to play all 52 cards on the four suit foundations in ascending order. This must



be accomplished in three deals. After the third deal, you are allowed to take a Merci, or one free card move, as a last chance to complete the goal. The cards are controlled with the joystick and fire button, which gives the feeling of actually handling the cards.

The game instructions are included on

# 

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the disk and can be called up at any point during play. I especially appreciate this as it eliminates the need to keep up with the instruction sheets.

La Belle Lucie features full-color graphics that are clear, crisp, easy to read and not abrasive to the eyes. The game is very quiet. There are no distracting sounds or noisy music. In fact, the only sound in the game is a beep, which is heard when you attempt an illegal move. The little reward picture shown following a winning hand might put a smile on your face.

The game has a minimum of internal packaging so as to be environmentally compatible. Rather than bubble-pack, which is common to most packaging, a sturdy cardboard package is used. This cardboard package can be recycled. I commend Eversoft's effort.

La Belle Lucie requires a CoCo 3 with 128K, a disk drive and a joystick or mouse. It can be used with either a TV or an RGB monitor.

(Eversoft, P.O. Box 3354, Arlington, WA 98223; 206-653-5263; \$14.95, plus \$2 S/H)

- Linda Manning

Utility CoCo 3

# COMERR

Many years ago when Color Computers were still silver and 32K was a lot of memory, I purchased an interesting card to go with my CoCo. This card was printed in many colors on a dark-gray background and folded something like a road map. It contained a myriad of wonderful facts about the Color Computer, including some answers to questions I wouldn't have thought to ask. Most important, however, was that it brought all that information together in one place when it was needed. A few years later, THE RAINBOW sent out with subscription renewals a large sheet that reprinted some of their best hints and tips, as well as some very short routines, all of which I keep prominently posted next to my computer desk.

David E. Chipps, of R.S. Research Associates has tried to re-create some of that convenience with his recent package called the *COMERR* series. It consists of three BASIC programs on a single disk. I shall deal with them in order of complexity.

The most simple is COMMANDS. 128, which lists 90 Color Computer 3 commands on the screen in alphabetical order. Press BREAK to bring up approximately 75 commands.

Each command is associated with a number that can be used to select a short, one-line description which appears below the menu. The descriptions are rather succinct and are generally taken directly from the standard Tandy BASIC and Disk Manuals. COMERR 1.128 is the same as COMMANDS, except it

La Belle Lucie features fullcolor graphics that are clear, crisp and easy to read.

includes a third screen with approximately 40 alphabetized errors and their corresponding codes. The commands appear on the second screen once you press BREAK.

I could not run the third program in the package, COMERR 1.512 since it requires Microcom's 512K BASIC disk boot, a rather rare memory utility I don't own. I haven't even been able to locate it in Microcom's advertisements in THE RAINBOW. I tried running COMERR 1.512 under DanoSoft's Big BASIC and wound up trashing my directory (a good reason for always making a backup!).

The documentation with COMERR is rather skimpy, despite the fact it contains the complete BASIC listings of all three programs. The actual instructions are printed on a single 6½-by-8½ sheet and are somewhat vague. The product, however, needs only a little push and it runs itself.

Perhaps I'm getting a little spoiled working as a programmer on huge mainframe computers at a large insurance company, but my idea of an online Help utility is more along the lines of a pull-down apparatus or a hot-key arrangement, not a stand-alone product. It seems in the time it takes to flip through the disk file to find COMERR and load and run it, I could thumb through the manual and find the same reference while the program I am working on is still on the screen. I do not mean to malign the product. It works quite well for its intended purpose, but perhaps the scope could be a bit broader. The price could certainly be lower. A \$25 tag is quite steep for a product that would be more at home as a submission to THE RAINBOW than as an offering in the highly competitive mailorder marketplace.

The author recommends using the product as a development tool. I accomplished this by placing most of the COMERR 1.128 package at the end of a program I was working on and leaving the ON BRK GOTO statement as Line 1. If you get stuck with an unusual error or stumped on syntax, press BREAK for a brief summary of what the manuals offer. Unfortunately, the approximate 5K available after COMERR is loaded isn't sufficient for any ambitious programming.

COMERR is a marginally useful family of programs offered at a price that should make the buyer think twice before ordering. Its limited capabilities do not justify the \$25 tag, unless you're the sort who can never find the manual when you need it. In any case, perhaps you should consider finding or making your own reference card (on cardboard).

(R.S. Research Associates, 479 S. River St., Wilkes-Barre, PA 18702, 717-822-7535; \$25)

- Fred Toon

Utility CoCo 1, 2 & 3

# Rainbow Indexes

Have you ever wanted to find information from an article you read in THE RAIN-BOW, but you can't remember which issue? Or thought of buying a program and wondered if it had been reviewed? To find this information, you break out your stack of THE RAINBOW anniversary issues and examine the indexes. Well, no more. With Rainbow Indexes, the needed information is just a few keystrokes away.

Rainbow Indexes comes on two disks and works with any Color Computer with a disk drive. The program includes a single instruction sheet that provides complete operating information. The disks contain six programs and two indexes. The programs are divided into three categories: CC3ART.BIN and CC12ART.BIN provide indexes to the articles; CC3RTD.BIN and CC12RTD.BIN provide indexes to the reviews and the RAINBOW ON TAPE/DISK contents; and PRTARTIC.BAS and PRTINDEX.BAS print the indexes via your printer.

CC3ART.BIN and CC12ART.BIN index all the articles that have been published in THE RAINBOW over the last 10 years. These articles are broken into 27 categories ranging from Assembly Language to Word Processing, One Liners, Hints and Questions



and Answers. Both programs start by displaying a menu of the categories. The CoCo 3 version displays all 27 at once, while the version for CoCo 1 and 2 shows them in three sections of nine each. To select a category, simply use the arrow keys to move the cursor onto the desired topic and press ENTER. The CoCo 3 version then displays the article titles on the screen 15 at a time. The entries are sorted by author and, within one author's articles, by title. The month, year and page number are also displayed. To find an article, scroll up and down with the arrow keys or press the first letter of the author's last name to jump straight to the top of that section. The CoCo 1 and 2 version works in much the same way, although it displays only two entries at a time.

The Reviews and Tape/Disk database works the same way. A menu allows you to select which of the 10 years of reviews or tape/disk programs you want to view. The reviews are sorted by product name and the tape/disk programs are sorted by filename. The review entries show the product name as well as the month, year and page number of the review. The program entries show the program name, a description and the month, year and page number. Finding a particular entry works the same way as for the articles.

The Print programs allow printing of the Article index by category and the Reviews and Tape/Disk index by year. Select the appropriate topic from the menu to print a hard copy.

I found these programs very easy to use. They certainly beat searching through old magazines. My only suggestion would be to include specific questions in the Questions and Answers section instead of just the column titles. Overall, I think this is an excellent set of programs and is well worth the price. If you find yourself constantly looking for articles or reviews in back issues of THE RAINBOW, these programs are for you.

(Rick's Computer Enterprise, P.O. Box 276, Liberty, KY 42539; 606-787-5783; \$10, \$2

- Robert Marsa

Utility

**OS-9** 

# Goodies Disk One

Utilities — some people hate them while others can't get enough. Goodies Disk One from The Warped Drive is a collection of 10 ready-to-run utilities. These utilities are written in BASIC09 and compiled to I-code. The package also includes all appropriate documentation. The utilities on this disk include:

ccount - provides a count of how many times a specific character appears in a file.

DriveSpeed - determines the time it takes to read one megabyte (by continuously reading the first 1024 bytes on the

Lyra, the ever popuplar music editor that lets you compose music using a mouse, is also available for the IBM PC. All the

music you make with the CoCo version is compatible with the PC version. Only \$37 for Lyra and the 100 page Lyra Companion.

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### Utilities

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## Communications

Warp - I

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media) from a device such as a floppy disk or hard drive. This is useful for finding the optimum interleave for hard drives.

Random — determines 10 random numbers within a specified range.

Chown—changes the ownership of files.

FPark—parks the drive head of a floppy device.

SetUID — sets the user ID number of an OS-9 process.

CoinToss — simulates a coin toss.

GetID — reports the user number of a process.

Colors — allows you to determine suitable colors for a color monitor. (Level II only.)

Median — calculates the mean and the median for a set of numbers.

These utilities offer something for everyone. The color utility operates only on a CoCo 3 with Level II, but the remainder of the utilities work on OS-9 Level I or II. Also included on the disk is the BASICO9 source code for each utility. The disk incorporates the convenience of a ready-to-run utility as well as a source of good programming techniques. Even if utilities are not your main interest, the educational value of this disk makes it an irresistible temptation. And considering the price, you can't possibly go wrong with this purchase.

(The Warped Drive, 54 Martindale Dr., NE, Calgary, AB T3J 2V4 Canada; \$12, \$14 CDN)

- Donald D. Dollberg

Utility

CoCo 1, 2 & 3

# Mixed Blessings

Mixed Blessings is a collection of 23 programs that run the gamut from a font demo to a CoCo security system. There is also a sprinkling of games, music and graphics thrown in for good measure. No matter what your computer interests, chances are you'll find something that captures your attention.

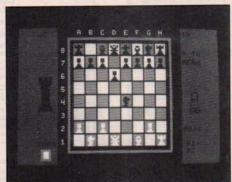
Shorties is a group of one and two liners that, among other things, draws a polygon of any number of sides, converts a number to any base and has a text-screen game in which the object is to avoid running into obstacles. If you are a long-time reader of THE RAINBOW, you may have seen derivations of these same programs over the years. Now you have a handful of such programs in one neat package.

Show me a computer user who says he never plays computer games and I'll show

you someone who lies about other things as well. Saturn's Rings is a poor-man's version of Asteroids in which your space vehicle can blast the boulders in only one direction. It does, however, have the added feature of refueling at stations conveniently placed among the boulders. Robot vs. the Fatal Computer is a shoot-everything-until-nothing-is-left game. The premise is to

Mixed Blessings is a collection of 23 programs that run the gamut from a font demo to a CoCo security system.

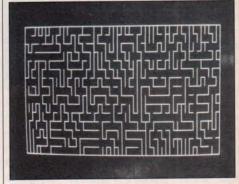
destroy the rogue computer's brain as it drops bombs on you. Talk about being user-unfriendly. Turmoil is a text-screen arcade game with a graphics-screen teaser. You are shown a Hi-Res graphics screen with three spinning dials and asked to press the 1-2-3 keys to stop the dials from spinning. Although well done, this sequence struck me as having no direct relationship to the game. However, the dials determine which room your player is sent to - one of nine randomly selected rooms. Each room offers a different challenge in either getting to the other side, avoiding obstacles, collecting objects or answering riddles. Chessboard is a two-player chess game that, among other things, checks for illegal moves.



For more serious users Mempeek is a program that lets you explore the CoCo's ROM. Screenmaster allows for the creation of up to 24 Lo-Res graphics screens which can be stored in the PMODE graphics area. There is also a Selective Backup and a Disk Auto Copy. The Selective Backup copies only those sectors with data and skips over

the blank sectors. Disk Auto Copy copies the entire disk.

Mailing Inventory allows you to store up to 500 names and addresses on one disk. For those who like and use macros there is Macro Masterpiece, a program designed to help you memorize macros through a small printout and a quiz to become more proficient in their use. Security System is a program that can detect movement through



the right joystick or a light pen. To scare a prowler it can flash a red screen as well as turn on a tape recorder with a pre-recorded message or siren.

For graphics buffs there is a demo called *Fourlord Demo*. This demo draws graphics screens to show the power of M/L routines, such as scrolling up, down, left and right, reversing colors or turning the image upside down. *Fourlord Demo* is a good display of the CoCo's power.

The best program and, perhaps, the reason to get this package of programs is *Mazemaker II*. This program generates an infinite number of random mazes with 11 levels of difficulty. It checks to see if the maze is solvable. The user can then save it, try to get through it or edit it for increased or decreased difficulty. *Mazemaker III* uses the CoCo 3's Hi-Res screen, but cannot check solvability on Level 11. The program is available on both disk and tape and provides a dump, but only for the DMP-105 and compatibles.

Space does not allow me to list everything on the disk. The package comes with eight pages of documentation and instructions, with the highlights of each program. There is even a list of useful peeks and pokes printed on one of the pages.

A few of these programs work only on a CoCo 3, but most work on any CoCo with Extended BASIC and at least 32K. Those using a CoCo 3 may find that some programs disable the automatic HCLS feature. To restore it, enter POKE 59078,141.

(John Friedrich, Grove City College, Box 1877, Grove City, PA 16127; 412-458-3088 or 412-224-4194; \$12.95)

- George Aftamonow



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# Received and Certified

The following products have recently been received by THE RAINBOW, examined by our magazine staff and issued the Rainbow Seal of Certification, your assurance that we have seen the product and have ascertained that it is what it purports to be.

Baseball Stats, a database that allows you to keep track of your favorite teams by year, game number and individual players. Files can be continually updated and games may be entered in any order. All files can be edited, saved and reloaded. Special features include the presentation of game, team and seasonal scores, automatic computation of hitting and pitching statistics and the options for making printouts of individual player stats. Trading Post, P.O. Box 3453, Carbondale, IL 62902-3453; (618) 457-5258; \$39.95 plus \$3 S/H.

BASIC Windows Version 2.0, a machine-language program for the 512K CoCo 3 designed to create four working windows under Disk BASIC. KB Enterprises, 435 Brightwaters Drive, Cocoa Beach, FL 32931; (407) 799-3253; \$34.95 plus \$3 S/H.

Envelope Writer, For daisy-wheel printers. Prints mailing and return addresses directly on the envelope. Owners of dot-matrix printers can use this program in conjunction with specially prepared tractor feed envelopes. Customize fonts for use with Tandy printers. Requires 16K CoCo 1, 2 or 3 and Tandy or similar printer. Trading Post, P.O. Box 3453, Carbondale, IL 62902-3453; (618) 457-5258; \$19.95 plus \$3 S/H.

CoCo Cassette #99, a monthly variety package of 10 different programs. This month's product includes a Morse code tutor, four games, a non-graphics biblical adventure, an alphabet tile sliding puzzle, a business proposal writer, a business contact database, and a program for organizing your ideas. Instructions for last month's Maze Master 3 and the missing files for Wizard's Den are included. T&D Software, 2490 Miles Standish Dr., Holland, MI 49424; (616) 399-9468; \$8 each, \$70 for a one-year subscription.

**KJV** on Disk #16, the book of II Chronicles from the King James version of the Bible,

in ASCII files for the CoCo 1, 2 and 3. Word processor or text editor is recommended for viewing the files. Requires at least 32K and one disk drive. BDS Software, P.O. Box 485, Glenview, IL 60025-0485; \$3.

OS-9/68000 Microware BASIC Version 2.3, a version of BASIC for Motorola 68000 systems running OSK. It is source-code compatible with BASIC09 for the 6809 and supports all of the keywords available in the OS-9/6809 version (except calls to gfx and gfx2, which are not supplied). Microware BASIC supports from 4K to nearly 16 megabytes of memory for its workspace. Microware Systems Corporation, 1900 N.W. 114th Street, Des Moines, 1A 50322; (515) 224-1929; \$500 plus \$5 S/H.

Michael Milazzo Mystical Data, cassette tape of original music by Michael Milazzo, performed with CoCo Midi 3/Pro. Songs include "Lunar," "Dragonslair," "Equinox," "Renaissance," "Excursion," "Roundtable," "Moondrone," "Midnight Frost" and "Into the Light." Rulaford Research, P.O. Box 530328, San Diego, CA 92153; (619) 690-1181; \$9.95.

**DSDISK#1**, four shareware programs requiring 32K ECB and a disk drive. *Karate* 

Lesson #1 is a graphics program for testing response time against two opponents. 3D Function Plot lets you plot 3D graphics. There are demos displaying 3D animation. The last program is a CoCo 2 bouncing-ball demo. All machine-language subroutines on DSDISK#1 are hand-written in 6809 machine code, without using any assemblers, for maximum speed and efficiency. David Sham, 1155 E. 33rd Ave, Vancouver, B.C., Canada V5V 3B4; \$12 US plus \$3 US S/H.

Notebook, a general-purpose database generator and file/data management program to keep direct access records for practically any information you desire. Keep, maintain, view, and print your Notebook data diskette directories as well as your file information. Keeps records of family information (birthdays, phone numbers, anniversaries, etc.), video tapes, cooking recipes, personal diary, etc. Notebook runs on a CoCo 1, 2 or 3 with single or multiple disk drives and works with any printer. It also comes with a database of Table of Contents of Product Reviews from the 1990 series of Rainbow magazines. Johnson Software, P.O. Box 92, Dayton, OH 45449; (513) 866-2601; \$23.95 plus \$2.50 S/H.

•

First product received from this company

The Seal of Certification is open to all manufacturers of products for the Tandy Color Computer, regardless of whether they advertise in THE RAINBOW.

By awarding a *Seal*, the magazine certifies the program does *exist*—that we have examined it and have a sample copy—but this *does not* constitute any guarantee of satisfaction. As soon as possible, these hardware or software items will be forwarded to THE RAINBOW reviewers for evaluation.



by Mark Webb

# No pub, no ale; just don't hit the bull's tail

had never seen a darts game designed specifically for the CoCo, so I reviewed my high school trigonometry to produce one. *Darts* is designed to run on a CoCo 3 with an RGB monitor.

The game begins with the title screen. Press any key to start the game. The computer draws the game screen and you are given a choice of playing either 501 or Tactics.

With 501, your score starts at 501. Subtract the shots hit on the board from this until your score reaches exactly zero. Your last shot must be a double, that is you have to double out. If you go below zero, just press ENTER to pass. It's up to you to count your score on the dart board and accurately enter it.

In Tactics, the scoreboard is drawn differently, and you are provided with a list of targets to hit. You must get three of each target and the most points to win this round. Once you have three of any specific target, future hits on that target add points to your score, unless the other player also has three of that tar-

Mark Webb is an outdoor enthusiast whose activities include hiking in the mountains, water skiing, trailblazing and fishing. He can be contacted at Box 793, Gold River, BC, Canada VOP 1GO. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.



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get. To enter your score, with the arrow go to the bottom where the number is and press ENTER. Type in the amount of your score and press ENTER. Enter your score carefully, the computer won't verify your entries on the board. After entering your score, press the right arrow to change players.

**Dart Throwing 101** 

When the Ready message appears at the bottom of the screen, you can throw a dart

or quit the game. To throw a dart, look at the graph on the two sides of the dart board. Press F2 to start the cursor on the bottom graph moving. Press F2 again when the arrow reaches the horizontal position you want. Immediately a second bar starts moving up. Again press F2 to stop this bar in the desired location. The dart will hit approximately at the point where these two lines intersect on the dart board. If the bar on either graph goes all the way to the end

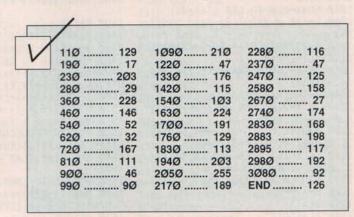
of it, your throw is cancelled and you must try again.

The games don't end automatically. When the game is over, press Q to quit. You have the option to continue play or quit the game. If you choose to quit, you'll see another prompt asking if you want to play again.

I hope you have fun with Darts.

CoCo 3





### The Listing: DARTS

10 'DARTS 15 'WRITTEN BY MARK WEBB 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991 25 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 30 40 ' 50 CLEAR1000 7Ø POKE65497, Ø 80 DIM QV(20), X, Y, Z, A, B, R, S, F, Q. Al.HV,C,D,E,RA,Y1,Z1,L,M,G,H,DT. B1,TK(12),H1\$,H2\$,H3\$,P(2,12),DL (3,3),PF(2,2) 90 HSCREEN2 100 GOT03000 110 HCLSØ:PALETTEØ.4:POKE&HFF9A. 120 PLAY"T255L255V31":HCOLOR4.0 130 DATA 58,36,16,35,53,9,31,63, 7.51.0.44.58.36.16 140 FORX=1 TO 15: READA: PALETTEX, A: NEXT 150 DATA 3,17,2,15,10,6,13,4,18, .20.5.12.9.14.11.8,16.7.19 160 FORX=1 TO 20:READQV(X):NEXTX 170 FORX=1 TO 4:HBUFFX.1020:NEXT 180 HBUFF 5,155:HBUFF6,155:HBUFF 7.10:HBUFF8,10:HBUFF9,10:HBUFF10 10:HBUFF11,3435 190 H1\$="BM+14.0;U8H1U2NE2BR3NE2 BL3H1U1H6U1H1U1H1U3E1BR1R1BL2U1E 1U1E2U1R1U1E4R1E1R2D2G1ND3G3D1G1 L1G1D1G1E1U1E1R1E1U1R3F1G3D1G1BL

IL1BR2E1U1E3R1E1R1F1D1G1D1G2D1BL

1L1BR2U1E4R1F1D3G1D1G1L1R1D3F1D5

G1D1F1D2F1D2F1D1F1D2F1D2NL13BL8"

195 H1\$-H1\$+"BU18U4BL4D2F1D1F1BL

220 HDRAW"BMØ, 155; C4; XH1\$; ": HPAI

4H1U1H1U1H2"

NT(18,145),5,4 210 HDRAW"BMØ.124;C6;R2E1NL2E1NL 2E1NL2E1R1L3BU2NR3H1NR2H1NR2H1NR 2H1NR2BM+5.+5:C8;R5BR7NR9;C7;E1R 3BD2L4BL8L1BU2R3" 220 HGET(0,111)-(42,156),1:HLINE (0,156)-(42,111),PRESET,BF 230 H2\$="BR12U6E1U11H1U1H1U2H1U3 H1U2E6R1E2R1E1R2E1R2F1D1G1L1G2L2 G2L1G3BL1L1BR2E1NF1E2R1E2R2F2G2L 1G2E2R1E2R1U3D3R2D1G1D1G3NF1E3R1 U1R2F1D1G1D1G1D1G2D3G1D3G1D15NL1 2;BM-10,-26;F1D2F1D2BR3U5BR5BD1D 1G1D1G1D1" 240 HDRAW"BM0,155;C4;XH2\$;":HPAI NT(17.150).5.4 25Ø HDRAW"BM8,113;C6;NR2F1NR2F1N R2F1R3BD2L3G1NR2G1NR2G1NR2BM+4.-4:C8:R5;BR1ØNR8U1C7NR3BD2NR3L1BL 10L1BU2R4" 260 HGET(0,111)-(42,156),2:HLINE (0,156)-(42,111), PRESET, BF 270 H3\$="BR14U6E1U2E1U3E1U5H1U3H 1U3H1U4E2R1E3R1E1R1E1R2E1R5D1G2L 2G2L2G2L1G1E1R1E2R2E1F2NU2D1G1L1 G1L1G1E1R1E1R1E2R1F1D1G5E5D1R2D3 G3D1G1D1G1D4G1D1G1H2L1H1F1R1F2D5 G1D8NL12BM-8,-27;F1D4BR3U5BR5BD2 280 HDRAW"BM0,155;C4;XH3\$;":HPAI NT(17,150),5.4 290 HGET(0,111)-(42,156).4 300 HDRAW"BM12,113;C6;NR2F1NR2F1 NR2F1R3BD2L3G1NR2G1NR2G1NR2BM+4, -4:C8:R5BR11NR8E1C7NR3BG2NR5BL12

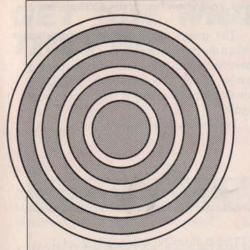
310 HGET(0,111)-(42,156),3:HLINE

(Ø,111)-(42,156),PRESET,BF 320 HDRAW"BM1,1;C6;NR2F1NR2F1NR2

U1BU1R4"

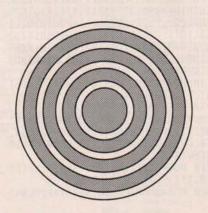
F1R3BD2L3G1NR2G1NR2G1R2BM+2,-4;C 8:R27L6BUC7:NL18BD2L18" 33Ø HGET(1,1)-(32,9),5:HLINE(0,0 )-(32.9), PRESET, BF 340 HGET(1,1)-(32,9).6 35Ø HCOLOR9:HLINE(Ø,24)-(24,0).P SET:HLINE(0,48)-(48,0), PSET 360 HLINE(271,0)-(319,48), PSET:H LINE(295,0)-(319,24), PSET 370 HPAINT(8,24),6,9:HPAINT(280, 4).6.9 380 FORX-1 TO 300 390 Z=RND(48):Y=RND(48) 400 IF HPOINT(Z,Y)=6 THEN HSET(Z ,Y,9) 410 IF HPOINT(319-Z,Y)=6 THEN HS ET(319-Z.Y.9) 420 NEXT 430 HSET(32,8,3):HPAINT(32,8),11 440 HSET(280.6.3):HPAINT(280.6). 11,9 450 HCOLOR9:HLINE(0,0)-(319,191) . PSET. B 460 HLINE(0.167)-(104,171), PSET, 470 FORX=20 TO 100 STEP20:HLINE( X,171)-(X,191), PSET: HPAINT(X-2,1 73).11.9:NEXT 48Ø FORX-1 TO 100 490 A=RND(99):B=170+RND(20):IFHP OINT(A,B)-11 THEN HSET(A,B,4) EL SE490 500 NEXT 510 HCOLOR12: HLINE(168, 176) - (280 .176).PSET:HLINE-(280,56).PSET 520 FORX=168 TO 280 STEP6:HLINE( X,176)-(X,173), PSET: NEXT 530 FORX=176 TO 56 STEP-6:HLINE( 277,X)-(28Ø,X),PSET:NEXT 540 HCOLOR3: HLINE(90.6) - (111.15) .PSET.BF:HGET(101.8)-(102,12),7: HGET(100,12)-(104,13),9:HCOLOR0: HLINE(90,6)-(111,15),PSET,BF 550 HDRAW"BM216,63;C12;NR3U4R3U3 L3BR5R2D7L2U7" 560 HDRAW"BM249,160:NR3U3R3U4L3" 570 HDRAW"BM219,170;R3U4NL2U3L3" :HDRAW"BM232,168:R3L1U7D1NL1U1BR 4R2D7" 580 HDRAW"BM259,148;R3L1U6D1NL1U 1BR3NR3D3R3D3L3" 590 HDRAW"BM267,132;R3L1U6D1NL1U 1BR3R3D6L3U6" 600 HDRAW"BM270,115:R4U3L4ND2U2R 610 HDRAW"BM265,99;R3L1U6D1NL1U1

BR3R3D3NL2D3L3"



620 HDRAW"BM260.86; BR4U6D3NR1L4U 630 HDRAW"BM247,71;R3L1U7D1NL1U1 BR3R3D4NL2D3L3U7" 640 HDRAW"BM201.66;R3U4L3U3R3" 650 HDRAW"BM182.75; R3L1U7D1NL1U1 BR3R3D4L3D3R3" 66Ø HDRAW"BM175.85;BR3U7L3D4R3" 67Ø HDRAW"BM165,100;R3L1U7D1NL1U 1BR3D4R3L1NU4D3" 680 HDRAW"BM162,116;R3L1U7D1NL1U 1BR4D1NL1D6L1R2" 69Ø HDRAW"BM235,66:R3L1U7D1NL1" 700 HDRAW"BM171,146;R3L1U7D1NL1U 1BR3D7R3U3L2" 710 HDRAW"BM188,160;U7L3" 720 HDRAW"BM203,167;U6D1NL1D5L1R 2BR4U6L3D2R2" 73Ø HDRAW"BM168,132;R3U3NL3U4L3D 740 HCOLOR14: HLINE(71,55)-(152,1 60), PSET, B: HCOLOR15: HLINE(72,56) (151,159), PSET, BF 75Ø PF(1,1)=2:PF(2,1)=2:PF(2,2)= 501:PF(1,2)-501 760 AM\$-RIGHT\$(AM\$,X) 770 HCIRCLE(306,113),9,1,6 780 HCIRCLE(310,113),9,1,6,.75,. 25 790 HPAINT(307,112),3,1:HCIRCLE( 306,113),2,2,3 800 HCIRCLE(306.113),6.1,6:HPAIN T(317,113),1,1 810 'MAIN CIRCLE 820 A=220:B=113:C=13:D=14:E=15 830 HCIRCLE(A,B),48,C:HPAINT(A,B ), E, C 840 HCIRCLE(A,B),44,C:HCIRCLE(A, B),30,C 850 HCIRCLE(A,B),26,C:HCIRCLE(A. B).6.C 860 FORX-10 TO 370 STEP18 870 RA-X/57.29577951:Y-A+SIN(RA) \*47:Z=B+COS(RA)\*47 880 HCOLORC: HLINE(A,B)-(Y,Z), PSE 890 NEXTX 900 HCOLORD: HCIRCLE(A,B),7,D:HCI RCLE(A,B),6,D:HCIRCLE(A,B),5,D:H LINE(A-1,B-1)-(A+1,B+1), PSET, BF: HCIRCLE(A,B),8,C 910 HCIRCLE(A.B).8.C 920 'MAIN CIRCLE PAINTS

950 RA=(X+18)/57.29577951:Y1=A+S IN(RA)\*31:Z1=B+COS(RA)\*31 960 HPAINT(Y.Z).D.C:HPAINT(Y1,Z1 ).D.C 97Ø RA-X/57.29577951:Y-A+SIN(RA) \*27:Z=B+COS(RA)\*27:HPAINT(Y,Z),D 98Ø RA=(X+18)/57.29577951:Y=A+SI N(RA)\*23:Z=B+COS(RA)\*23:HPAINT(Y ,Z),D,C 990 NEXT 1000 GOT01270 1010 'DART ARC EQUATIONS 1020 FORX=12 TO 15:PALETTEX, 4:NE 1030 K=((176-B)/120)/30:L=0:M=0: GOSUB1190 1040 FORX=210 TO 150 STEP-4 1050 L=L+K:M=M+2.7:RA=X/57.29577 951 1060 A=230\*SIN(RA)+170:B=(230\*CO S(RA)\*L)+122+M 1070 IF X=150 THENA=A-(((276-A1) (4.9)\*2)/2-11080 A=INT(A/2)\*2+1 1090 IF X-210 THEN G-A:H-B:HGET( A.B)-(A+31.B+8).61100 HPUT(G,H)-(G+31,H+8),6,PSET 1110 HGET(A,B)-(A+31,B+8),6 1120 IF X<157 THEN HPUT(A,B)-(A+ 31.B+8).5.OR:GOTO1140 1130 HPUT(A.B)-(A+31.B+8).5, PSET 1140 G-A:H-B 1150 NEXTX 1160 PLAY"01C" 1170 PALETTE12,44: PALETTE13,58: P ALETTE14,36:PALETTE15,16 118Ø RETURN 1190 'HAND ANIMATE SUB 1200 FORHV=3 TO 1 STEP-1 1210 HPUT(2,121)-(44,166), HV, PSE 1220 NEXT 123Ø FORHV=1 TO 4 1240 HPUT(2,121)-(44,166), HV, PSE 125Ø NEXT 1260 RETURN 1270 'MAIN LOOP 128Ø HGET(262,5Ø)-(313,176),11:P T=1:DT=1:AP=6:GOSUB1860 1290 GOSUB1370: GRAPH ROUTINE 1300 GOSUB1020: 'HAND & DART ARC EQUATONS 1310 GOSUB1580: 'CALCULATE RADIUS & ANGLE 1320 DT-DT+1: IFDT-4 THEN HPUT(26 2,50)-(313,176),11,PSET:GOTO1340 133Ø GOT0129Ø 1340 IF FL=77 THEN GOSUB 2160 EL



SE GOSUB2600 1350 IF PT=1 THEN PT=2 ELSE PT=1 136Ø DT-1:GOT0129Ø 1370 'GRAPH SUB 1380 HCOLOR6,0:HPRINT(14,23),"RE ADY. .USE F2 KEY" 1385 I\$-INKEY\$ IFPEEK(344)=191THEN1400 1390 1392 IFI\$="0" THENGOSUB2830 1395 GOTO1385 1400 HCOLORO: HPRINT(14.23). "READ .USE F2 KEY":SOUND233,2 1410 FOR X=170 TO 275 STEP 2 1420 HGET(X,171)-(X+1,175),8:HPU T(X,171)-(X+1,175),7,PSET 1430 IF PEEK(344)=191 THEN 1470 1440 HPUT(X,171)-(X+1,175),8,PSE 1450 NEXTX 1460 PLAY"01CCCGCCC":GOT01380 147Ø A-X:A1-X:SOUND122.3 1480 FORY=176 TO 56 STEP-2 149Ø HGET(275,Y-1)-(279,Y),10:HP UT(275,Y-1)-(279,Y),9,PSET 1500 IF PEEK(344)=191 THEN 1540 1510 HPUT(275.Y-1)-(279.Y),10 1520 NEXTY 1530 PLAY"O1CCCDCCDDCCD": HPUT(A, 171)-(A+1,175),8,PSET:GOTO1370 1540 B=Y:B1=Y:PLAY"03D02D03E02E0 3F02F" 1550 FORZ=1 TO 1000:NEXTZ 1560 HPUT(A,171)-(A+1,175),8,PSE T:HPUT(275,B-1)-(279,B),10,PSET 1570 RETURN 1580 'DART LOCATION HIT CALCULAT 1590 IF A1-220 AND B1-113 THEN 1 720 1600 IF A1>220 THEN A-A1-220 ELS E A=220-A1 1610 IF B1>113 THEN B-B1-113 ELS E B=113-B1 162Ø R=SQR((A\*A)+(B\*B)):F=57.295 77951:S=B/R 1630 IF A1>220 AND B1=113 THEN A -90/F:GOT01710 1640 IF A1-220 AND B1<113 THEN A -179/F:GOT01710 1650 IF A1<220 AND B1=113 THEN A -270/F:GOT01710 1660 IF A1-220 AND B1>113 THEN A -359/F:GOT01710 1670 IF A1>220 AND B1<113 THEN A -ATN(S/SQR(-S\*S+1))+90/F:GOT0171 1680 IF A1<220 AND B1<113 THEN A =(270/F)-ATN(S/SQR(-S\*S+1)):GOTO 1710 1690 IF A1>220 AND B1>113 THEN A -(90/F)-ATN(S/SQR(-S\*S+1)):GOT01 710 1700 IF A1<220 AND B1>113 THEN A -(270/F)+ATN(S/SQR(-S\*S+1)) 1710 Q=INT(((A\*F)+10)/18)+1:IFQ= 21 THENQ=1 1720 'DART TEXT HIT 1730 C-HPOINT(A1,B1):HCOLOR6:DL( DT.1)-A1:DL(DT.2)-B1:DL(DT.3)-C 1740 IFC-0 OR C-12 THEN HPRINT(1 7,23), "YOU MISSED THE BOARD": SOU ND100.1:GOT01810 1750 IF C=13 THEN HPRINT(20,23) "YOU HIT THE WIRE": PLAY"04GG": HP UT(G.H)-(G+31,H+8),6,PSET:GOT018 10

940 RA=X/57.29577951:Y=A+SIN(RA)

930 FORX=33 TO 393 STEP36

\*45:Z=B+COS(RA)\*45

1760 IF R<3 AND C=14 THEN HPRINT (15,23),"YOU GOT A \*\*\*BULLSEYE\*\*
\*":PLAY"T16L404CP8EP8GT255":GOTO 1770 IF R<8 AND R>2 THEN HPRINT( 16.23), "YOU HIT DOUBLE BULLSEYE" :GOT01810 1780 IF R>26 AND R<30 THEN A\$="Y OU HIT TRIPLE"+STR\$(QV(Q)):HPRIN T(20,23),A\$:GOTO1810 1790 IF R<48 AND R>44 THEN A\$="Y OU HIT DOUBLE"+STR\$(QV(Q)):HPRIN T(20.23).A\$:GOTO1810 1800 A\$="YOU HIT "+STR\$(QV(Q)):H PRINT(20,23),A\$ 1810 SOUND1,1:I\$-INKEY\$:CT-0 1820 HSET(A1,B1,RND(15)):FORZ-1T 020:NEXTZ:HSET(A1,B1,C):CT=CT+1: IF CT=55 THEN1840 1830 I\$-INKEY\$: IFI\$-""THEN1820 1840 HCOLORØ: HLINE(104,183)-(318 .190), PSET, BF 1850 RETURN 1860 'GAME SELECT & SCORE SETUP SUB 1870 HCOLOR6, 0: HPRINT(13, 23), "CH OOSE: A-TACTICS OR B-501" 1880 I\$-INKEY\$ 1890 I = INKEY \$: IF I = ""THEN 1890 1900 HLINE(102,182)-(318,190),PR ESET.BF:SOUND180,1:HCOLOR13,0 1910 IF I\$="B" THEN 2110 1920 IF I\$<>"A" THEN1870 1930 FORY-63 TO 151 STEP8:HLINE( 72.Y)-(151.Y), PSET: NEXTY 1940 HLINE(80,63)-(88,151), PSET. B:HLINE(98,64)-(98,159), PSET 1950 HLINE(136,63)-(144,151), PSE T.B:HLINE(126,64)-(126,159), PSET 1960 HCOLOR12: HPRINT(9.7)."\*TACT ICKS\*":FL=77 1970 I\$="BLTRDB20":TK(4)=20:TK(5 )=RND(19)1980 FORX-6 TO 12 1990 Z-RND(19) 2000 FORY-5 TO X-1 2010 IF Z=TK(Y) THEN1990 2020 NEXTY 2030 TK(X)-Z 2040 IF Z<10 THEN I\$=I\$+"0"+RIGH T\$(STR\$(Z),1) ELSE I\$=I\$+RIGHT\$( STR\$(Z),2) 2050 NEXTX 2060 I\$-I\$+"TT" 2070 FORX-1 TO 23 STEP2 2080 HPRINT(13,7+(X+1)/2),MID\$(I \$, X, 2) 2090 NEXTX 2100 GOTO2150 2110 HLINE(72,63)-(151,63), PSET: HLINE(112,63)-(112,159), PSET 2120 HPRINT(9,7), "\*\*\*501\*\*\*": FL

2130 HCOLOR12: HPRINT(10,8),"501"

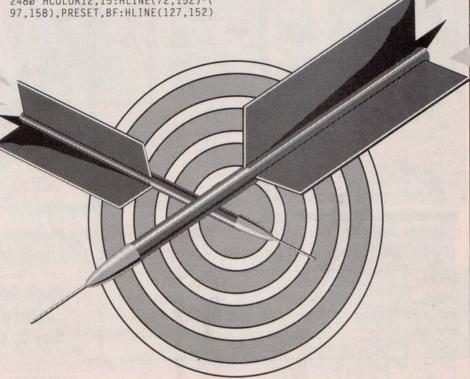
2160 'ARROW FOR DART SCOREBOARD 2170 FORX-1 TO 3:HSET(DL(X,1),DL (X,2),10):SOUND60\*X,1:NEXTX 2180 IF PT-1 THEN X-62 ELSE X-15 4 2190 S\$(1)="R7NH3G3":S\$(2)="NE3N

:HPRINT(15,8),"501"

-33

2140 ' 2150 RETURN F3R7":G0T0228Ø 2200 I\$-INKEY\$ 2210 PALETTE10, RND(63): FORZ=1 TO 66: NEXTZ: PALETTE10.4 2220 IF I\$=CHR\$(9) THEN 2450 2230 IFI\$=""THEN2200 2240 HCOLORØ: HDRAW"XB\$;" 2250 IF I\$-CHR\$(94) AND AP>1 THE N AP-AP-1:PLAY"02FF":G0T02280 2260 IF I\$-CHR\$(10) AND AP<12 TH EN AP-AP+1:PLAY"02FF":GOT02280 2270 IF I\$=CHR\$(13) THEN 2310 228Ø HCOLORIØ 2290 B\$="BM"+STR\$(X)+","+STR\$((( AP+7)\*8)+2)+";"+S\$(PT):HDRAW"XB\$ 2300 GOT02200 2310 IF AP=12 THEN 2360 2320 IF P(PT,AP)<3 THEN P(PT,AP) =P(PT.AP)+1:GOSUB2470:GOTO2180 233Ø HPRINT(14,23), "INVALID CHOI CE!!!" 2340 FORZ=1 TO 5:PLAY"02GB04BGBG O2BG": NEXTZ 2350 HCOLORØ: HPRINT(14,23), "INVA LID CHOICE!!!":GOTO2180 236Ø HCOLOR6: HPRINT(14,23), "AMOU NT?": AM\$="" 2370 I\$-INKEY\$:IFI\$-""THEN2370 2380 IF I\$=CHR\$(13) THEN2410 2390 IF I\$=CHR\$(8) THEN HCOLORØ: HPRINT(22,23), AM\$: GOTO2360 2400 AM\$=AM\$+I\$:HPRINT(22,23),AM \$:GOT02370 2410 AM-VAL(AM\$) 2420 PLAY"01C02D03E04F05G":P(PT. 12)=P(PT,12)+AM 2430 GOSUB2470: HCOLORO: HLINE(104 .184)-(296,190), PSET, BF 2440 GOTO2180 245Ø FORX=1 TO 3:HSET(DL(X,1).DL (X.2).DL(X,3)):NEXTX:HCOLORØ:HDR AW"XB\$:" 2460 RETURN 2470 'UPDATE TACTICS SCORE 2480 HCOLOR12, 15: HLINE(72, 152) - ( 97,158), PRESET, BF: HLINE(127,152)

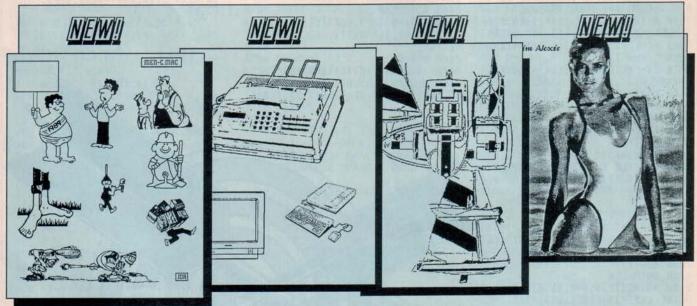
-(151.158).PRESET.BF 2490 FORW-1 TO 2 2500 FORX-1 TO 11 2510 IF P(W.X)=0 THEN2530 2520 A\$=STRING\$(P(W,X),"\*"):HPRI NT(9+(W-1)\*7.7+X).A\$253Ø NEXTX 2540 A\$=STR\$(P(W,12)):A=LEN(A\$)-1:A\$=RIGHT\$(A\$.A) 2550 IF LEN(A\$)<3 THEN A\$="0"+A\$ :GOT02550 256Ø HPRINT(9+(W-1)\*7,19).A\$ 2570 NEXTW 258Ø PLAY"03CFFFFF": HCOLORØ: HDRA W"XB\$:" 2590 RETURN 2600 '501 SCORE UPDATE 261Ø FORX=1 TO 3:HSET(DL(X,1),DL (X,2),10):SOUND62\*X,1:NEXTX 2620 HCOLOR6.0: HPRINT(14.23), "AM OUNT?": AM\$="" 2630 I\$=INKEY\$:PALETTE10,RND(63) :IFI\$=""THEN2630 2640 IF I\$-CHR\$(13) THEN2680 2650 IF I\$=CHR\$(8) THEN HCOLORØ: HPRINT(22,23),AM\$:GOTO2620 266Ø AM\$=AM\$+I\$:HPRINT(22,23),AM \$:GOT02630 2670 IF PF(PT.2)<0 THEN PF(PT.2) =PF(PT,2)+AM:AM=0:AM\$="0":SOUND1 82.2:SOUND47.1 268Ø IF AM\$="" OR VAL(AM\$)=Ø THE N HCOLORØ: HLINE(110,184)-(250,19 Ø), PSET, BF: GOTO2810 2690 AM-VAL(AM\$):PLAY"01CC02DD03 EEO4FF05GG":PF(PT,2)=PF(PT,2)-AM 2700 IF LEN(AM\$)<3 THEN AM\$=" "+ AM\$:GOT02700 2710 HLINE(110,184)-(250,190),PR ESET, BF



272Ø HCOLOR12.15:HPRINT(10+(PT-1 )\*5.PF(PT,1)+7).AM\$:IFPF(PT,1)=1 THEN2800 2730 X=76+(PT-1)\*40:Y=PF(PT,1)\*8 +63:HLINE(X,Y)-(X+32,Y).PSET 2740 PF(PT,1)=PF(PT,1)+1:AM\$=STR \$(PF(PT,2)):X=LEN(AM\$)-1:AM\$=RIG HT\$(AM\$,X) 2750 IF LEN(AM\$)<3 THEN AM\$=" "+ AM\$:GOT02750 2760 HPRINT(10+(PT-1)\*5, PF(PT.1) +7), AM\$: PF(PT,1)=PF(PT,1)+1 2770 IF PF(PT.1)>=11 THEN2780 EL SE2810 2780 X=73+(PT-1)\*40:Y=64:FORZZ=1 TO 2000: NEXTZZ: SOUND202,1: HLINE (X,Y)-(X+38,Y+94), PRESET, BF 279Ø PF(PT,1)=1:GOTO276Ø 2800 PF(PT,1)=PF(PT,1)+1 2810 FORX=1 TO 3:HSET(DL(X,1),DL (X,2),DL(X,3)):SOUND255-(X\*60),1 : NEXTX 2820 RETURN 2830 'END SUB 284Ø HCOLOR7,6:HLINE(142,14)-(18 5.33).PRESET, BF: HLINE(141,13)-(1 86.34). PSET. B 2850 HCOLOR1: HPRINT(18,2), "QUIT? ":HPRINT(18,3),"(Y/N)" 2860 I\$-INKEY\$:IF I\$-"" THEN2860 2870 IF I\$="Y" THEN 2882 288Ø IF I\$="N" THEN HCOLORØ:HLIN E(141,13)-(186,34),PSET,BF:PLAY" O4BAGFEDC":RETURN 2881 SOUND11,5:GOTO2860 2882 HCOLOR7,6:HLINE(118,14)-(20

9,33), PRESET, BF: HLINE(117,13)-(2 10.34).PSET.B 2883 HCOLOR1: HPRINT(15,2), "PLAY AGAIN?": HPRINT(18,3),"(Y/N)" 2884 I\$-INKEY\$:IFI\$-""THEN2884 2885 IF I\$="Y" THEN2888 IF I\$="N" THEN2909 2887 SOUND5.5:GOTO2884 2888 FORX-1 TO 2 2889 AM(X,1)=0:PF(X,1)=2:PF(X,2) -501289Ø FORY=1 TO 12 2891 P(X,Y)-Ø 2892 NEXTY. X 2893 HCOLORØ: HLINE(117,13)-(210, 34). PSET. BF 2894 HCOLORØ: HLINE(106,183)-(312 ,190), PSET, BF 2895 HCOLOR15: HLINE(72,56)-(151, 159), PSET, BF 2900 GOT01270 2909 FORX=1 TO 15:SOUND255-(X\*10 ).5:PALETTEX. Ø:NEXTX 2910 HCLSØ:PALETTEØ.Ø:HGET(Ø.87) -(54,95),1:HCOLOR1:HPRINT(0,11), "THE END" 2920 HGET(0.87)-(54,95),2:HPUT(0 ,87)-(54,95),1,PSET 2930 PI=57.29577951:R=90:PALETTE 1.36 2940 FORZ-0 TO 360 STEP6 2950 W=Z/PI:X=160-SIN(W)\*R:Y=96-COS(W) \*R: R=R-1 296Ø HPUT(X,Y)-(X+54,Y+8),2,PSET 297Ø NEXTZ 2980 FORX-0 TO 200: PALETTE1, RND(

16)+31:NEXTX 299Ø POKE65496.Ø:WIDTH32:CLS1:RG B: END 3000 'TITLE 3010 FORX-0 TO 7:PALETTEX.0:NEXT 3020 HCLS1:HCOLORO:HLINE(0.0)-(3 19.191).PSET.B:A-Ø 3030 FORX=15 TO 304 STEP15 3Ø4Ø Z=X+RND(5)-3:Y=RND(18Ø)+1Ø: HLINE(Z.Ø)-(Z,191), PSET 3050 HLINE(A,Y)-(Z,Y), PSET: A-Z 3060 NEXTX 3070 FORX=0 TO 333:HSET(RND(319) .RND(191).Ø):NEXTX 3080 A\$="U11R2F3D5G3L2BR8;U9E2R1 F2D3NL5D6BR3;U11R4F1D3G2NL3F2D3B R6;U11NL3R3BM+8,+1;H1L3G1D3F1R3F 1D4G1L3H1" 3090 Y=120:C=3:Z=Y 3100 FORX-50 TO 60 3110 B\$="BM"+STR\$(X)+","+STR\$(Z) +":C"+STR\$(C)+":"+A\$ 312Ø HDRAW"S24:XB\$;" 313Ø C=C+1:IFC>7 THENC=3 3140 Y=Y+.5:Z=INT(Y) 3150 NEXTX 3160 HCOLOR7: HPRINT(14.18), "BY M ARK WEBB" 3170 HPRINT(16,19),"(C) 1990" 318Ø PALETTE1,35:PALETTE2,36:PAL ETTE3.16: PALETTE4.9: PALETTE5.36: PALETTE6.44: PALETTE7.54 319Ø EXEC44539 3200 HDRAW"S4:" 3210 GOT0110 0



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crive, and joystick (2-button systick supported)

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have been chosen to pilot the spacecraft wielding the plutonium sama laser against the netarious insectoids, the Zenians. These as have been ripping off the space trade lines for years, now by re about to find a victim who can fight back! Beat back the warm of pests to their home planet Zenix, and use the laser to end menace once and for all. Zenix is a lightning tast arcade game for 128K CoCo 3. The 320x225 16 color graphics are amazing, as the digital background music score and effects, all on a 128K computer! The fast action and game play will astound you in this SALAGA of extermination. Plug in your joystick and strap in for the nde of your life! Call to order a demo

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CoCo 3

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# **Novices Niche**

# Body Mass by Bob Teague

In his book *How to Be Your Own Nutritionist*, Stuart M. Berger, M.D., uses a body-mass worksheet from a recent report by the National Institute of Health to help readers determine if they are underweight, at optimal weight, are overweight, or are obese. Since everyone is more health-conscious today, I decided to write a simple program to perform the necessary arithmetic. As the computer proficiency instructor at the high school where I teach, I use the program to demonstrate some of the basics of BASIC to my students.

Since, according to Dr. Berger, only one in five Americans fall into their correct weight range, I thought RAINBOW readers might enjoy using their CoCos to help them shape up. With three out of five Americans in the overweight and obese range, there should be a few readers who should use this program to perhaps change their current lifestyle.

## The Listing: BODYMASS

10 'BODY MASS

20 'WRITTEN BY BOB TEAGUE

30 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991

40 'BY FALSOFT, INC.

50 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 60 CLS

70 PRINT TAB(5); "BODY MASS WORKS

HEET"

80 PRINT: PRINT

90 INPUT"ENTER SEX (M/F)";S\$

100 INPUT"ENTER WEIGHT IN LBS.";

110 INPUT"ENTER HEIGHT IN IN.";H

120 REM CONVERT TO METRIC SYSTEM

130 W-W/2.2

140 H-H/39.4

150 F=H^2

160 M=W/F

170 PRINT

180 PRINT"BODY MASS=";M

190 M=INT(M+.5): ROUND OFF

200 PRINT

210 REM EVALUATION ROUTINE

220 IF S\$="F" THEN GOSUB 290

230 IF S\$="M" THEN GOSUB 360

240 PRINT

250 INPUT"ANOTHER CALCULATION (Y /N)";C\$

26Ø IF C\$="Y" THEN RUN

270 IF C\$="N" THEN END 280 IF C\$<>"Y" OR C\$<>"N" THEN G

OTO 240

290 REM FEMALE RATINGS

300 IF M<20 THEN PRINT"UNDERWEIG

310 IF M>=20 AND M<=23 THEN PRIN

T"OPTIMAL WEIGHT"

320 IF M>=24 AND M<=26 THEN PRIN T"SLIGHTLY OVERWEIGHT"

330 IF M>=27 AND M<=31 THEN PRIN T"OVERWEIGHT"

340 IF M>31 THEN PRINT"OBESE"

35Ø RETURN

360 REM MALE RATINGS

370 IF M<21 THEN PRINT"UNDERWEIG

38Ø IF M>=21 AND M<=24 THEN PRIN T"OPTIMAL WEIGHT"

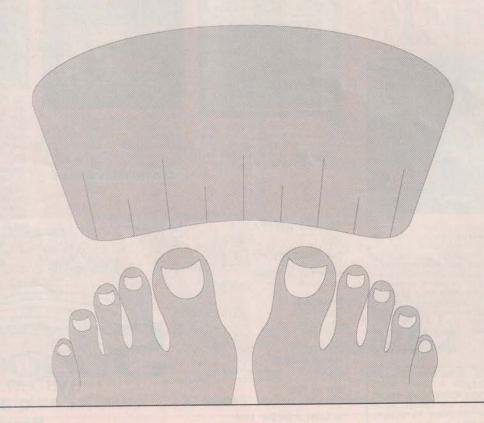
390 IF M>=25 AND M<=27 THEN PRIN T"SLIGHTLY OVERWEIGHT"

400 IF M>-28 AND M<-31 THEN PRINT"OVERWEIGHT"

1

410 IF M>31 THEN PRINT"OBESE"

42Ø RETURN



Science/Fun 4K

# **Novices Niche**

# Weights on Other Planets by Richard Barberian, Jr.

Have you ever wondered how much you would weigh on Mars or Saturn? With this program, your weight can be computed for each of these planets as well as other heavenly bodies, such as the moon or the sun! Enter your own weight, or someone else's, and you'll be amazed and sometimes shocked at what you would weigh in other areas of the galaxy. Just for the fun of it, you might even want to enter the weight of inanimate objects, such as a 1-lb. box of candy or your car!

### The Listing: WEIGHTS

```
10 'WEIGHTS ON OTHER PLANETS
20 'WRITTEN BY RICHARD BARBERIAN
30 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991
40 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
45 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
50 DIM M$(20).A$(2)
60 CLS
70 PRINT"
             WEIGHTS ON OTHER PL
ANETS"
80 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT:
90 PRINT"ENTER A GIVEN WEIGHT (I
N LBS.)"
100 INPUT W
110 CLS
120 PRINT"MAKE A CHOICE TO DETER
MINE"
130 PRINT"WEIGHT ON THE SELECTED
 PLANET"
             INT" 1. THE MOON"
2. PLUTO"
140 PRINT: PRINT"
150 PRINT"
160 PRINT"
             3. URANUS"
170 PRINT"
             4. SATURN"
180 PRINT"
             5. JUPITER"
190 PRINT"
             6. MARS"
200 PRINT"
             7. VENUS"
             8. MERCURY"
210 PRINT"
220 PRINT"
            9. THE SUN"
230 PRINT"
            10. ENTER A NEW WEIG
HT"
240 PRINT" 11. END"
250 INPUT C
260 IF C=1 THEN M=.16:M$="THE MO
ON"
270 IF C=2 THEN M=. 04:M$="PLUTO"
280 IF C=3 THEN M=.79:M$="URANUS
290 IF C=4 THEN M=.93:M$="SATURN
300 IF C-5 THEN M-2.34:M$="JUPIT
310 IF C-6 THEN M-.38:M$-"MARS"
```

320 IF C=7 THEN M=.88:M\$="VENUS" 330 IF C=8 THEN M=.39:M\$="MERCUR 340 IF C-9 THEN M-26.67:M\$="THE 350 IF C-10 THEN CLS:GOTO 80 360 IF C=11 THEN CLS: END 370 CLS: NW-W\*M 380 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: PRINT 390 PRINT USING" IF WEIGHT IS ###.###.## LBS.";W 400 PRINT" ON EARTH." 410 PRINT: PRINT 420 PRINT USING"THEN WEIGHT IS # ##,###.## LBS.":NW 430 PRINT" 440 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT" (ENTE R C TO CONTINUE)": INPUT C\$:GOTO 110

# **Novices Niche**

# Note Writer by John Musumeci

Have you ever wanted to print a note or letter without hassle? Well, here is a very simple program that can be used without going to your word processor and remembering particular commands.

Just load NOTERITE and run it. Move around the screen, if need be, by using the arrow keys. You can also use the SHIFT/ arrow keys to move horizontally and vertically to the screen borders. Use the

whole screen except the bottom three rows to write your letter. You can go over any part to rewrite or delete characters (with the space bar.)

Line 20 sets the baud rate for your printer and can be eliminated or changed to suit your needs. If the letter is longer than one screen, don't worry, just continue writing after printing that screen and it will fall into place.

### The Listing: NOTERITE

```
1 'NOTE RITE
2 'WRITTEN BY JOHN MUSUMECI
3 'COPYRIGHT FEBRUARY 1991
4 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
5 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
10 CLEAR 3000
20 POKE150,7: *BAUD RATE*
30 DIMB$(21)
40 WIDTH 40:T=0
50 CLS5:LOCATE5,10:PRINT"ADJUST
PAPER TO PERFORATION. PRESS <ANY
KEY> WHEN READY TO WRITE."
60 A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN 60
70 CLS:FOR A=1 TO 21:B$(A)=STRIN
G$(40,32):NEXT A
80 LOCATE0,21:PRINTSTRING$(40,45
```

```
);
90 LOCATE9.22:PRINT"PRESS <CLEAR
> TO PRINTER"
100 LOCATE10.23:PRINT"PRESS <BRE
AK> TO QUIT":
110 X-0:Y-0:A-1
120 LOCATEX.Y
130 A$-INKEY$:IF A$-"" THEN 130
140 IF A$-CHR$(3) THEN END
150 IF A$-CHR$(12) THEN 330
160 IF A$-CHR$(13) THEN Y-Y+1:X-
0:A-A+1:GOTO 290
170 IF A$-CHR$(8) THEN X-X-1:IF
X<0 THEN X-0:GOTO 120 ELSE 120
180 IF A$-CHR$(9) THEN 280
190 IF A$-CHR$(10) THEN Y-Y+1:A-
```

```
A+1:IF Y>20 THEN Y-20:A-21:GOTO
120 ELSE 120
200 IF A$-CHR$(94) THEN Y-Y-1:A-
A-1:IF Y<Ø THEN Y=Ø:A=1:GOTO 120
 ELSE 120
210 IF A$-CHR$(21) THEN X-0:GOTO
120
220 IF A$-CHR$(93) THEN X-39:GOT
0 120
230 IF A$=CHR$(91) THEN Y=20:A=2
1:GOTO 120
240 IF A$=CHR$(95) THEN Y=0:A=1:
GOTO 120
250 GOSUB 310
260 MID$(B$(A), X+1,1)-A$
   LOCATEØ.Y:PRINTB$(A);
280 X=X+1:IF X>39 THEN A=A+1:Y=Y
+1:X=Ø
290 GOSUB 310
300 GOTO 120
310 IF Y>20 THEN Y-20:A-21
320 RETURN
330 LOCATE9,22:PRINT" PRINT
 ING
340 IF T-0 THEN FOR X-1 TO 12:PR
INT#-2:NEXT X:T=1:AA-0:GOTO 360
350 IF AA=1 THEN FOR X=1 TO 24:P
RINT#-2:NEXT X:AA-0 ELSE AA-1
360 FOR X=1 TO 21:PRINT#-2.TAB(2
Ø);B$(X):NEXT X
37Ø GOTO 7Ø
```

# Automatic Error Entry by Geoff Friesen

When an error occurs during a BASIC program, a message is displayed and control returns to the OK prompt unless ON ERR GOTO is used. With some errors, such as bad syntax (SN) or undefined line (UL), it would be helpful for BASIC to automatically enter the built-in line editor instead of you having to manually type EDIT and the line number. Autoerr performs this task.

When an error occurs, an error message is displayed along with the incorrect line and control is passed to the EDIT command. Once you make corrections, pressing ENTER causes a return to the OK prompt. Some errors, such as disk errors, do not require automatic entry to the editor. In these cases, pressing ENTER exits the editor without making changes.

To start this program type RUN"AUTOERR". Do not run Autoerr more than once since the dynamic loading mechanism will consume more memory with each load. The loading mechanism works by repositioning the top of the BASIC pointer (located at addresses \$27 and \$28) downward.

Autoerr has no effect if ON ERROR GOTO is being used. It is also useless for errors that occur in the direct mode. Autoerr requires a Color Computer 3 and does not need a disk drive. It is compatible with my other programs, Superpoke and LLR.

### The Listing: AUTOERR

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# Disk Drive Power

by Marty Goodman Contributing Editor

o disk drives require 12 volts for their motors? Are there any that require just 5 volts for both the motors and logic?

R. Coates Sandy Hook, Manitoba

All 5¼-inch drives I have seen require a regulated source of 12 volts for their motors in addition to a regulated source of 5 volts for their logic boards. Some of the very newest 1.44-Meg, 3½-inch drives, including one from Toshiba, use a single 5-volt source for all their needs. I do not know if they use a 5-volt motor or if they have some kind of voltage converter onboard. I suspect the former.

### RS-232 Pak (ACIA) Speed

The 6551 chip in the Tandy RS-232 Pak is rated to operate up to 1 MHz. Is this a problem when using the RS-232 Pak under OS-9 Level 11 at 2 MHz?

Paul McKay (PAULMCKAY) Asked on Delphi

I have seen few reports of problems with the RS-232 Pak when used under OS-9 Level II since the 6551 chip in the Pak was replaced with a 6551A chip (rated for 2-MHz operation). If I had problems with my RS-232 Pak under OS-9, I would test the pack under Disk BASIC at 1 MHz with a Disk BASIC-based

Martin H. Goodman, M.D., a physician trained in anesthesiology, is a longtime electronics tinkerer and outspoken commentator — sort of the Howard Cosell of the CoCo world. On Delphi, Marty is the SIGOP of RAINBOW'S CoCo SIG and database manager of OS-9 Online. His non-computer passions include running, mountaineering and outdoor photography. Marty lives in San Pablo, California.

terminal program, or I would artificially slow OS-9 to 1-MHz operation via a poke from BASIC09 and see if the problem went away. If the problem disappears, buy a 6551A chip and install it. Note that on some models of Tandy RS-232 Pak, the 6551 chip is soldered directly to the board and replacement requires skill in desoldering 28-pin chips. Many of the packs made by third parties, such as Disto and Orion, use 6551A chips when delivered and do not have this problem. If you are uncertain about what version of 6551 chip is in your RS-232 Pak, open it up and look at the chip. It will be either a 6551 (1-MHz rated) or a 6551A (2 MHz). Note, too, that most folks report their 1-MHz rated 6551 chips work fine at 2 MHz under OS-9 Level II.

### Drives Laving Down on the Job

Is there any problem with laying a vertically mounted disk drive system on its side? Are there any problems related to the system's proximity to a TV?

Kellie Gore Pace, Florida

Disk drives are made to operate either vertically or horizontally so, barring some weird internal problem like a loose wire in the case, it should not matter if you lay your vertically mounted case on its side. And it should not matter if your disk drive is near your TV, though this placement could result in added RF interference and distortion of the TV image. It is possible that some older TV sets with a very big power transformer near the disk drive cabinet could affect disk operation.

### New Colors for Older Games

Is there a program that will help me play games like Ghana Bwana, Pitstop and Doubleback on my CoCo 3?

Steven W. Penrod York, Pennsylvania Delphi has a program by Steve Bjork that converts *Ghana Bwana* and a few of his other games for the CoCo 3. *Double-back* is a ROM pack that uses the Hi-Res mode of the CoCo 1 and 2. First convert it to disk operation, then use *RGB FIX* (sold by Microcom) to convert the color set. I don't know about *Pitstop*, but many old CoCo 2 games run fine on the CoCo 3 once the color set has been converted with *RGB FIX*.

Sony Cable/Disk Zapping

Will the Sony monitor cable sold by Microcom for the Sony KV1311CR TV work on a Sony KV 25-inch XBR TV? Also, is there a disk utility that automates the recovery of damaged disk directories and that fully supports 40-track disk formats under Disk BASIC? How about recovering killed files? W. Sanders

Chula Vista, California

I designed and built the Sony cable sold by Microcom and Howard Medical. It should work fine with the Sony 25-inch XBR TV provided the TV has a Sony-standard, 34-pin, dual-in-line analog RGB port. Note that the Sony 25-inch XBR TV probably supplies +5 volts on pins 1 and 2 of its 34-pin connector so you can, and probably should, modify my cable to get its source of +5 volts from the monitor's pins 1 and 2 and not from the joystick port.

If a given disk sector is crashed, there is no way to recover what was on it. A long time ago I wrote a program to analyze the disk directory and print all the relevant information from the directory and Granule Allocation Table (GAT). This program was published in THERAINBOW many years ago. It might be helpful in recovering disk files if the directory is intact, but the granule allocation table is lost. Still, if the file was longer than one granule, you would have to pick through the GAT by hand, matching one granule with the next. There

is no way to effectively automate this process if the GAT is gone. In theory it would not be hard to devise a simple BASIC program to analyze a GAT where the directory track was smashed and group all related granules together in a list. I don't know of any such program. *KDisk* is a shareware program (available on Delphi) that can "zap" 40track disks. I highly recommend it.

Recovery of killed files is quite impossible to fully automate since all trace of the first granule of that file on the disk is destroyed. Of course, it might be helpful to have a program that analyzed the GAT and found all free granules and then, one by one, displayed them for your enjoyment. Right now I know of no such aid. You have to do this by hand with a disk-zap program.

### Installing SmartWatch

Can I install the Tandy SmartWatch in the 28-pin socket in my FD-500 disk controller that currently houses the 1773 disk controller chip?

> David Raspberry (DAVERAZZ) Cleveland, Ohio

No! The SmartWatch is meant for installation only under 28-pin ROMs or EPROMs. The pin-out of the disk controller chip is completely different from any ROM. The 1773 chip does not even use the same lines as the ROM chip. The FD-500 uses a 24-pin ROM chip. You might consider burning your Disk BASIC into a 2764 EPROM and purchase a 24- to 28-pin adapter from Art Flexser of SpectroSystems. Piggyback the adapter, the SmartWatch and the EPROM. The problem is that such a tower of adapters might cause problems with physically fitting the controller into the CoCo or Multi-Pak slot.

### **Mapping Memory**

Can you provide a memory map for the Color Computer's 1/0 space?

Jason Bucata (JBUCATA) Ferndale, Michigan

Because so many third-party devices have been made for the CoCo over the last 10 years, I can't begin to give you a complete map. But I can provide you with a fair amount of useful information.

The I/O page for the CoCo is limited to addresses \$FF00 thru \$FFEF. However, most of this is unavailable for use due to ports

reserved for the disk controller, the keyboard PIA and the other PIA chip on board, the GIME chip, the Multi-Pak and SAM/VDG register emulation. The I/O page is also limited due to wasteful decoding that ghosts (duplicates) many of the internal ports.

Addresses used by the CoCo and wasted by ghosting are in the range \$FF00 through \$FF1F. The keyboard PIA is mapped to ports \$FF00 through \$FF03. And all ports from \$FF00 through \$FF1F are wasted due to sloppy decoding in the CoCo 1 and 2. I believe that in the CoCo 3 you have ports at \$FF10 through \$FF1F to play with, and possible decoding via an unused line on the 74LS138 chip in the machine.

At addresses \$FF20 through \$FF3F, the 6821 PIA chip services the joystick and cassette ports, and the bit-banger serial port. This PIA is mapped to addresses \$FF20 through \$FF23. On the CoCo 1 and 2 those ports are ghosted through \$FF3F which wastes that entire 32-byte block of I/O ports. With the CoCo 3, you have access to ports \$FF30 through \$FF3F and may be able to select them via an unused line on the 74LS138 chip.

Adresses \$FF40 through \$FF5F are selected when the \*SCS line goes Low and are usually used to control the disk controller card. Specifically the Tandy-type disk controller uses \$FF40 to control drive select, motor on, double-density enable, wait enable and write-precompensation enable. These controllers also use ports at \$FF48 through SFF4B to communicate with the floppy disk-controller chip. Most disk controllers ghost those ports in the \$FF50 through \$FF5F region, making those 16 addresses unusable. Most Disto products further decode the \*SCS line to limit diskcontroller ports to \$FF40 through \$FF4F and then use the range of \$FF50 through \$FF5F for control of Mini-bus functions, such as a hard drive port, an RS-232 port, a parallel port, a real-time clock and an EPROM programmer. Some other third-party hard-drive host adapters also use ports in this range, but they must use a Multi-Pak to switch the \*SCS line between the standard disk controller and the host adapter.

Addresses \$FF60 through \$FF7E are available for general purpose third-party I/O ports. In this range, stay away from \$FF68 through \$FF6F since these 8 bytes are pretty much reserved by convention for one of two 6551 chips mapped to act as hardware

serial ports. The normal Tandy RS-232 Pak is mapped to \$FF68 through \$FF6B. The Tandy Modem Pak and third-party second serial ports (other than Disto Mini-bus products) are mapped to \$FF6C through \$FF6F. Various Tandy and third-party products have previously used this range for different purposes. For example, the all but forgotten Tandy X-Pad uses ports at \$FF60 through \$FF63. Speech Systems products used ports in the \$FF70 through \$FF7E range for its Stereo Pak, \$C-01 Voice device and Ears.

\$FF7F is reserved for switching \*SCS, \*CTS and \*CART among the four slots in the Multi-Pak Interface. Addresses \$FF80 through \$FFFF are used in CoCo 3 for GIME chip functions and for emulation of the VDG and SAM chips. On the old CoCo 1 and 2, which had no GIME chip, ports at \$FF80 through \$FFBF were available to, and sometimes used by, third-party devices. Ports at \$FFC0 and up were used for VDG and SAM control. \$FFF0 through \$FFFF are reserved for CoCo interrupt and reset vectors.

As you can see there are only 23 unused ports available in the \$FF60 through \$FF7F range (since \$FF68 through \$FF6F and \$FF7F are reserved). If you need more ports, you must consider a multiplexing scheme. If you are a hacker making a one-of-a-kind device, there are various sneaky tricks to gaining extra ports. For example, try piggybacking on top of existing PIA chips and using a single inverter gate to decode for the second PIA chip. On the CoCo 3 the high-order four bits on the port of the 68B21 PIA chip mapped to \$FF22 can be used as inputs due to an ideosyncrasy involving the conversion from use of a VDG and SAM chip in the CoCo 1 and 2 to the use of the GIME chip to control video modes.

## **Printer Substitutions**

I have an IBM Prowriter I want to substitute for my DMP-110. But when I hook it up to my CoCo 3 via a Metric Industries serialto-parallel interface it will not print, even though it self-tests fine. Can You help?

Richard Ford Ponte Vedra Beach, Florida

I am not familiar specifically with the Prowriter. Check to see if it supplies +5 volts on Pin 18 of its parallel connector. If not, get an external power supply for your Metric Industries converter and move an

DB-25	DB-9	Function	
8	1	Carrier Detect	(DCD)
3	2	Receive Data	(RXD)
2	3	Transmit Data	(TXD)
20	4	Data Terminal Ready	(DTR)
7	5	Ground	(GND)
6	6	Data Set Ready	(DSR)
4	7	Request To Send	(RTS)
5	8	Clear To Send	(CTS)
22	9	Ring Indicator	(RI)

To make a null-modem cable for use with the 4-pin serial port:

CoCo 4-pin DIN	PC-Compatible Serial port
The Party	DTR, DSR and DDD
2	TXD
3	Ground (GND)
4	RXD

Also, hook RTS to CTS on the PC-compatible side.

Table 1: Pinouts for Serial Cable

internal jumper to tell it to accept internal power. For further instruction, consult the documentation or Metric Industries.

### Foreign Disks

Does anyone know of a program that allows a CoCo to read and write Commodore 64 and Apple II disks?

Kent Pirkle (KPIRKLE) Cumming, Georgia

The Apple II and the earlier Commodore 64 drives used group-coded records to place data on the disk. This is, at the hardware level, quite a different approach than the modified-frequency modulation (MFM) used by CoCo and IBM disk systems. For this reason, it is physically impossible with standard CoCo or IBM disk hardware for the CoCo or an IBM compatible to read, format or write Apple II and older Commodore 64 disks. When transferring files from one of those machines to or from a CoCo or IBM PC, your best bet is to use the serial ports on both computers, a null-modem cable, and then send the data between the two computers using a terminal emulator program running on each machine. If the two computers are physically distant so that a nullmodem cable will not work, you can upload the file from one computer to your Workspace on Delphi (or other BBS), then later download the file using the other computer. Note that some Commodore word processors use PETASCII, a variant of ASCII in which the encoding of lowercase and uppercase letters is reversed. If you encounter PETASCII files, you may have to write a little BASIC converter program to reverse upperand lowercase. Lonnie McClure (LMCCLURE) of Kentucky tells me that some later model Commodore drives used MFM encoding, and in theory you could read and write those disks using CoCo hardware. However, I know of no IBM or CoCo program that supports this format.

### Of Capacitors and Keyboards

What are the values of C65 and C66, the two little capacitors I clipped off when I upgraded a CoCo 3 to 512K? I need to know so I can re-install them while temporarily downgrading a CoCo 3 to 128K. Also, my old CoCo 3 recently went bad, with key entries randomly occurring even though I was not using the keyboard. Any ideas on how to fix this? I must confess, I am using a Marty Goodman keyboard-extender cable sold by Microcom and may have zapped the machine through that cable with a static discharge.

Jim Hawerbier (JIMHOW) Elmhurst, Illinois

The value of C65 is 82 pF and the value of C66 is 27 pF. Anything reasonably close to these values (plus or minus 15 percent) is fine. However, note that in my experience a CoCo 3 with those caps clipped off worked fine when downgraded to 128K. There is no apparent need to replace the caps, especially if you are only temporarily downgrading the machine and you experience no problems after using this advice.

The keyboard problem you report is likely to be caused by a bad keyboard PIA chip. This is the 40-pin chip located right next to the 68B21 chip. Replacements are available from Tandy National Parts. You have to desolder the old keyboard PIA chip, which is a tedious and delicate matter accomplished best by clipping each of the old chip's pins, then individually pulling them out using a soldering iron and long nosed pliers. Be sure to install a socket after removing the old chip! One Delphi member recently reported a keyboard problem caused by a bad 74LS30 (keyboard-interrupt generator) chip. In your case, however, I would tend to first suspect the keyboard PIA chip. In the future, remember to have your remote keyboard in a case so you cannot touch the cable that goes to it from the keyboard connection.

## The 4-Pin to 9-Pin Connection

How do I make a null-modem cable for hooking my CoCo's 4-pin serial port to my IBM AT's 9-pin DB port?

Steve Flock (THEJAILER) Vancouver, Washington

Here is some very general reference information that should help you with this and other problems. There are two very common standard types of connectors used with RS-232 serial ports on PC compatibles. One type of connector is a male DB-25 connector, used on older XT clones and some more recent computers. The other type of connector is a male DB-9 connector used on many AT and 386 machines as well as on many lap-top PC-compatible computers. The pinout of those connectors is shown in Table 1.

A cable made like this should work fine as a null-modem cable. I hope this proves helpful to others who are confused about the two standards in PC-compatible serial ports.

Your technical questions are welcomed. Please address them to CoCo Consultations, THE RAINBOW, P. O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059.

We reserve the right to publish only questions of general interest and to edit for brevity and clarity. Due to the large volume of mail we receive, we are unable to answer letters individually.

Questions can also be sent to Marty through the Delphi CoCo SIG. From the CoCo SIG> prompt, pick Rainbow Magazine Services. Then at the RAINBOW> prompt, type ASK (for Ask the Experts) to arrive at the EXPERTS> prompt, where you can select the "CoCo Consultations" online form, which has complete instructions.

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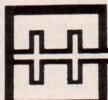
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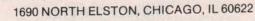
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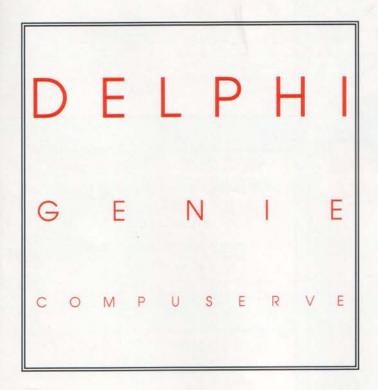
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